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Forrest's **SEEDS**

31ST ANNUAL
CATALOGUE

PHOTOGRAPH SECOND GROWTH FORREST'S GOLD
STANDARD NO. 12 CLOVER SEED. SEE PAGE 53

Here is the Proof that You Will Profit from the Use of **FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD SEEDS**

THEY WERE GOOD, NONE BETTER

Please send me your new spring catalogue on garden and flower seeds. We received seeds from you at our last address in Pennsylvania. They were good. None better. Hope to get a new book soon.

J. F. RICHIE,
Fairchance, Pa.

55 BU. OATS FROM 2 BU. SEED

Last spring I planted some of your Gold Standard Seed Oats, which yielded me 55 bushel per acre, which I must say was a good crop, the best I have had in some years. I only planted two bushels per acre. The straw stood up 3 or 4 feet high and thrifty. I also wish to state that I planted 10 acres of your Gold Standard Ensilage Corn No. 100, which yielded fine. The ears were large and developed good. Some of the ears matured. The stalks stood up from 10 to 12 feet on land that hasn't been fertilized for some years. I am certainly going to plant the same kind of Corn and Oats this coming year.

M. T. HAGGERTY,
Otego, N. Y.

BEST SEED IN 50 YEARS

All sacks of potatoes and packages of seeds received in good order and to just say they are satisfactory cannot fully express it. I never got such good potato seed before in my 50 odd years. In cutting the three sacks of Farm & Home and Heavyweight and the sack of Gold Standard I have not found one imperfect or rotten potato. I never struck any such good luck as that in any boughen seed before in my life and I have cut seed from Maine to Montana.

Thanking you again for seeds I know will grow.

WILLIAM R. LORD,
Saybrook, Conn.

A CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that I cut at the rate of 1480 crates of Lettuce to the acre from Forrest Gold Standard Lettuce Seed.

H. L. JONES,
Oswego, N. Y.

Report verified by Mr. Townsend, associated with the Farm Bureau of Oswego County.

31 YEARS WITH FORREST SEEDS

Have been using Forrest Seeds for 31 years. Your Cortland Tomato is a dandy.

J. W. DAVIS,
Olean, N. Y.

SEEDS VERY GOOD

Your seeds are very, very good and we are well pleased with them.

ANTONI BROZYCKI,
Goshen, N. Y.

A GOOD CROP

I ran the trial of No. 96 Alfalfa seed bought of you in 1927 and say that we had an exceptionally good catch.

E. A. BARNES,
Warner, N. Y.

FORREST SEEDS IN FAR JAPAN

Enclosed please find money order for Prize Head Lettuce Seed. If this is not the right amount kindly let us know. My sisters in Japan find that your seeds grow very well there. Lettuce does best when planted there in November, so if convenient for you send the seed soon so it can reach them in good time for planting next month.

SUSAN DARROW,
Canajoharie, N. Y.

AN ORDER AND A COMPLIMENT

For next year I want 65 lbs. of onion seed, 35 lbs. of Yellow Globe Danver Seed and 30 lbs. of Early Yellow Globe Danver onion seed. Please let me know as soon as possible what the price will be. You are the best company I've ever done business with.

TONY LEONARDI,
Canastota, N. Y.

BETTER THAN GRIMM

This year I purchased two bushel of your Forrest No. 96 Alfalfa which now looks better than the Grimm which I sowed beside it.

ELIAS REED,
Cortland, N. Y.

EARLY MARKET. NICEST THEY EVER ATE

Kindly ship me 25 lbs. of Forrest Early Market Sweet Corn. Am eating now some of this corn from my garden, boiled with husks on and it is about the nicest corn we ever ate.

G. L. STRAIT,
Mansfield, Pa.

SEEDS ALL O. K.

I want to order the following seeds: My garden was planted with Forrest Seeds last year and I never had such a nice garden. Your seeds are all O. K.

JOHN T. REAGAN,
Marietta, N. Y.

BEST EVER ORDERED

We received the Forrest Early Market Corn you sent us on our last order. It sure is the best I ever ordered. Many thanks for it.

SAMPSON D. POOLE,
Cherry Run, W. Va.

ALL SUMMER LONG

I had some of your Sweet Pea seed last year and had a very beautiful row of Sweet Peas from early summer until a freeze came in the Fall.

M. E. ROPER,
Mapledale Farm, Owego, N. Y.

WILL PLANT NO OTHER KIND

I planted a peck of your Blue Bantam peas last year and they yielded me over two bushels of pods for every pound of seed and this year I will plant no other kind.

A. T. GAGNE,
S. Royalton Vt.

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ORDER BLANK IN REAR OF THIS CATALOGUE

Here is the Proof that You Will Profit From the Use of **FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD SEEDS**

DID VERY NICELY

Enclosed please find check for—for which please send me one bushel of seed peas the same as I had last year. Mine did very nicely last year.

B. L. WATSON,
McGraw, N. Y.

GOOD YIELD. QUALITY FINE

The yield from your Forrest Special Golden Plume Celery seed was good and the quality fine. At what price can you furnish me with two more pounds of the same quality.

W. B. YOUNG,
Oviedo, Florida.

OUR SEEDS SATISFY

My farmer tells me he is very much pleased with your seeds.

MRS. MARY S. BLAKELY,
Otego, N. Y.

BEST THEY'VE EVER SEEN

We found your Cortland Tomato the best which we have ever seen both for Table, Canning and Market.

A. LANGFORD,
Ashtabula, Ohio.

CORTLAND TOMATO EARLIEST

The Cortland Tomato is the earliest variety I have ever found.

MRS. C. T. KNIGHT,
Monroe, Me.

DID WELL LAST YEAR

The Farm and Home Potatoes and Cortland Tomato did very well with us last year.

J. REMLE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

SEEDS WERE GOOD

Please send me another seed catalogue for this season by return mail. I have been looking for one of yours all spring I sent for your seeds last year and they were very good.

MRS. FRANCIS SHANLEY,
Belmont, N. Y.

BEST GARDEN IN NEIGHBORHOOD

Enclosed please find my order for garden seeds. Had the best garden in the neighborhood last year from your seeds.

MRS. M. HALLETT,
Willseyville, N. Y.

THE TOMATOES WERE WONDERFUL

Just a line to let you know that the seeds purchased from you were perfectly satisfactory. The Tomatoes were wonderful.

HARRY TEELON,
Mt. Upton, N. Y.

A REMARK AND AN INQUIRY

Your lettuce seed was good. Kindly let us know the different kinds of onion seed you have and the cost of each kind.

MRS. ANNA PLOCK,
Florida, N. Y.

BETTER THAN IN CALIFORNIA

Enclosed find my check for----- for which please send me one ounce of the Cortland Tomato. I grew this tomato two years ago and can honestly say it is the most satisfactory tomato for this climate I have ever seen, as they mature so quickly. They are superior in flavor to anything I found even in California. I will send another order soon.

MRS. W. B. VALENTINE,
Welseyville, N. Y.

HE LIKES THEM

All of the garden seeds I have purchased from you the last three years have been first class.

A. L. REMENSNYDER,
Lowman, N. Y.

FORREST'S SEEDS ARE POPULAR

Please send me the following additional order for peas, beans, and corn. Your case of seeds received, but I find my call for these above mentioned seeds were more than I could supply. Good reports come from the use of your seeds.

FRANK J. CLARK ESTATE,
Enxenore, N. Y.

AS TO RELIABILITY

It is indeed a pleasure to deal with so reliable a firm and I will be glad to recommend The Forrest Seed Co. to any of my friends.

A. M. KRAUS,
Saugerties, N. Y.

EARLY AND PLENTIFUL

Your Cortland Tomatoes are fine and we have had them mature before any others were ripe in the neighborhood and so many were on the bush.

C. E. JONES,
Cape Charles, Va.

BIG YIELD OF CORTLAND TOMATOES

We have changed our address but do not wish to miss your catalogue. Last summer I only got planted about 25 Early Cortland Tomato Plants, but these 25 plants furnished us with fine tomatoes from last of August until November 1st. There must have been a good many bushels. I call this doing very well.

MRS. ERNEST MAHER,
Mayville, N. Y.

(ORDER BLANK IN REAR OF THIS CATALOGUE)

Dear Friend:

During the past year the Forrest Seed Company's family of users increased by a large percentage. Something must be causing users of seeds everywhere to turn to Forrest's Seeds. The reason, we believe, is that **"Quality has been Forrest's policy for 31 years."**

Prof. Paul Work of Cornell University says on Page 17 of Bulletin No. 122, published by the New York State College of Agriculture:

"Stand ready to pay for the quality that you demand. It costs money to produce high-grade seed, and producers are not encouraged to do the best they know as long as planters are willing to buy from the lowest bidder. This does not mean that a high price in itself necessarily means quality, nor that one should pay more than good seed is worth. It does mean, however, that good seed is worth more than poor seed. In fact, with most crops, the seed cost per acre is so little that a difference of 25 or 50 or even 100 per cent is hardly significant, provided higher seed value is offered for the higher price. Some growers still send duplicate seed lists to several houses, asking for quotations and placing their order where the total figure is lowest. Ordinary business sense utterly condemns this practice. On the other hand hundreds of growers nowadays are willing to pay high prices, such as \$10 a pound for cabbage seed, from \$40 to \$60 for celery seed, and corresponding figures for other kinds of seeds, provided they believe corresponding quality is forthcoming."

You may buy seeds from this company with full confidence that we do everything of which we know to safeguard your purchases. Forrest's Seeds are not only of the highest germination and purity possible, but with the help of Cornell University and by profiting from our own 31 years experience, we are able to supply you with definite strains that will produce the best results for you. Breeding is of the highest importance in seeds. Results shown in the Cornell Trial Grounds and at the Geneva Experimental Station prove that **"Good seed is cheap at any cost—poor seed is time and money lost."**

Kindly read our money back guarantee on Page 2, which gives you the privilege of returning seeds anytime within 10 days. Your attention is also called to the Statement of Prof. Paul Work on Page 2, relative to the Non-Warranty Clause.

It is our business to serve you and to serve you well.

Cordially yours,

THE FORREST SEED CO. Inc.

Directions for Ordering, Terms, Etc.

SIGN YOUR NAME. Your name, post office and state should be distinctly written every time you write to us.

LETTERS REQUIRING AN ANSWER, should be written on a separate sheet from the order.

TERMS. Cash with order, or one-fourth the amount with the order and the balance before shipment.

HOW TO SEND MONEY. By Express Order, Post Office Money Order, Draft, or Registered Letter, at our risk. We assume no risk if you remit in coin, currency or stamps enclosed in letter and not registered. **Do not moisten or tear stamps apart.**

NO POSTAGE STAMP REQUIRED ON THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE. It is not necessary to put a stamp on the enclosed envelope. Just put your order in the envelope writing your name and address plainly and mail. The postage will be paid when the postman delivers your order to us.

ABOUT SHIPPING. When no shipping directions are given, we use our judgment to determine the route and method which will be most advantageous to our customers. Heavy articles should go by freight, as the charges are less than by express. Goods sent by freight or express will be at purchaser's risk, after we deliver them to forwarders and receipt is taken.

ERRORS. The utmost care is taken to fill all orders to the letter; but, if any errors occur in count or omission, please notify us at once, and they will be cheerfully corrected. Shortage or damage, however, **must be reported at once on receipt of goods**, or no claims will be allowed.

ORDER EARLY. Please order as early as possible; this will enable us to give better service, as late in the season we are crowded to our utmost capacity. All orders for seeds will be shipped as soon as possible; plants, and bulbs as early as season will permit. We reserve the right to substitute unless the order is specially marked **no substitutes**, but in all such cases we will supply a variety as nearly as possible like the one ordered.

FREE DELIVERY BY PARCEL POST DIRECT TO YOUR POST OFFICE anywhere in the U. S. on all goods listed in this catalog, unless otherwise stated. Many things quoted as "Not Pre-paid" may be sent by parcel post by adding postage to the price quoted.

When part of the items included in the order are quoted at "Not Pre-paid" prices and nothing is sent to cover postage, we reserve the right to ship the order by express or freight at purchaser's expense or by Parcel Post and send statement for postage, which ever we think will be most advantageous to our patrons. We always work to the advantage of our customers.

WE GUARANTEE the safe arrival of all shipments made by us. Provided that any damage on account of delay in transit or loss by breakage or leakage or other causes is noted on your express or freight receipt and the same sent to us on receipt of the shipment. The same applies to Parcel Post shipments. In case of damage we put in a claim against the forwarders and remit to our customer as soon as collection is made or our customer may put in a claim; in which event we will supply the necessary papers.

WE GUARANTEE our seeds to grow under favorable circumstances. Since there are so many conditions upon which the crop depends, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, or productiveness, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If 10 days after receipt of goods the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned and the money paid will be refunded cheerfully.

Prof. Paul Work of Cornell University, in Bulletin No. 122, published by New York State College of Agriculture, says:

"NON-WARRANTY CLAUSE. Certain seed users bitterly resent the non-warranty clause *that appears on packages and in catalogs. Some seed houses undertake to veil it with pleasant words, but it is there none the less. Others print it with a helpful explanation. The thinking buyer, however, can readily understand the necessity for such protection. In the first place, it is impossible to definitely fix the cause of every failure. Failure may be due to soil, climate, or error on the part of the planter, as well as to poor seed or a seedsman's error. In the second place, the seedsman is human himself, and he also faces precisely the same problems that the user faces. He must rely on some one else. The value of the crop is so great compared to the price of the seed, that, if he were to accept all risks, the price of the seed would be beyond reason.

Looking from the other side, the best houses are extremely careful in buying and handling, and they earnestly seek to satisfy reasonable expectations. Many instances are known where large adjustments, far beyond the value of the seed, have been made when the fault is the seedsman's. This has proved good business policy, as well as good justice. Such adjustments can only be expected, however, when the buyer is willing to deal with fairness and consideration. If the grower shows any inclination to take advantage of the doubt, a seedsman will speedily fall back on his announced rights.

It is true that some seed houses take advantage of the non-warranty clause to the disadvantage of their customers, but the customer can soon learn whom to trust, and there are plenty of good houses to which he may turn."

*The non-warranty clause, as adopted by the American Seed Trade Association, is as follows:

"We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds or bulbs we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned."

PARCEL POST RATES

From the 4th to 8th Zone, Seeds or Plants Weighing 10 Lbs. or More Usually Go About as Cheap by Express.
(Poisons cannot be sent by mail.)

1st Zone:

2nd Zone: 7c for first lb., 1c for each additional lb.

3rd Zone: 8c for first lb., 2c for each additional lb.

4th Zone: 8c for first lb., 4c for each additional lb.

5th Zone: 9c for first lb., 6c for each additional lb.

6th Zone: 10c for first lb., 8c for each additional lb.

7th Zone: 12c for first lb., 10 c for each additional lb.

8th Zone: 13c for first lb., 12c for each additional lb.

THE FORREST SEED CO., INC.

CORTLAND, N. Y.

New Introductions and Others of Special Merit**464. FORREST'S EARLY YELLOW
GLOBE DANVERS**

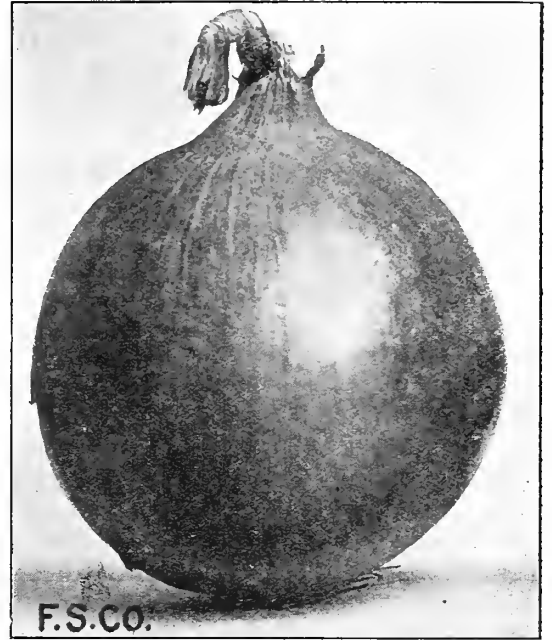
It being about two weeks earlier than the regular Globe Danvers it makes it very profitable for the Onion Grower to use. Globe shaped, small neck, beautiful color, hard and solid which makes it a wonderful keeper. This Onion has given excellent results in the large Onion growing sections. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

**14. MARY WASHINGTON
ASPARAGUS**

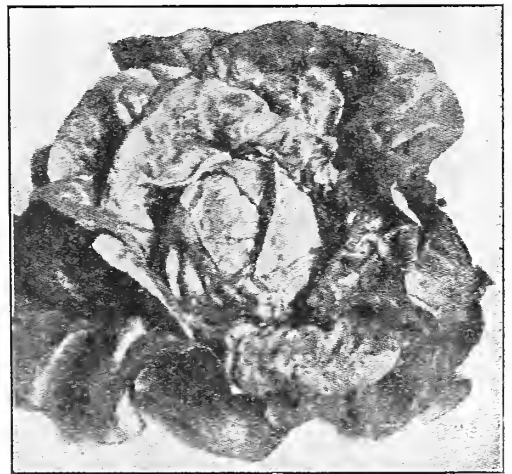
There is no variety of asparagus as good as the Washington and no strain of the Washington as good as the "Mary." The Washington stock is earlier, produces more, has larger stalks, possesses highest rust resistance and will net a great deal more money per acre. "Mary" is so much better you can see the difference. Pkt. 20c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.75.

175. FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD CARROT

An excellent half long carrot will come almost as early as Oxheart. This early, tender fine grained and deliciously flavored carrot has held its leadership since its introduction, and is still one of the best varieties that we know of. It is half long, deep scarlet orange, small tender core and very uniform in size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

**464. Forrest's Early Yellow Globe Danvers****359. GOLD STANDARD LETTUCE**

This is a very distinct Lettuce forming a very solid, large, light 'green' head without the reddish brown tinge, and of excellent quality, very crisp and tender. Forms a head in six weeks being at least 10 days earlier than the Big Boston. May be sown all through the year and stands heat remarkably well. Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.00, 10 lbs. \$37.50.

**359. Gold Standard Lettuce.**

New Introductions and Others of Special Merit

MUSKMELON

376. GOLDEN CHAMPLAIN

The best and earliest melon known. The fruit is nearly round of medium size averaging about 4 inches across. Flesh of rich orange color, very sweet of an excellent flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.00.

SQUASH

695. TABLE QUEEN or (DESMOINES)

This is a small acorn shaped squash, dark green almost black in color, about 5 to 6 inches long and 4 inches in diameter. The flesh is lighter in color than the Hubbard but of fine grain and excellent flavor. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are just the right size to bake and serve in halves and are sweet and delicious. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.30.

PEPPER

555. GOLD STANDARD

The sweetest and most prolific of all Pimento types of Peppers, with smooth bright scarlet fruits, 3 inches thick and 2 inches deep. The flesh is usually thick and as sweet as an apple. One of the best and most desirable for filling. Also used for flavoring and preparing salads. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.00.

BROCCOLI

119. ITALIAN CALABRESE

A distinct variety grown by Italina Market Gardeners for the Italian trade.

This plant grows about 2 feet high, is branching in character and each branch terminates in a green sprout. When the green sprouts, which are actually a mass of flower buds, have developed to two or three inches across (and before the flower appears) they are ready for use. The stems as well as the flower heads cooked are succulent and tender. They combine the marrow flavor of the cauliflower with the nutty tang of the celery. Pkt. 20c, oz. \$1.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$5.00, lb. \$18.00.

2370. DEL MONTE

First and foremost selection of 1927 in the summer flowering Spencer class. Certificate of Merit at the Scottish Sweet Pea Show at Glasgow, 1926.

Of strong growth producing long stemmed sprays of four flowers of a beautiful rich salmon serise pink color. Of perfect Spencer form, large and bold with wavy or fluted petals. Both standard and wings are the same shade and the color is well fixed so that it does not sunburn. Under artificial light a spray of DelMonte is a delight.

Price 25c per packet of 12 seeds.



2370. Del Monte

2369. CARMELITA

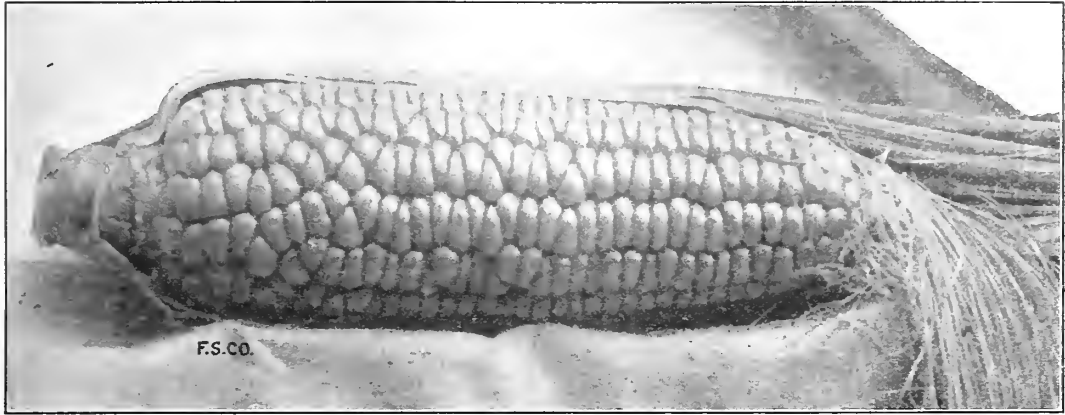
Award of Merit at 1926 trials of British National Sweet Pea Society, also Certificate of Merit at the Scottish Sweet Pea Society show at Glasgow. It is a rampant strong grower producing flowers profusely. Stems are long and usually carry four blooms to a spray. The color is a warm light rose pink on white ground. We believe Carmelita will soon become one of our most favorably known varieties.

Price 25c per packet of 12 seeds.



2369. Carmelita

New Introductions and Others of Special Merit



SWEET GOLD STANDARD NO. 5

This extra early Yellow Sweet Corn we are offering for the first time. It is nearly two weeks earlier than the ordinary Golden Bantam with ears a little longer and having 10 to 12 rows and is rich sweet and buttery flavor. Just think what this means to the Market Gardener who has been depending upon a White Corn for his early market. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2lbs. 70c.



Improved Golden Acre

133. IMPROVED GOLDEN ACRE CABBAGE

Newest and Earliest

About 4 days earlier than Golden Acre, and slightly larger. Similar to Copenhagen Market but maturing about 14 days earlier. Heads measure about nine inches in diameter, and are of a uniform weight of five pounds. Stem very short which allows for close planting. Pkt 15c, oz. \$1.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.20, lb. \$12.00.



Gold Standard Danish Round Head

134. GOLD STANDARD STRAIN DANISH ROUND HEAD CABBAGE

Absolutely true to type and the finest cabbage of its kind in existence. The heads are as firm as a rock. Owing to the very short stem, close planting is possible. We can only supply a limited amount of this seed this year, and would suggest prompt ordering by anyone who is wishing to try this special strain. We grow this seed in Denmark, as Danish grown seed is far superior to home grown stocks. Pkt. 20c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75, lb. \$10.00.

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New Introductions and Others of Special Merit

BERMUDA ONION PLANTS

DELICIOUS AND APPETIZING, GROW THEM IN YOUR OWN GARDEN

Bermuda Onion Plants, grown in Texas from genuine Bermuda seed, which will produce the finest green or dry onions ever grown.

The sale on these plants is already well established in the south and southwest, and is growing by leaps and bounds every year and have also proved an absolute success when planted in the northern states. They are rapidly taking the place of the onion sets where they have been introduced. They are much earlier than the onion sets that we usually grow. Mild as an apple and mature very early. In fact these sets planted in the early spring will furnish you green onions in a few weeks of the genuine Bermuda Onion. They are packed in bundles of 100 like the photograph.

We all know how delicious and appetizing the Bermuda Onions are, and think of getting them so early out of your own garden. They are just as safe to transplant as cabbage, tomato, or any other plants.

TO MARKET GARDENS

Market gardeners who are gifted with foresight enough to be the "EARLY BIRDS" in the onion plant business will certainly reap a profitable harvest.

One gardner planted a good-sized patch, then he went to a good grocery in his town and made an arrangement with him to let him have his entire output of bunch onions, and he was simply swamped with orders, both for green and matured onions, when they were ready to market.

We can supply Crystal White Wax and Yellow Bermuda plants at the following prices:

100 of any variety, 65c; 500 of one or two varieties for \$3.00; 1,000 of one or two varieties for \$4.50 postpaid.

Special prices on large quantities.



Bermuda Onion Plants

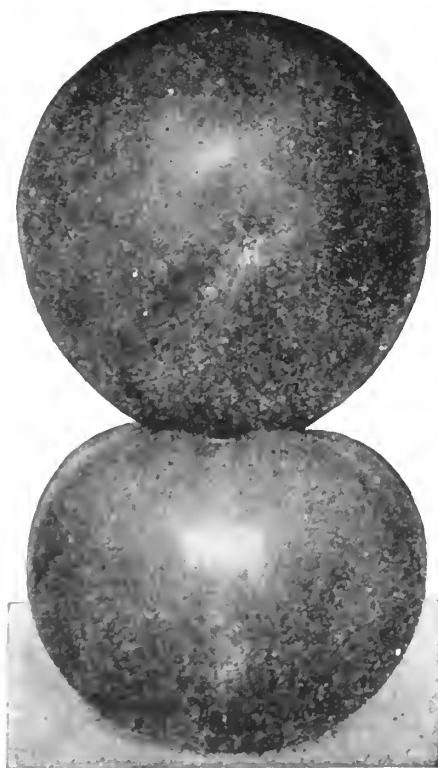
TOMATO LEADERS

746. MARGLOBE

This Excellent New Tomato introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture being the result of efforts of Dr. Fred J. Pritchard, of the Bureau of Plant Industry. It is a very productive second-early variety. Fruits large, smooth, meaty, red and globular. Highly resistant to wilt and somewhat resistant to blights. We strongly urge you to plant some of this new variety. Pkt. 20c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75, lb. \$10.00, postpaid.

725. CORTLAND

We introduced this variety a couple of years ago, and after exhaustive trials has proved itself a wonder both to the Market Gardener and the home grower. It is the earliest, most wonderful yielder and the finest quality tomato we have ever offered. The fruits are thick meated, almost coreless, smooth, free from cracks and deep scarlet-red in color making it very attractive to the eye. It is the first variety to produce fruits and continues to bear marketable fruits longer than any other early variety. Pkt. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c, 1 loz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50, lb. \$8.50, postpaid.



725. Cortland Tomato.



WE BELIEVE THAT 4-H CLUB WORK

is the most significant of all the out-of-school activities engaged in the training of our young people,

BECAUSE IT

1. Helps them to learn by doing
2. Utilizes their leisure in the accomplishment of worthwhile things
3. Emphasizes the home
4. Makes a better country life.

For these reasons we are glad to give to 4-H Club Work our financial and moral support.

Vegetable Seeds

Whether your truck garden will be a profit to you, or a loss, depends upon several factors—the seeds you sow, soil conditions and weather.

You can sow poor seeds and be rewarded with thin, stunted crops. Or you can plant good seeds and reap an abundance of full-grown vegetables which will bring you the best of prices on the market.

Forrest's Gold Standard Vegetable Seeds are selected on their merits from the most improved stocks, thoroughly tried and tested. They are noted for their purity, vitality and germinating qualities. We are confident that once you try them, you will re-order Forrest's Vegetable Seeds, year after year, as have others of our customers who have used them.

In addition to our own tried varieties, we handle all the vegetable seed selections recommended by the New York State Department of Agriculture, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

Remember, that half your living comes from your garden and only the best of seeds will assure you of successful crops.

GENERAL LIST

We guarantee to deliver by parcel post, free of any extra charges, to your home or post-office, all seeds quoted by the packet, quarter-pound, half-pound, pound and two pounds, as well as all bulbs, roots, etc., offered in this book at postpaid prices. When goods offered at "Not Prepaid" prices are wanted by Parcel Post the required postage must be added.

ARTICHOKE

5. IMPROVED GREEN GLOBE

The edible part is the meaty part on the lower end of each petal or scale forming the flower head. These heads are picked just before they begin to open, boiled like Asparagus, the scale-like petals are picked off and the lower portion is eaten dipped in butter and with pepper and salt. Sow seed in the hotbed in February or March, or outdoors in April. Set plants 3 feet apart each way in rich, preferably moist soil. Plants will bear the second year and more abundantly each year thereafter. Protection with salt hay or leaves over Winter is advisable. Pkt. 10c., oz. 50c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

ASPARAGUS

We all agree that this is one of the most delicious of our garden vegetables and what is more, the first of the season, for scarcely has Spring begun when the tender, thick stalks begin to break through the ground and are ready for cutting. And yet how many gardens are without an Asparagus bed. It is generally thought that it requires too much space, but a plot 5 feet wide by 30 or 40 feet long is enough to yield a generous supply for an average family; 100 roots will fill this space. An Asparagus bed well made and properly planted will yield abundantly for 25 years or more, without further care except to cover the bed with manure during Winter and keep it free from weeds. Planting roots is much the quicker method of obtaining results and beds can be planted in Spring or Fall. If grown from seed sow early in Spring and transplant roots in permanent trenches when 2 years old.

10. EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL

The largest, earliest, most prolific, disease-resisting and best flavored Asparagus grown. A famous French variety of unusual excellence and great vigor, producing abundantly stalks of mammoth size often weighing 4 ounces. It is extremely tender, delicious in flavor and by far the best variety for the home garden or for market. Imported seed (direct from originator) Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c., lb. 85c.

11. BARR'S MAMMOTH

Another very fine variety noted for its excellent quality and of great productiveness. It is usually vigorous and throws strong, well developed shoots throughout the entire season, often nearly one inch in diameter. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 85c.

12. MARTHA WASHINGTON

This new and distinct variety of Asparagus is the biggest advancement made in Asparagus for years and we predict that in the next five years it will supercede all of the old varieties.

This new Asparagus is the result of years of plant breeding, by the U. S. bureau of Plant Industry to produce high yielding rust resistant strain of Asparagus. It is a very tender, large growing variety of the finest flavor and the best Asparagus so far introduced. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, 1 lb. \$1.50.

13. PALMETTO

A great favorite with many planters and of very fine quality; especially valuable on account of its earliness and a very heavy cropper. Very large, thick, deep green shoots of delicious flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. 95c.

★ 14. MARY WASHINGTON See Page 2.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Can be supplied from October 1 to May 1. For description of varieties see above.

We furnish nothing but strong one year old Asparagus Roots in all varieties. The U. S. Department of Agriculture recommends the planting of one year old roots in these varieties which experience has proven gives better results.

HEAVY 1-YEAR OLD ROOTS.

	Doz.	100	1000
Giant Argenteuil.....	\$0.30	\$1.50	\$10.00
Barr's Mammoth.....	.30	1.50	10.00
Palmetto.....	.30	1.50	10.00
Martha Washington.....	.40	2.25	15.00
Mary Washington.....	.45	2.50	18.00



10. Asparagus Giant Argenteuil

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Tender

Beans

Delicious

Dwarf, or Bush

Wax, or Yellow Podded

Culture—Beans should not be planted until the soil is well warmed up in the Spring—otherwise a poor stand will result and uneven ripening. Plant seed $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches deep in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. The plants should stand 8 to 12 inches apart in the row, depending on the variety. For succession plant every two weeks.

Beans like a light, warm soil, fairly rich, but one manured the year previous if possible. Give frequent shallow cultivation, but not when the vines are wet. One pound will plant about 100 feet of rows, or 1 bushel (60 lbs.) per acre.

To get the full benefit throughout the entire season of tender beans for your table, make several plantings of wax and green pod varieties. The first planting can be made quite early, then plant another row ten days or two weeks later, and so on. In this way you will secure nice brittle pods until heavy frost in Fall.

20 ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX (Brittle Wax)

A Bean of superb quality, surprising productive. The pods are perfectly round, nearly straight and often attain a length of six inches. Are very tender, entirely stringless and very fleshy. The plants are of vigorous growth, with large foliage. The seeds are almost white, having only a small black dot at the eye, so that any which ripen make most excellent Winter shell Beans. Recommended for market and home garden, splendid for canning. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35c, lb. 50c, 2 lbs. 90c.

21 HODSON WAX

Very prolific, yielding nearly twice as much as other kinds. Quite late; pods long, flat, straight and handsome, but of only fair quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 75c.



22 Improved Golden Wax

22 IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX

Early, flat, stringless and a bountiful producer. The plants are simply loaded with them and yield for a long time. This Bean is very early and a very dependable sort for the home garden or for market. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c, lb. 45c, 2 lbs. 80c.

★ 23 WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX

Pods are very long, straight, broad, brittle, stringless and of a fine buttery flavor. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c, 1 lb. 45c, 2 lbs. 80c.

24 DAVIS WHITE KIDNEY WAX

Long, fleshy, flat pods of clear, waxy white color. Seed kidney shape, pure white. Also desirable for shelling. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c, lb. 45c, 2 lbs. 80c.

25 PROLIFIC BLACK WAX

The finest of the black-seeded varieties. Pods 7 inches long, round, straight as a pencil, strictly stringless, brittle and of highest quality. Color clear golden yellow. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c, lb. 45c, 2 lbs. 80c.

26 PENCIL POD BLACK WAX

A bushy, heavy yielding, medium early sort, bearing round clear rich yellow pods from 5 to 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ inches long; entirely stringless, very meaty and tender; seed black. Splendid for home garden. Under ordinary conditions you can make your first picking of pods from this variety in about 50 days from planting the seed. A favorite everywhere on account of its high quality. Seed is of oblong shape, clear black. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c, lb. 45c, 2 lbs. 80c.



20 Round Pod Kidney Wax

Prices on this page for Two Pounds and under are Postpaid. Add postage if larger quantities are wanted by Mail

GREEN-PODDED BUSH BEANS

30. NEW GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD

Entirely stringless, with pods thick, fleshy, round smooth. The greatest value to truckers, for home use, or for forcing under glass. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

★ 31. NEW STRINGLESS GREEN POD

(Burpee's Stringless Green Pod).

Early podded, stringless. Solid and tender. A strictly stringless, extra early variety producing long, round, very fleshy, exceedingly tender and very brittle pods. The flavor is most delicious; pods retaining their delicate green color after cooking. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

32. LONGFELLOW

A splendid six-weeks Bean with long, slender, straight, fleshy pods; extremely tender and somewhat stringy. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

33. BOUNTIFUL

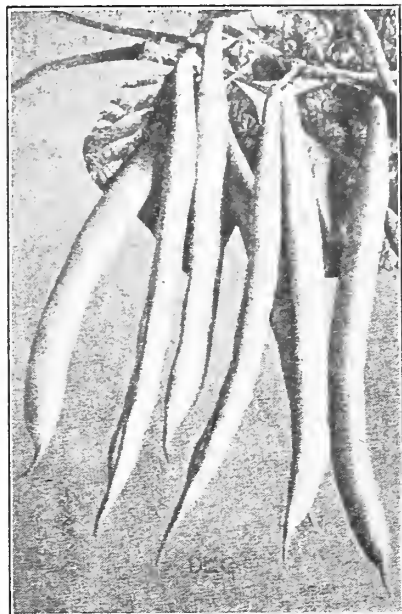
A wonderfully productive, six-weeks Bean and perhaps the most popular of the flat-podded stringless varieties. Pods $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long, very fleshy, tender and delicious. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 75c, postpaid.

34. TENNESSEE GREEN POD

Very popular in some sections of the South. Pods very large, flat, irregular in shape, bright, but rather dark green and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lb. 60c, postpaid.

35. EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE

(Round Pod) The popular extra early standard sort, of which we offer a very fine strain. The pods are remarkably fleshy, tender and stringless. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 15 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 60 lbs. (bu.) \$9.50.



31. New Stringless Green Pod

36. REFUGEE, OR 1000 TO 1

The famous main crop variety for pickling and as the name indicates a Bean of wonderful producing qualities. The pods are long, round, extremely tender and of a delicate light green color. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c postpaid.

38. BLACK VALENTINE

Beautiful large pods, about 6 inches in length; slender, round, tender and delicious. Valuable alike for the table or for canning. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 15 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.85, 60 lbs. (bu.) \$10.40.

★ 39. DWARF HORTICULTURAL

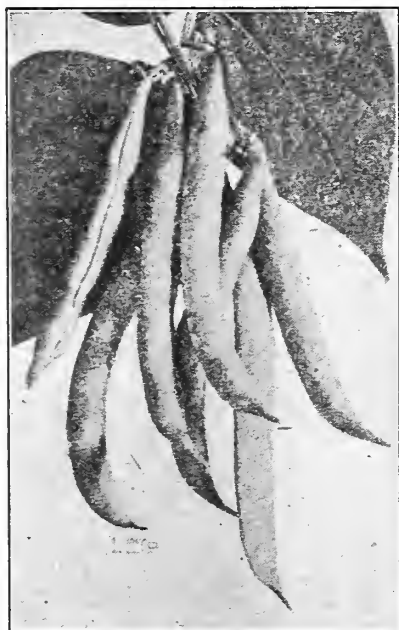
Excellent for use either as a string Bean or for shelling, color greenish yellow splashed with red. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

40. EXTRA LONG YELLOW SIX WEEKS

Long, thick, rather flat, very meaty pods, tender and delicious. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

41. FULL MEASURE

Stringless, early, pods straight, 6 inches long, very fleshy, round. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lb. 60c, postpaid.



36. Refugee, or 1000 to 1

Prices on this page for two pounds and under are postpaid. Add postage if larger quantities are wanted by mail.

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POLE, OR RUNNING BEANS

One pound will plant 100 hills.

★ 50. EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX

Grandest Yellow-Podded Pole Bean in cultivation. We have grown pods from this variety 10 inches long and a most beautiful golden waxy color. Pods are produced in clusters, they are very straight, flat, very brittle and fine grained, and remain in edible condition for a long time. Excellent in flavor but somewhat stringy. Seed is white. Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c, prepaid. Not prepaid, 3 lbs. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$3.00, 25 lbs. \$6.50.

★ 51. KENTUCKY WONDER, OR OLD HOMESTEAD POLE BEANS

Marvelously prolific, thick, stringless green pods. Tender and delicious. The poles are simply covered from top to bottom with great clusters of tender pods from 8 to 10 inches long—you can pick them by the handful and the more you pick the more will come; they bear continuously from July until cut down by frost. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. (1 pk. 15 lbs.) \$3.00, (1 bu.) \$11.50.

52. KENTUCKY WONDER WAX

The best pole wax bean for northern planting. It is similar in habit of growth to "Kentucky Wonder Green Pod," and bears as early, or when about as high as the average bush bean. Pods are beautiful golden-yellow, and so fleshy that often the thickness surpasses the width; makes delicious eating. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. (1 pk. 15 lbs.) \$3.00, (1 bu.) \$11.50.

53. CUT SHORT, OR CORN HILL POLE BEAN

A popular variety in the South for planting in corn hills. A heavy cropper. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid 15 lbs. (pk.) \$2.75, bu. \$10.00.

54. HORTICULTURAL, OR SPECKLED CRANBERRY

An old favorite, excellent both as snap and shell bean. Beans are large and of fine flavor. Medium early. Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c, prepaid. Not prepaid: 3 lbs. 85c, 10 lbs. \$2.50, 25 lbs. \$5.25.

55. LAZY WIFE

Broad, thick and very fleshy pods measuring 6 to 8 inches in length, produced in enormous quantities all along the vine. Entirely stringless until nearly ripe. Each pod contains from 5 to 6 round white beans of good size which are excellent for Winter shell beans. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c postpaid.

Scarlet Runner. See page 76.



Kentucky Wonder

Dwarf or Bush Lima Beans

One pound will plant 100 hills.

The dwarf lima class cannot be recommended too highly. The beans can be grown and gathered much more easily than the pole limas as the vines require no support. They can also be grown closer together than those of any pole variety. Dwarf limas are fully equal in quality to pole limas and as a rule are earlier maturing.

Limas require a longer season for maturing than other garden beans. Do not plant till the ground is dry, weather warm and danger of frost is over. If possible select rich, light soil. Plant in drills two to three feet apart, dropping the beans three to four inches apart and covering one and one-half to two inches deep. If planted in hills, make the hills two to three feet apart one way and two to two and one-half feet the other and plant four to six beans in a hill. Hoe often but only when the leaves are dry.

★ 60. NEW FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA

The favorite Bush Lima Bean in the East. This is a dwarf form of the Potato Lima. The plant grows stiffly erect, bearing the pods well above the ground. Matures medium early and is very productive. The pods measure 4 to 5 inches. The Beans are tender, juicy and sweet in flavor when cooked. Pkt. 10c, lb. 50c, 2 lbs. 95c, prepaid.

61. BURPEE'S IMPROVED

This strain of Burpee's Bush Lima has beans of larger size and deeper green color than the old strain and the vines are more true to the bush form with runners. The beans are both larger and thicker than the old form, and the pods are also larger. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c.

★ 62. BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA

The old standard variety; of true bush form with pods as large as those of the Pole Lima. The beans are flat and of a rich buttery flavor. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c postpaid. Not prepaid, 15 lbs. \$3.25, 60 lbs. \$11.50.

64. HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA

Small, early and prolific; not of quite as fine quality as Burpee's Bush and Fordhook, but much hardier, earlier, and more easily raised. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, 15 lbs. (peck) \$3.25.

Prices on this page for two pounds and under are postpaid. Add postage if larger quantities are wanted by mail.

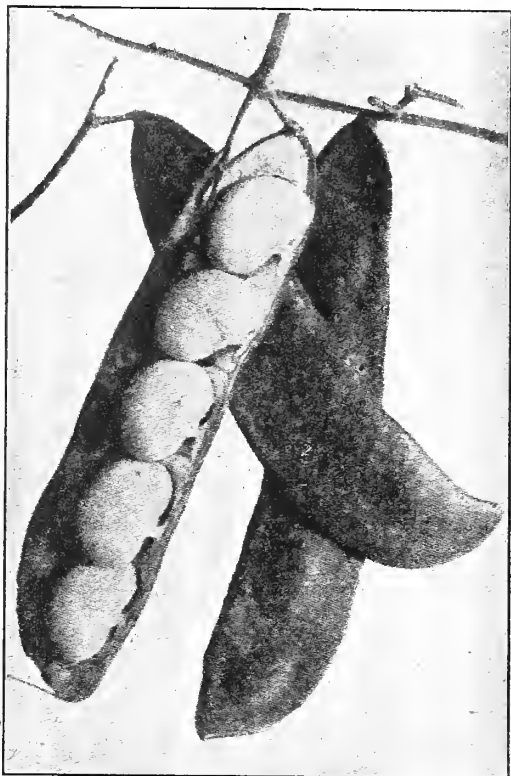
POLE LIMA BEANS

One pound will plant 100 hills.

For a main crop the gardener always plants Pole Limas if the space allows it and poles can be secured for once they commence bearing they produce most abundantly and are easier and more quickly gathered. Set poles 3 feet apart, enrich the soil well and plant from 4 to 5 beans around each pole (with the eye down). When well up draw the soil up to the plants, forming a little hill around each pole.

★ 70. EARLY LEVIATHAN LIMA

This is the earliest large-podded pole Lima we know of. The pods are large and often contain five beans which are of good size and of the finest quality. The pods are produced in clusters and in great abundance. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, 15 lbs. peck \$3.90.



70. Pole Lima—Early Levithan

71. SEIBERT'S NEW EARLY POLE LIMA

The most popular Early Lima. This bean is very vigorous and productive, bearing throughout a long season; pods large and easily opened, containing 3 to 4 large tender beans of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, lb. 40c, prepaid. Not prepaid: 3 lbs. 90c, 10 lbs. \$2.65, 25 lbs. \$6.00.

72. EXTRA EARLY JERSEY

Matures about the same time as our Seibert's Early and differs from it only that the beans are a trifle smaller. Early Jersey is a great favorite with Southern Jersey and Pennsylvania market gardeners. It is a very prolific bearer and the beans are of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 15 lbs. (1 pk.) \$3.00, 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$12.00.

73. LARGE WHITE POLE LIMA

The original large flat Pole Lima has stood the test for years and is still one of the most popular. It is very prolific. The beans are flat, large and of a greenish white color; the flavor is excellent. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 15 lbs. (pk.) \$3.00, 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$12.00.

74. FORD'S MAMMOTH

An exceedingly productive, large seeded, fine quality Lima. Beans are a trifle thicker than Large White Lima and mature about the same time. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 15 lbs. (1 pk.) \$3.00, 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$12.00.

★ 75. KING OF THE GARDEN POLE LIMA

An old, well known standard sort. A strong grower and uniformly large podded. The pods frequently contain 5 to 6 very large beans. Beans of excellent quality, easily shelled. A heavy yielder. Pkt. 10c, lb. 40c, prepaid. Not prepaid: 3 lbs. 90c, 10 lbs. \$2.60, 25 lbs. \$5.75.

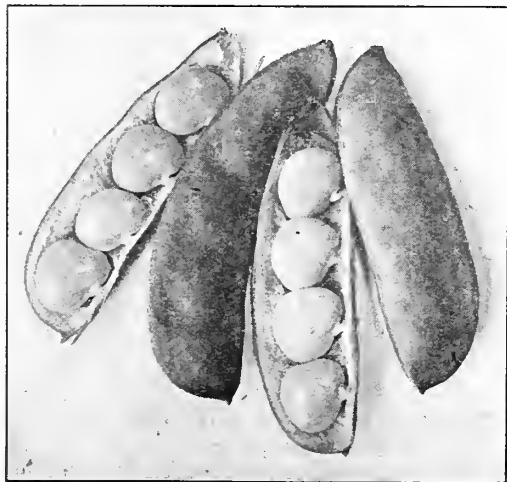
★ 76. DREER'S IMPROVED OR CHALLENGER LIMA

This is an improved strain of the old Dreer's or Potato Lima. The beans, are plump, being very thick through, but not quite as large as the flat type like Leviathan. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, 15 lbs. \$4.00.

FIELD BEANS FOR SHELLING AND BAKING

EAT MORE BEANS—Contain vitamins A and B in good quantity, and are rich in Vitamin C. Contain sodium. Yield 557 calories per pound for lima beans and 1,565 for dried beans. Are 22 per cent protein and 62 per cent carbo-hydrates.

	Postpaid		Not Prepaid	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	1 lb.	2 lbs.	15 lbs. 60 lbs.
80. Boston Pea or Navy.....	15	.20	.40	\$2.00 \$6.00
81. Burlingham Medium.....	15	.25	.40	2.00 6.00
82. Marrowfat Bean.....	15	.25	.40	2.50 9.00
83. Red Kidney Bean.....	20	.35	.60	2.50 9.00
*84. White Kidney Bean.....	20	.35	.60	2.50 9.00



60. Fordhook Bush Lima

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Delightful Served
Hot in Season

Beets

A Favorite
For Pickling

For a main crop and for winter storing sow in early May. In the home garden where space is limited sow in drills 1 inch in depth and allow a space of 12 to 18 inches between rows for cultivation. Grow plenty of Beets for they contain good food value and are easily stored for Winter use.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill—10 pounds per acre.

90. FORREST'S NEW ACME

(The Acme of Perfection). Perfect in shape, deep blood red in color, tender and delicious in flavor, the first on the table and the best for canning or storing. It does not matter what purpose you want Beets for our "New Acme" is the very finest and most thoroughbred you can grow. The roots develop rapidly, are handsome in shape, as round as a ball, perfectly smooth, deep blood red in color, with the smallest possible top and the tiniest tap root, almost no waste at all—just a tender, juicy Beet even when fully matured. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

91. EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN

The best variety for forcing and first early crop. Roots very dark red, rounded on top, flat beneath, small tops, Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, 1 lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs., \$8.50.

92. EARLY WONDER

A very early beet resembling the Crosby's Egyptian but more flattened than the usual strain of that variety. The beets are dark red and have small tops. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. or more \$8c per lb.

★ 93. CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN

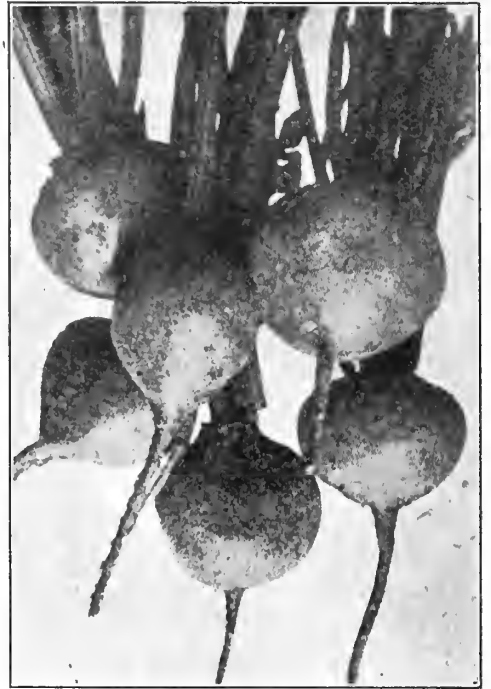
Forrest's Special Strain. We have an unequalled strain of this famous extra early Beet, the largest of the early sorts. The roots are almost globe-shaped, very dark red in color, with very small tops. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 94. IMPROVED ECLIPSE

This is one of the earliest and handsomest beets grown. The beets are globe-shaped, smooth and with very small tops, and are of the finest quality. Not of as dark color as Detroit Dark Red but grows more rapidly and is ready for use earlier. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 90c, 10 lbs. \$8.50.



94 Improved Eclipse



90. Forrest's New Acme

95. EARLY BASSANO

Large, very early and of excellent quality, rather light in color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, lb. 95c, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

96. IMP. EARLY BLOOD TURNIP BEET

A good old standard variety. Roots nearly round, smooth, dark red of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, 1 lb. 95c, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 97. DETROIT DARK RED

This is a most useful and distinct variety. The tops are small and the leaves dark green, shaded red. The habit is upright, making close planting possible. The beet is medium sized and perfect globe shape; the skin and flesh are dark red; the quality is exceptional, being tender and fine-grained and not inclined to be stringy or woody. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

98. FORREST'S IMPROVED LONG DARK RED WINTER BEET

The biggest and yet the most tender blood Beet for Winter storing. Fine grained, with not the slightest trace of woody fibre. Roots fully developed are 14 inches long and very thick. An excellent keeper and of fine quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, lb. 95c, 10 lbs. \$8.00.

SWISS CHARD, OR SPINACH BEET

Grown entirely for its tops which are used like greens. It furnishes a delicious substitute for Spinach all through the Summer and Fall. The large, broad ribs can be used like asparagus.

★ 105. LARGE RIBBED, OR SILVER

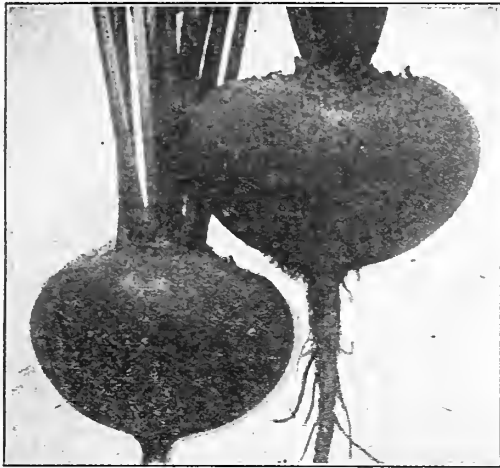
Large, yellowish-green, very broad mid-ribs with plain leaves and for this reason preferred by many planters Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 90c, postpaid.

★ 106. GIANT LUCULLUS

Stalks very large and thick; pure white. Leaves nicely curled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

MANGEL WURZEL or STOCK BEETS

Are highly nutritious food for cattle, sheep and swine. All contain a large quantity of sugar, are very fattening and furnish a valuable food during the Winter. The roots keep excellently and should be stored in root cellars or in pits. Sow in early May in loose, well tilled, deeply plowed soil. Six to eight pounds of seed per acre.



93. Crosby's Egyptian

110. MAMMOTH LONG RED, or NORBITON GIANT.

Probably the most extensively grown of all Mangels, producing great long roots of enormous size and weight, frequently weighing 50 lbs. each. It should be grown in deep, rich soil. A very heavy cropper; 50 tons and more to the acre is a common record for this variety. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

111. GOLDEN TANKARD

Very large roots almost cylindrical in shape, narrowing abruptly at both ends; flesh rich golden yellow. This variety contains an unusual amount of sugar and is therefore most nutritious. A very hardy variety and a good keeper. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

112. GIANT HALF SUGAR

Yields an enormous crop and contains a greater quantity of sugar than the regular Mangels. It is of special value for milch cows, increasing their supply of milk considerably. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

113. IMPERIAL WHITE SUGAR BEET

Extremely rich in saccharine and the very best of the sugar Beets for stock feeding. Very uniform, long, smooth roots; a heavy cropper and good keeper. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

BROCCOLI

The heads resemble somewhat a coarse cauliflower and the culture is the same in all essentials as for that vegetable. Broccoli is well adapted only to those sections where the season is long, cool and rather moist. One of the most valuable features is that it withstands greater extremes of temperature than cauliflower.

119. ITALIAN CALABRESE Also Page 4.

A distinct variety grown especially for the Italian trade. Producing abundance of flower buds, and when cooked, combining both the flavor of cauliflower and celery. Pkt. 20c, oz. \$1.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$5.00, lb. \$18.00.

120. WHITE CAPE

Large, compact heads of good size and of a creamy white color. One of the most certain to head. Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.60.

121. PURPLE CAPE

Similar to White Cape except in Color; the heads are of a brownish purple. Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.60.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

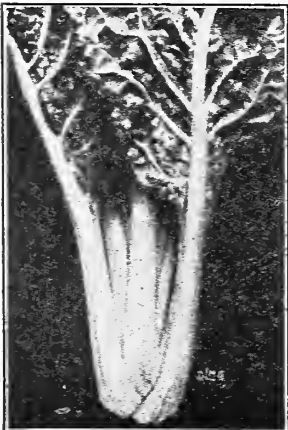
Used in the fall and early winter and by some considered more tender and delicious than any cabbage. Plant resembles the cabbage, the edible part being the numerous very small heads or sprouts an inch or two in diameter formed on the stalk at each leaf joint. The culture is the same in all essentials as for cabbage, except the leaves should be broken down in the fall to give the little heads more room to grow.

126. IMPROVED HALF DWARF

This favorite Paris market sort is probably the most useful variety. The plants are half dwarf, growing about one and one-half to two and one-half feet high. They are very hardy and produce compact, rounded, grayish green sprouts of good size and fine quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, 2 oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

★ 127. LONG ISLAND IMPROVED

We have found this strain very desirable in that it will produce sprouts under less favorable conditions than any variety we have ever tried. The plants are of dwarf habit but furnish a large yield of sprouts of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, 2 oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.



Swiss Chard



Mammoth Long Red

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A Great
Winter
Vegetable

Cabbage

Splendid in
Salads and
for Pickling

Our strains are the choicest in the world. Tioughnioga Valley is world-famous for its cabbages.

The market grower knows the importance to him of a pedigreed stock of Cabbage. Even the home gardener cannot afford to waste his time with cheap or carelessly grown strains. You get absolutely the best when you buy your cabbage seed from Forrest's.

CULTURE—In general, the dates given below are correct for the Northern and Central States.

For early use, sow seeds of the early kinds in the hotbeds or in a box in the house the last of January or early in February, transplant to the open ground in April, in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the row, or sow a bed of seed outside as soon as the soil can be worked. Transplant in about four weeks.

For second early Cabbage, sow in April and transplant in May. For late Cabbage, sow in May and transplant in July in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet in the row. In transplanting, it is important that plants be set down to the first leaf.

One ounce will produce 1000 plants, $\frac{1}{4}$ pound sufficient for one acre.

★ 133. IMPROVED GOLDEN ACRE

A strain of Copenhagen Market which matures from 5 to 10 days earlier than the ordinary sort. The heads are a trifle smaller, however, weighing only about 4 to 5 pounds. The Golden Acre heads compactly and uniformly and the tonnage per acre is enormous. Owing to its earliness, uniformity and fine quality, it commands high prices on the early market. Pkt. 15c., oz. 70c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25, 1 lb. \$8.00.



136. Glory of Enkhuizen

134. GOLD STANDARD DANISH ROUND HEAD CABBAGE

Absolutely true to type and the finest cabbage of its kind in existence. The heads are as firm as a rock. Owing to the very short stem, close planting is possible. We can only supply a limited amount of this seed this year and would suggest prompt ordering by anyone who is wishing to try this special strain. We grow this seed in Denmark, as Danish grown seed is far superior to home grown stocks.

Pkt. 20c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75, lb. \$10.00.

★ 135. COPENHAGEN MARKET

Very fine. Follows Golden Acre in earliness. Stem short, heads large, round and solid, with few outer leaves. Of an upright growth.

Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.25.



137. Extra Early Jersey Wakefield

★ 136. GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN

An excellent medium early Cabbage of enormous size and few outside leaves. Heads as round as a ball and very solid. The large sized, ball-shaped heads are very firm and solid, leaves being fine ribbed and exceedingly tender. This is not only a valuable early sort, but it grows so large that it can be profitably raised for main crop for Fall use. This cabbage is extensively grown and is extremely popular with the market gardeners generally. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00.

137. EXTRA EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

The earliest and finest of the pointed head Cabbages; the old reliable favorite of the market gardener and the amateur. Matures quickly, is always solid and is of the finest quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$2.85.

The sample of Gold Standard Danish Roundhead Cabbage Seed which you sent us was planted in the trials of a year ago. This strain matured evenly with a good degree of uniformity. The heads were of medium size.

J. E. KNOTT, Prof. of Vegetable Gardening, Penna. State College, State College, Pa.

CABBAGE—Continued

★ 140. ALL HEAD EARLY

Second-early or mid-season Cabbage. Forms enormous and remarkably solid deep flat heads of the most uniform shape and size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.35.

★ 142. DANISH BALLHEAD. Short Stem.

This is the most profitable Winter Cabbage on the market and is more extensively grown in the North than any other variety. This seed is grown on the Island of Amager in Denmark where we have had it grown for years. The heads are larger than the Tall Stem, the ends are slightly flattened, producing more tonnage to the acre, but is not so solid as the Tall Stem. This Cabbage is the one used so extensively for winter use. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00.

143. DANISH BALL HEAD. Tall Stem

Similar to the short stem except it is not so large a head, entirely round and very solid. It will keep better but will not yield as much per acre. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00.

144. PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH

The good old standard late Cabbage, so well known that a description seems unnecessary. Round flat heads, very solid, Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.35.

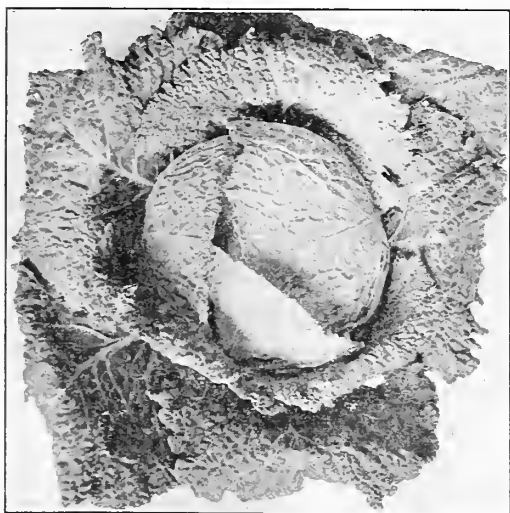
OTHER GOOD STANDARD VARIETIES OF CABBAGE

★ 145. EARLY WINNINGSTADT

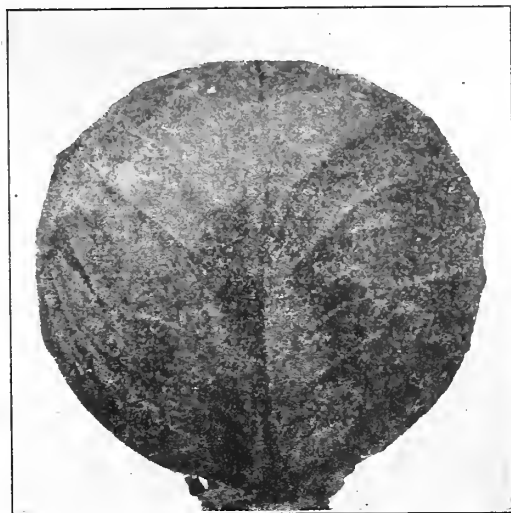
Medium early, solid, fine grained, cone-shaped and pointed. Excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

146. CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD

A large type of Jersey Wakefield and about one week later. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.



155. Perfection Drumhead Savoy



143. Danish Ball Head, Long Stem

★ 151. SUCCESSION

Excellent second-early variety; heads large, heavy and of good quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.35.

★ 155. PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY

The most delicious of all Cabbages. Distinguishes itself from the others by its more tender, crinkled leaves. The heads are large, solid and unsurpassed in flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

★ 156. MAMMOTH RED ROCK

Heads of enormous size, very solid and of a deep red color. An excellent keeper and a fine variety for pickling. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.85.

157. RED DANISH

The most popular red Cabbage for pickling; similar to Danish Ball Head excepting that it is of a clear dark red color throughout. Very firm, good keeper and shipper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00.

165. CHINESE, or CELERY CABBAGE

A delicious new vegetable from China; really resembles more the Cos Lettuce than the Cabbage. The leaves are large, tender and of a light green color, crinkled at the edges with broad white midribs. The stalks or midribs are eaten like Celery while the leaves are boiled like Cabbage or Spinach, or served raw with a dressing as a salad. In either case it makes a delicious dish. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

All of the Garden Seeds I have purchased from you the last three years have been first class.

A. L. REMENSNYDER,
Lowman, N. Y.

The varieties marked with a star (*) are included in lists of varieties recommended by New York State Department of Agriculture of Cornell University for culture in New York State. These recommendations are general and, of course, subject to modification for special purposes or conditions.

The Great
Health
Vegetable

Carrots

Wholesome
And
Palatable

FRENCH GROWN SEED

Carrots are very nourishing as they contain a large percentage of sugar. The early sorts furnish the delicious tender small Carrots, while the half-long and long varieties are good for the table and wonderful keepers. For Winter use store in a root cellar, pit or in a box, covered with sand. Sow seed outside in early April, in drills $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, having rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart; thin out 4 to 5 inches in the row.

One ounce to a drill 150 feet long; 3 pounds to an acre.

★ 170. DANVERS HALF-LONG

The finest flavored most perfect Carrot in shape, color and quality we know of. Large, thick, perfectly smooth roots of uniform size, tapering slightly, with a blunt point, almost coreless. The flesh is rich orange color, fine grained and delicately flavored. Our Improved strain of Danvers Carrot is excellent for either a Summer or Winter crop, unsurpassed for table use. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$1.10, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 171. CHANTENAY HALF-LONG

A great favorite with market gardeners as it makes a splendid bunching carrot; deep orange in color, smooth and easy to harvest, also fine Carrot for the home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 70c, lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$11.00.

175. GOLD STANDARD

An excellent, half long carrot, will come almost as early as Oxheart. This early, tender fine grained and deliciously flavored carrot has held its leadership since its introduction, and is still one of the best varieties that we know of. It is half long, deep scarlet orange, small tender core and very uniform in size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.40, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

172. EARLY FRENCH FORCING

A most delicious, quick maturing, small tender Carrot, without core, tender, juicy and sweet. The roots are almost round and of a deep orange red color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 70c, lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$11.00.

173. GUERANDE, OR OXHEART

A handsome Carrot 5 inches long. Very stout and thick, ending in a small tap root; small top and easily harvested. Tender and of good flavor, Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

174. IMPROVED LONG ORANGE

A fine Winter Carrot for the table and of greatest value for stock feeding. It is the largest and longest of all Carrots, yet tender, fine grained, almost coreless. Very uniform in size. The roots average from 10 to 12 inches in length with a diameter of from 3 to 4 inches at the top. Yields a very heavy crop. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 176. CORELESS

This Ideal Carrot has proven one of the most universally popular varieties ever sent out. It is a half-long, cylindrical Carrot, blunt-pointed, with a small tap-root and small top. They run very uniform in shape and size, 6 to 7 inches long, by $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches through; clean skinned, smooth, easily pulled and keep well. The flesh is of fine texture, entirely devoid of stringiness, coarseness and woody heart or core. The color of the flesh is the rich red-orange so attractive when served. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$1.45, 10 lbs. \$13.00.

FIELD CARROTS

Exclusively for Stock Feeding

181. LARGE YELLOW BELGIAN

Roots average 20 inches in length and are very broad at the top. Orange below surface, green above. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.50.

182. IMPROVED SHORT WHITE

Another very fine carrot for feeding. Especially adapted to shallow ground. Roots half-long, 7 to 9 inches in length and very smooth; heavy at the shoulder, tapering regularly to a point; color creamy white below and light green above ground; enormously productive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.50.



176. Coreless



171. Chantenay Carrots

Delicious
As a
Vegetable

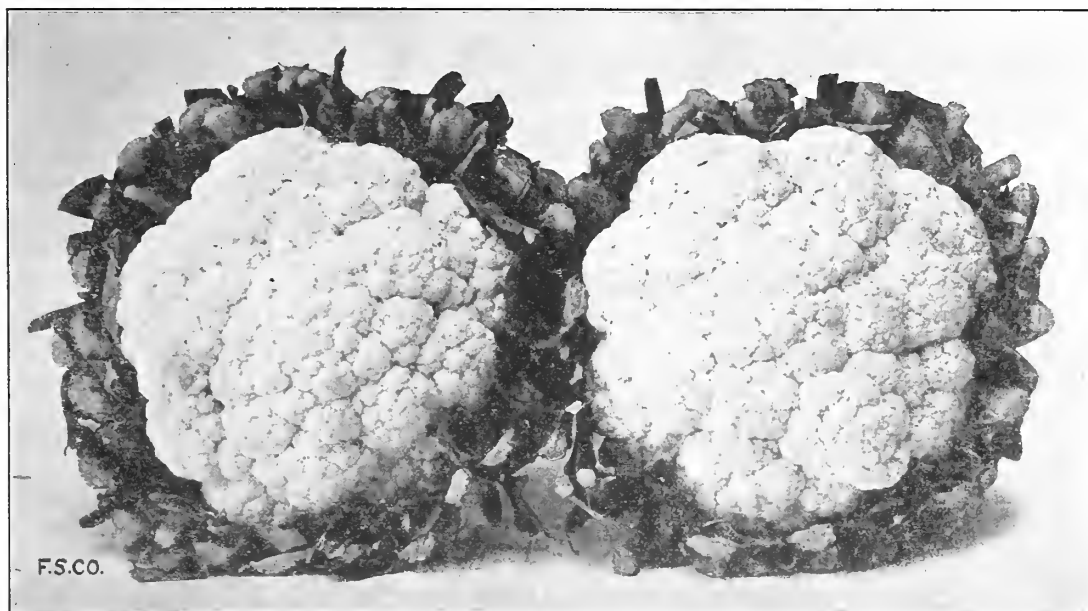
Cauliflower

Indispens-
able for
Pickling

Have you ever wondered at the great price difference in Cauliflower Seeds. Perhaps you have already found out to your sorrow what it means to buy cheap Cauliflower Seed, for seed of a good strain cannot be produced cheaply. The climate and soil conditions must be ideal. These conditions prevail in Denmark and it is there we grow our finest strains.

Growing Cauliflower is a painstaking and expensive process to produce seed of a Superior Strain. It requires skill and long experience on the part of a grower to produce this. It is our grower's work as it was his father's and grandfather's before him. Our strains are therefore the best produced. For early, sow in hotbed in February and March and set out as soon as the frost is out of the ground in Spring, for a Fall crop sow outdoors the latter part of May and transplant in June. Cultivate often and stimulate occasionally with fertilizer. As soon as the heads form tie the leaves together for protection of the heads from the sun and rain. This will keep the "flower" white, firm and tender. Cauliflower should not be planted again on the same field but should be rotated.

One ounce is sufficient for 2500 plants.



Gold Standard Snowball

★ 191. GOLD STANDARD SNOW-BALL

This superb Cauliflower is early a strong hardy grower with plenty of leaves standing erect for tying, producing large snowy white compact heads beautiful in appearance. Has given excellent results in the Cauliflower producing sections. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00, 1 oz. \$3.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, lb. \$35.00.

196. FORREST'S EARLY SNOWBALL, No. 19.

This strain is a little earlier than our Gold Standard with heads not quite as large. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c, 1 oz. \$2.25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$7.50, lb. \$25.00.

★ 192. EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT

Another high bred strain of Cauliflower producing heads of large size and finest quality. A very dependable variety and a great favorite in the South. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c, oz. \$2.25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$7.50, lb. \$25.00.

193. DRY WEATHER CAULIFLOWER, OR DANISH GIANT

Somewhat larger and later than our Snowball and with larger leaves. A variety especially adapted for growing in dry locations. The heads are firm, large, round and snowy white. A sure header. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, lb. \$35.00.

195. VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT

A large, vigorous, late variety with heads of great size well protected by leaves. Snowy white and very firm. One of the best for a Fall crop. Heads are compact and of fine quality; a good keeper. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.85, lb. \$6.25.

200. THE TRUE GEORGIA, OR CREOLE

A popular food in the South. Forms large, loose open heads or a mass of leaves of the Cabbage type on a tall stem, which are used as greens. Also valuable for stock feeding. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

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Celery

Delightfully Refreshing
to the Appetite

One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.

Delicious, crisp Celery is certainly a much relished vegetable during late Fall and Winter. Even the small garden has room for a row or two. It is easily grown, needs rich soil, and the only real work connected with growing Celery is the banking with soil in the Fall to bleach the stalks. For early Fall and Winter use, sow in the hotbed in February or March and when plants are two inches high set out in boxes or in the frames 2 inch apart to get stocky plants. For main crop sow outdoors in April, in rich, well prepared soil. Cover seed $\frac{1}{4}$ inch and keep the soil constantly moist.

★ 205. FORREST'S GOLDEN PLUME

This new strain is an improved type of Golden Self Blanching, which it resembles in crispness and flavor. It forms larger and heavier stalks, blanches more quickly, matures earlier and has less tendency to blight than Golden Self Blanching. Of very attractive appearance, superior quality and fine nutty flavor. It is the most profitable variety for the market gardener and is rapidly becoming recognized as a most desirable sort for the home garden. Pkt. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.00, oz. \$3.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, lb. \$35.00.

★ 206. GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING (FRENCH GROWN)

The plants are dwarf stocky growth thick and with large developed heart very brittle and tender. This is an excellent variety for winter storage. Pkt. 10c, oz. 90c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25, lb. \$10.50.

★ 215. NEW FRENCH GOLDEN

This new type of Golden seems an improvement on the Old Golden Self Blanching. It has a longer stalk and a more vigorous and rapid grower and not so badly affected by blight and disease. It is not as good for the winter storage as the Old Golden but somewhat earlier. Pkt. 10c, oz. 90c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25, lb. \$10.50.

208. WHITE PLUME

The popular early Celery for Fall use. Grows to a large size. The stalks are naturally white, even the outer ribs blanch to a beautiful silvery white color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

209. WINTER QUEEN

The best keeper and finest Celery for a main crop. Nearly all market gardeners grow it. It is a large, stocky, heavy ribbed stalk, blanches easily and keeps splendidly during Winter. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

★ 210. GIANT PASCAL

A broad, heavy ribbed Winter variety of excellent quality and flavor. Keeps splendidly when stored for Winter. A very vigorous grower and deep green until earthed up, when the stalks blanch to a yellowish white. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60.

★ 211 EASY BLANCHING

A new variety of Celery with remarkable easy-blanching characteristics and useful both for early use and for keeping during the winter months. The plants make a quick, healthy growth, and the stalks are thick, very tender and brittle, with a rich flavor. A splendid variety for the home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.00.

★ 212. EMPEROR

A late green Celery, for winter storing, grows about 18 inches high with dark green foliage, and resists disease. Stalks are very thick and crisp. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35, lb. \$4.25.

214. FORREST'S WONDERFUL

A very profitable type for the Market gardener, and becoming a favorite with him. Early maturity, excellent eating qualities, larger size, fine keeping qualities, very resistant to rust and blight. The name is a very fitting one for it. Pkt. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.00, oz. \$3.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, lb. \$35.00.

220. CELERIAC, OR TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

Quite distinct from the regular table Celery. Celeriac forms large knobs which grow as large as a Globe Beet, and have the most delicious Celery flavor. The roots can be stored in the cellar like Beets and are excellent for soups and stews. When boiled and sliced and served with a French dressing they make an excellent salad. During the Summer the stalks can be picked for soup greens. Sow seeds early, as you would table Celery, and transplant outdoors in May in the richest soil you can find; they needs lots of nourishment if you want large roots. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.35.



205. Golden Plume Celery

Sweet Corn



255. Country Gentleman

Our favorite all American vegetable, rich in starch and sugar, very nourishing and delicious. Even the small garden has room enough for corn, since varieties like our "Golden Bantam" and "Peep o'Day" require little room and bear abundantly. Plant as soon as the ground is warm in hills 3 feet apart each way, and for succession every 2 weeks. Drop from 4 to 5 seeds in each hill and allow the three strongest plants to remain. Hill up as the plants grow. Sweet Corn requires rich soil and a tablespoonful of a good Corn fertilizer to each hill before planting insures rapid growth and a higher percentage of sugar contents. Always insist upon Eastern Grown Seed Corn as it matures quicker and produces firmer and better ears than Western Corn grown on prairie lands. The trucker knows this and will always insist upon Eastern seed. Our Sweet Corn is all Eastern grown.

237. SWEET GOLD STANDARD NO. 5.

This extra early yellow Sweet Corn we are offering for the first time. It is nearly two weeks earlier than the ordinary Golden Bantam with ears a little longer and having 10 to 12 rows and is rich, sweet and buttery flavor. Just think what this means to the Market Gardener who has been depending upon a White Corn for his early corn market. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid.

238. GOLDEN SUNSHINE

A valuable new variety for the Market Gardener or the home garden. It is about a week earlier than Golden Bantam with ears measuring 6 to 7 ins. and 12 rowed. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 12 lbs. \$3.00, 50 lbs. \$11.00.

★ 239. BANTAM EVERGREEN

The finest, sweetest and largest second early Sweet Corn. A cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen, combining the best qualities of both. Just as sweet and luscious as Golden Bantam, with ears nearly as large as those of Stowell's Evergreen. Fully 8 to 9 inches long, 12-rowed, broad, deep grains of a rich golden yellow color. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 12 lbs. \$2.35, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

★ 241. GOLDEN BANTAM

This is the best known, richest flavored and most popular Sweet Corn grown today. The ears are 6 to 8 in. long usually 8 rowed and of rich creamy yellow in color deepening to an orange yellow as it ripens. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 250. WHIPPLE'S YELLOW

A new yellow Sweet Corn that matures a few days earlier than Golden Bantam. The ears are 7 to 8 inches long and 12 to 16 rowed, often with two ears on a stalk. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 12 lbs. \$2.35, 50 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 260. DELUE GOLDEN GIANT

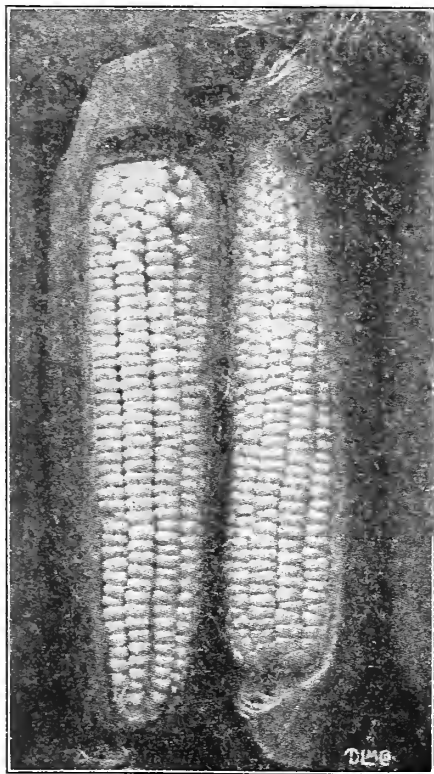
A cross between Golden Bantam and Howling Mob. It matures about a week after Golden Bantam. A strong grower, stalks growing from four and half to six feet high, producing two or three good ears seven to nine inches long with twelve to fourteen rows of long deep kernels of deep orange color of the first quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 12 lbs. \$2.50, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.50.

242. KENDALL'S EARLY GIANT

Remarkably large in ear for a second early sort and extensively grown in some localities for the market. The stalks are about five and one-half feet high. The ears are about eight to nine inches long, twelve rowed. The grain is white, rather broad and shallow, and the quality very good. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

243. PEEP O'DAY

A very small but exceedingly Sweet Corn and the earliest of all Sweet Corns; fully a week ahead of Early Cory. The stalks grow only 4 feet in height and produce from 2 to 4 ears each. The grain is of medium size, milky white and delicious in quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.35, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.



242. Kendall's Early Giant Sweet Corn

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SWEET CORN—Continued

244. CORY RED COB

An old favorite extra early variety, with fair sized ears, kernels white streaked with red and red cob, tender and sweet; of dwarf growth. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 247. MAMMOTH WHITE CORY

A very fine extra early and exceedingly prolific Sweet Corn. Large ears, 12-rowed, 8 to 9 inches long, with deep milky-white kernels and very small cob. A sweet Corn of remarkable quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

248. EARLY EVERGREEN

A splendid second early Corn, long ears, 18-rowed, deep kernels of best quality, very sweet and tender, remaining in condition for use longer than most varieties. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 249. HOWLING MOB

A big, 14-rowed thick ear, with broad, deep kernels; just the right size for the market gardener. Deliciously sweet, second early and very productive. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.35, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

251. MINNESOTA

A popular standard early variety. Ears 9 to 10 inches long, 8-rowed, deep grained and very sweet. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. \$8.50.

252. POTTER'S EXCELSIOR OR SQUANTAM

Fine, large ears, deep grained and very sweet. A popular variety for main crop, maturing a few days earlier than Stowell's Evergreen. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

253. LONG ISLAND BEAUTY

This corn matures very late and is, therefore valuable to prolong the season. The ears are immense, often a foot long with 18 to 20 rows of kernels. The quality is fine, the corn being sweet and very tender for so large a variety. This is a profitable market corn as well as an excellent one for home use. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 254. STOWELL'S EVERGREEN

The favorite Sweet Corn for main crop and more extensively planted by market and home gardeners than any other variety. A fine, big, 16 to 18 rowed, well filled ear, with very deep kernels tightly placed, pure white, milky and very sweet. An excellent form for the table or for canning. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.15, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.00.

★ 255. COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

The most delicious flavored of all Sweet Corns for late and main crop, and the finest of all for the private table. The ears average from 8 to 9 inches in length and are thickly and tightly set with round, very deep kernels irregularly placed and often called shoe peg corn. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.35, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

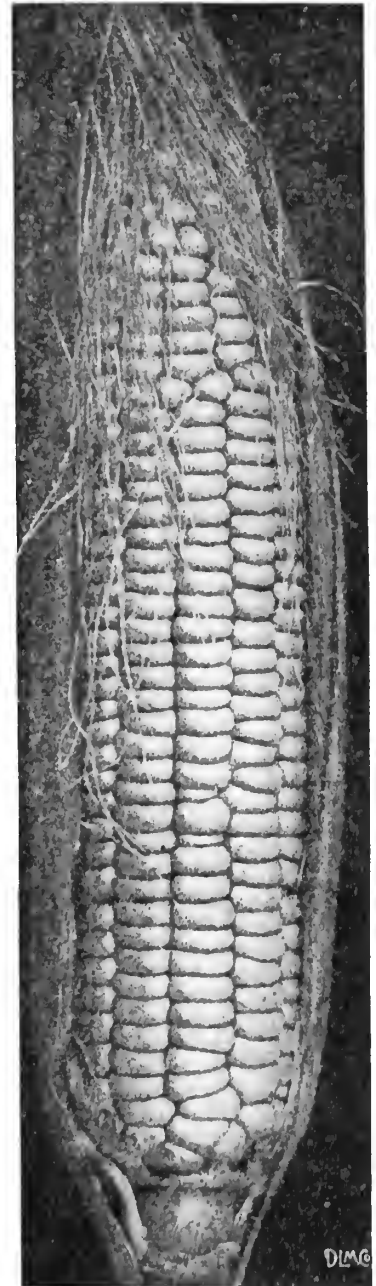
257. THE MAMMOTH SUGAR

About a week later than Stowell's, with ears of immense size—easily the largest of all Sweet Corns—often 15 inches long, very broad, deep grained; sweet, tender and delicious. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 258. BLACK MEXICAN, OR BLACK SUGAR

Medium early; black kernels. One of the sweetest and best, ears 8 inches long, deep grained and well filled to tip. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 12 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

ALL OUR SWEET CORN IS EASTERN GROWN



POPCORN

270. WHITE RICE

Fine, pearly white kernels. The most popular and widely known variety. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

271. QUEEN'S GOLDEN

Pops out perfectly white and surpasses all others in size. Very prolific, producing from 3 to 5 ears to a stalk. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

272. RED BEAUTY

One of the most prolific Popcorns grown. Pops out white and full. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

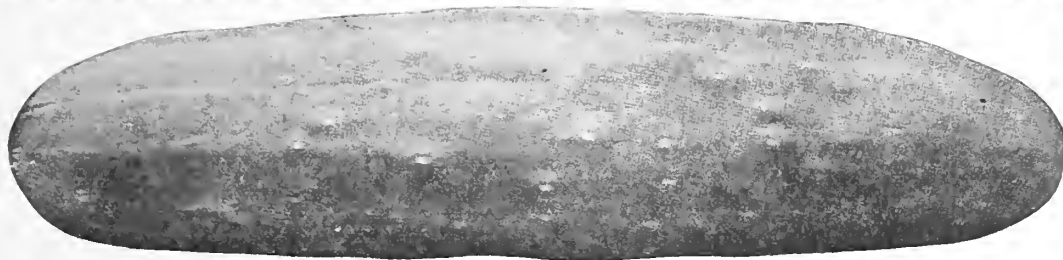
273. BABY RICE OR JAPANESE HULLESS

This variety produces considerably more bulk popped corn from the same amount of corn than other varieties. Pure white with absence of hull after popping. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid.

Salads

Cucumbers

Pickles



280. Davis Perfect Cucumber

Pick the fruit as soon as it is large enough and before it begins to ripen, as the vines will cease setting fruit as soon as any seed begins to mature. In gathering for pickles, cut the stem instead of pulling the fruit off and be careful not to mar the fruit in any way, for if the skin be broken the pickles will not keep so well.

The striped cucumber beetle is often very destructive to young plants. These beetles, when not very numerous, are usually kept from doing serious damage by dusting the plants with fine road earth. Tobacco dust and plaster may be used with impunity. Lime and ashes are more effective but will injure the plants if used too freely. We spray our fields at intervals of ten days through the season with Bordeaux mixture to which has been added Paris green, which is a poison for biting insects and a preventive of blight. The best protection against injury is a vigorous and rapid growth of the young plants.

One ounce will plant 50 hills—3 pounds per acre.

★ 280. THE DAVIS PERFECT CUCUMBER

Grows long and slim and sometimes measures 10 inches or more in length. The color is a rich, dark, glossy green which they hold until nearly ripe. It is almost seedless, very tender, brittle and of fine flavor. The vines are vigorous and very productive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, 1 lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.00.

★ 281. KIRBY'S STAYSGREEN (WHITE SPINE)

A small early shipping cucumber, notable for its intensely dark green color. An enormous yielder, this variety is recommended chiefly for the earliest shipping sections, where length is not necessary. We do not believe it is excelled for earliness, color, and heavy yielding. Size $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches long by $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, 1 lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.00.

★ 282. EXTRA EARLY WHITE SPINE

One of the earliest and best known varieties of Cucumbers. A heavy and continuous yielder of large, finely formed Cucumbers. The color is rich dark green with white spines running from the blossom end. The flesh is firm, white, remarkably crisp and the flavor delightfully refreshing and cool. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

283. EARLY FORTUNE

The finest type of White Spine yet produced. Early, very productive and disease resistant, fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; flesh white, very firm and crisp, with very few seeds; color rich, dark green, which does not fade when shipped a long distance. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, 1 lb. \$1.10, 10 lbs. \$9.50.

284. IMPROVED LONG GREEN

An extra long, slim, straight, dark green Cucumber, just the kind you want for the table and for slicing. Very productive. Cucumbers are often 14 inches long, very firm and brittle. A good market variety, also largely planted for pickling. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.00.

285. LONGFELLOW (NEW)

It is truly a magnificent cucumber, the finest of the large varieties. Its dark green color, length and well balanced shape easily place it in a distinctive class. Its seeding qualities are excellent and is very prolific. Size 12 to 14 inches in length by $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, 1 lb. \$4.50.

286. FORDHOOK FAMOUS

Another very fine strain of White Spine. The fruits are extra long, thick and blunt at the ends, crisp and solid. A fine variety for the table or for market; color light green. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.20, 10 lbs. \$10.00.

288. EVERBEARING

A wonderfully productive variety though not very large in size. The Cucumbers are firm, light green; good for pickling or slicing. If the fruits are gathered regularly this sort will continue bearing right through the season. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

290. NEW MEDIUM GREEN

An excellent and very prolific variety for pickling and for table use, 5 to 6 inches long when fully grown, always straight, smooth and of fine appearance. Extremely early and especially adapted for forcing in frames or greenhouses. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

291. EARLY CLUSTER

Principally grown for pickling. Fruits small, usually borne in pairs, light green; enormously productive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, 1 lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

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CUCUMBERS—Continued

★ 292. JERSEY PICKLING

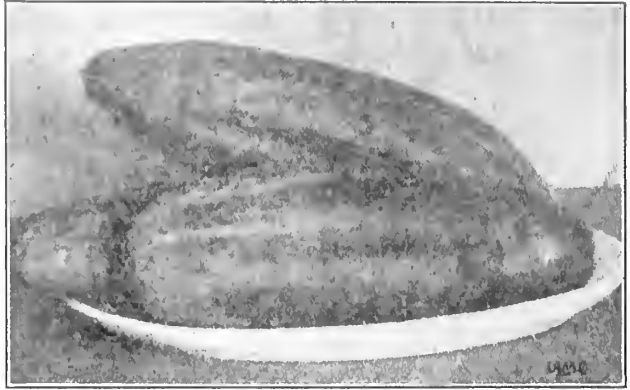
One of the best pickling sorts. Pickles long and very slender. Extensively used by pickle manufacturers in New Jersey. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 293. GREEN PROLIFIC, OR BOSTON PICKLING

A most excellent pickling sort, very uniform, productive, smooth short and pointed at each end. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

296. IMPROVED CHICAGO PICKLE

A great favorite in the Western states. Fruit of medium length, pointed at both ends, with large and prominent spines. Color dark green; begins to set fruit when the vines are quite young. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.



283. Early Fortune

297. JAPANESE CLIMBING

Unlike other varieties, this variety makes unusually long vines provided with large tendrils which readily cling to support making it suitable for covering trellises, fences, etc. The fruit is long, slender and smooth, just the size for slicing, and being held up from the ground is always bright and attractive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

300. MIXED CUCUMBER SEEDS

A careful blend of all the most desirable sorts. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.00.

275. CORN SALAD

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill.

Used for "greens" like spinach or as a salad. Can be sown in the spring and fall. Succeeds best when sown in the early spring and in August. Can be sown in September and wintered like spinach if given a little protection.

Serve as a salad with a French dressing; also good cooked like Spinach. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 85c.

225. CHERVIL

The great French herb used by French chefs for flavoring salads, soups, etc. It grows rapidly and the young leaves are finely curled and excellent for garnishing. It imparts a delicious, aromatic flavor and is especially fine for salads. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85.

CHICORY

230. LARGE ROOTED, OR COFFEE

Grown for its roots, which are dug in the Fall, dried, cut in thin slices, roasted and ground; largely used for mixing with or as a substitute for coffee. The leaves contain iron and make a healthy, palatable salad. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85.

277. CRESS, EXTRA CURLED, or PEPPER GRASS

Finely curled leaves resembling Parsley and very useful for garnishing. Cress grows very quickly, the young leaves are slightly pungent and make a fine salad. For this purpose sow every two or three weeks in shallow drills one foot apart and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

DANDELION

305. IMPROVED THICK-LEAVED

We usually think of Dandelions as obnoxious weeds but do you know that Dandelion leaves are just full of iron and

eaten as a salad are of great benefit to the human system, in fact, as good as a Spring tonic; Don't fail to grow a row of our Improved Thick-Leaved variety in your garden. Sow in April in shallow drills 18 inches apart; cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.00.

EGG PLANT

Sow seed in March in boxes in the house, greenhouse or hotbed. Do not set plants out until all danger of frost is over and the ground is warm. Usually in this section the latter part of May is early enough.

One packet will produce 100 plants. One ounce 1000 plants.

★ 308. NEW YORK IMPROVED SPINELESS

The favorite variety for market and the home garden. Large vigorous plants bearing from 4 to 6 large oval fruits of a dark purple color. Will bear well until frost. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

★ 309. BLACK BEAUTY

Of the same shape as our Improved Large Purple but of a deeper color, almost black, and somewhat earlier. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

HORSE-RADISH ROOTS THE NEW BOHEMIAN, OR MALINER KREN

Grows quicker, thicker and stronger than the old varieties; it is really wonderful how quickly the roots develop. It will outyield the common variety 2 to 1 and is far superior in quality. Plant roots or sets in early Spring in rows 1 foot apart and 3 inches deep. We offer only good sized sets. Doz. 35c, 100, \$2.00, postpaid; Not prepaid, 1000, \$12.00.

ENDIVE

The curly Endive is one of our most delicious and healthy salad greens, and while it can be sown in early Spring and used through the Summer it is really not at its best until touched by frost and therefore should be grown as a salad for late Fall use. For this purpose sow the seed in June and July. When plants are large enough transplant 10 inches to 1 foot apart each way. The leaves will grow flat on the ground and when fully grown gather them up and tie together. Two weeks time will bleach the heart ready for use. Tie up only as many plants as you can use at a time so as to keep up a succession.

★ 310. BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN

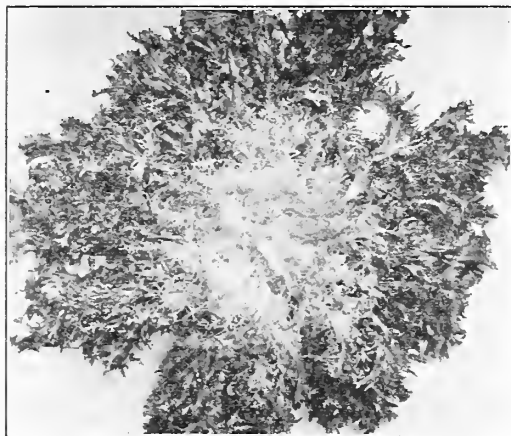
A favorite thick ribbed variety with fairly broad leaves slightly curled. Grows vigorously. Forms large plants full of leaves, blanches quickly, is very crisp and tender. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.35.

★ 311. GREEN CURLED

A very hardy, vigorous sort, with finely curled leaves of a deep green color. Blanching readily to a creamy white when tied up. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.20.

312. MOSS CURLED

The most intensely curled of all varieties, and one of the most tender. The leaves are of a light green color and blanch very quickly. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.20.



311. Green Curled Endive

317. FRENCH ENDIVE, OR WITLOOF CHICORY

The leaves and leaf-stems of this variety are blanched and used as a salad like Endive or Cos lettuce.

Sow seed about one inch deep in the open ground in May or June in rows about eighteen inches apart. Thin plants to six inches apart in the row. In the fall the roots should be lifted, the leaves trimmed to within one and one-half inches of the crown, the side roots broken off and the roots shortened to a uniform length of about nine inches. The roots are then placed upright in a trench about eighteen inches deep setting, the roots about two inches apart and the crowns at a depth of about nine inches below the level of the top of the trench. Fill in the trench with fine rich soil. If more rapid growth is desired cover the rows with a mulch of manure about one and one-half feet deep. The new tops will attain the proper size in from four to six weeks.

Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c., 2 lb. \$2.60.

KALE, or BORECOLE

Very delicious greens for use in late Fall and all through the Winter. Kale is cooked and served like Spinach but has to be frosted before it is real tender. And just think, you can go into your garden any time during the Winter, brush the snow off the leaves and gather a nice mess of fresh, healthful greens for the table. We wonder why so many gardens are without this delicious vegetable—it is so easily grown. Sow about May 15 to 20, in drills 2 feet apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. When large enough to transplant set 18 inches apart in the rows and rows from 2 to 3 feet apart.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill or furnish 2000 plants.

★ 320. IMPROVED DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH

The best variety for the home garden or the truck farmer. It is perfectly hardy, has large, deeply curled and crumpled leaves; the plants being dwarf the leaves almost hug the ground and are not broken off by heavy snow and ice. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

321. TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH

Plants grow from 2 to 3 feet high and produce an abundance of finely curled dark green leaves of large size. Pkt. 10c., oz., 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c., lb. \$1.00.

322. SIBERIAN

Also called "Sprouts." A very hardy kale of dwarf growth with broad thick leaves curled on the edges. The color is light bluish green. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.10.

KOHL-RABI

The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above ground. It is tender and excellent when used before fully grown, combining somewhat the flavors of cabbage and turnip. Seed should be sown in light, rich soil as early in spring as possible in rows one and one half- feet apart and when well established thin to six inches apart in the row. Plantings at intervals of ten days will give a succession until hot weather, when they fail to grow well. Plantings may be made the latter part of July for fall use.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

★ 330. EARLY WHITE VIENNA

A short-leaved, very tender, light green or nearly white bulb of medium size and of very best quality. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.10.

★ 331. EARLY PURPLE VIENNA

Just like the above in shape and size, only the skin and leaves are purple in color. The flesh is extremely tender and white. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.10.

LEEK

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

This belongs to the onion family and is a good fall and winter substitute for green onions. The leaves are flat, and the stems are very large, cylindrical and bulbous. Sow early in spring in drills twelve to fifteen inches apart, covering one-half inch deep. Thin plants to six inches apart in row and draw the earth about them when cultivating. If one desires very white and tender leeks transplant when about six inches high setting four inches apart in trenches about two feet apart and gradually earth up like celery.

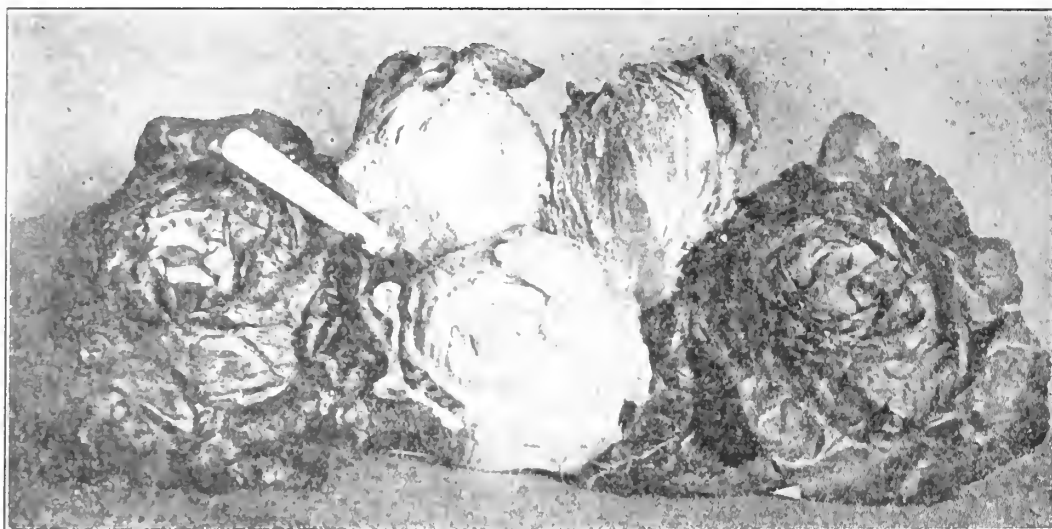
★ 335. AMERICAN FLAG

A large, rich and mild flavored Leek of strong growth, blanching beautifully white. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.60.

**Keeps
The**

Lettuce

**Appetite
Awake**



One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

★ 340. FORREST'S BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON

A big, loose heading, tender and very crisp Lettuce, sure to succeed even under adverse conditions. The leaves are of enormous size, of a light green color and handsomely frilled at the edges. Sow it right through the season. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.60, 10 lbs. \$15.00.

★ 341. BIG BOSTON

We have a very select stock of this fine and popular Lettuce. It is the firmest and largest of all heading Putter Lettuce. Has very few waste leaves and the heart is very compact. A splendid variety for early and late sowing and for forcing. On account of its great substance and firmness it is a most valuable sort for market gardeners as it ships well and retains its fresh appearance for a long time after cutting. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

359. GOLD STANDARD

This is a wonderful variety, producing large, compact heads, very early and an excellent shipping lettuce. The heads are a lightish green without the bronze edge and can be used for either early or late sowing. Resists the heat. Has given splendid results with market gardeners. Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$37.50.

342. BIG BOSTON FORREST'S SELECTED

This is a special selection of probably the most generally used variety in cultivation, and is in great demand with the Market Gardener. It is early and hardy and stands shipping well. This strain is absolutely true to type and we highly recommend it. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c., lb. \$2.25, 10 lbs. \$21.00.

343. WHITE BIG BOSTON

A cabbage butter head; medium size; medium green. Practically the same as Big Boston, but without the tinge of brown on margins of outer leaves. The head is of a whitish green. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$2.25, 10 lbs. \$21.00.

★ 344. MAY KING

A very early solid heading variety with very few loose outside leaves. The heart is of a beautiful golden yellow color. The leaves are light yellowish green with a faint tint of brown at the extreme edges of the top leaves, while the quality is excellent. We recommend it highly for forcing in frames and early planting in the garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

LETTUCE---Continued

345. CRISP AS ICE

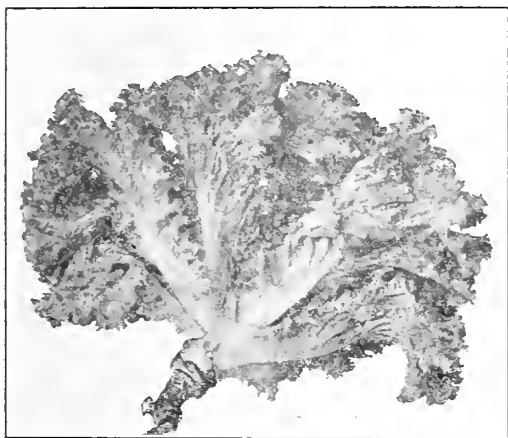
The heads are tightly folded, blanched to a silvery white; the leaves are thick, heavy ribbed, remarkably crisp and refreshing. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

★ 346. PRIZE HEAD

A crisp, tender, quick growing, loose heading Lettuce of large size, finely crumpled and frilled, leaves tinged heavily with brown. A very delicious Lettuce. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.60, 10 lbs. \$15.00.

349. HANSON IMPROVED

A splendid summer heading sort, being compact with a large cabbage like head. The outer leaves are yellowish green, inner leaves white and tender. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.70, 10 lbs. \$16.00.



350. Grand Rapids Lettuce

★ 350. GRAND RAPIDS

A most handsome and attractive loose-leaved Lettuce, intensely frilled, of a light green color throughout. Primarily a forcing Lettuce but good for a first crop outdoors. Not recommended for Summer planting. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

★ 351. ICEBERG

A large, late and very crisp Cabbage heading variety forming heads of great size and very firm leaves unusually broad, heavy ribbed, blistered and crumpled, and finely frilled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.70, 10 lbs. \$16.00.

352. EARLY CURLED SIMPSON W.S.

A loose heading sort of excellent quality. Early, crisp, with rather short, broad and much crumpled and frilled leaves of a light green color. A very tender Leaf Lettuce for cutting. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.60, 10 lbs. \$15.00.

353. WAYAHEAD

So named on account of its extreme earliness. It is a firm heading Lettuce of handsome appearance and fine quality. Of great value for an early crop outdoors and a late crop in Fall. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.70, 10 lbs. \$16.00.

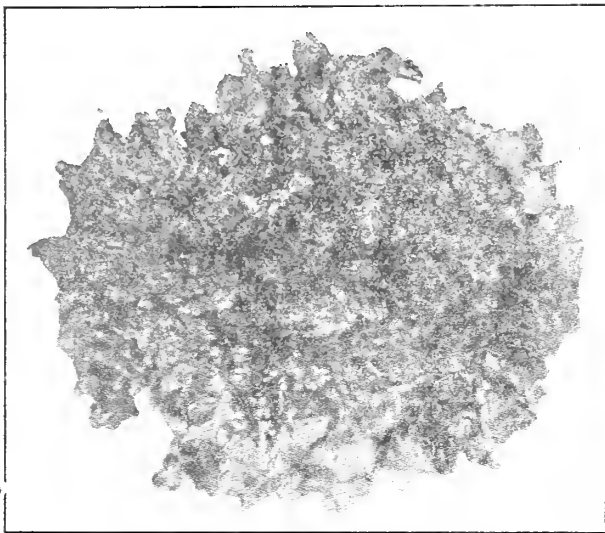
★ 354. SALAMANDER

A solid heading Butter Lettuce; resists heat remarkably well and remains solid for a long time. We recommend it for Summer use. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.70, 10 lbs. \$16.00.

To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that I cut at the rate of 1480 crates of Lettuce to the acre from Forrest Gold Standard Seed.

J. L. JONES, Oswego, N. Y.



340. Forrester's Black Seeded Simpson

356. CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER

Firm, globular heads, tender and of a rich buttery flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.70, 10 lbs. \$16.00.

357. NEW YORK, OR WONDERFUL

We believe this is the best Lettuce for Summer use and the heads are simply immense, as large as a small Cabbage, very compact and as crisp as Celery. Resists the heat and drought to a remarkable degree. A grand Lettuce for the home or market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.20, 10 lbs. \$20.00.

★ 358. PARIS TRIANON COS, or CELERY LETTUCE

(Romaine Lettuce). A distinct upright growing Lettuce esteemed for its crispness, mild and excellent flavor. It grows erect about 12 inches high. Leaves fold in at the top, bleaching the inner leaves to a snowy whiteness. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.



359. Gold Standard Lettuce

The varieties marked with a star (*) are included in lists of varieties recommended by New York State Department of Agriculture of Cornell University for culture in New York State. These recommendations are general and, of course, subject to modification for special purposes or conditions.

Muskmelon

What is more delicious than a ripe, juicy melon grown in your own garden?

Select a sunny, warm spot in your garden and plant in hills, in especially enriched soil, 3 feet apart each way, as soon as the trees are in leaf and the ground is warm. Our muskmelon seed is saved from perfect well ripened fruit absolutely true to type and in the finest soil that can be found in the melon belt of Colorado.

One ounce will plant 50 hills—2½ pounds to an acre.

★ 376. GOLDEN CHAMPLAIN.

The earliest and finest muskmelon. See page 4. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.00, 10 lbs. \$25.00.

370. EDWARD'S PERFECTO

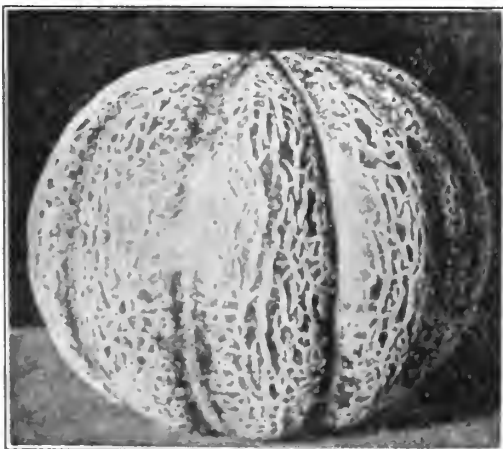
"Salmon Fleshed Rockyford. Better than Pollock 10-25." It is a new variety developed from the Rockyford Eden Gem by J. R. Edwards of Rockyford. Fruit uniform in size, nearly round, and densely covered with a hard gray netting. Flesh very thick with a delightful salmon-color shading into green as it nears the rind. The Perfecto has the deepest flesh, smallest seed cavity and more salmon color than any type of Rockyford shipping melon. The small seed cavity is an aid in shipping as well as appearance. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 55c, 1 lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

★ 371. BENDER'S SURPRISE

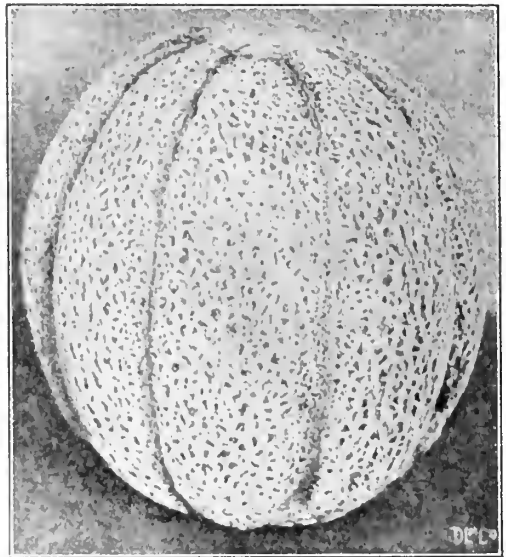
It is sweet and delicious, nearly round in shape, very large, often weighing from 8 to 10 pounds, evenly ribbed and moderately netted; is a strong grower, a heavy yielder and of handsome appearance. The flesh is firm deep orange color but not hard and is edible almost to the rind. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 80c, lb. \$2.60, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

372. ROCKY FORD

A luscious, handsomely netted, almost round Melon of medium size, early; green flesh sweet to the rind and a great shipper and keeper. Rocky Ford, is known and praised from coast to coast and is one of the choicest for the home garden or for market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.10, 10 lbs. \$10.00.



373. Emerald Gem Muskmelon



372. Rocky Ford Muskmelon

★ 373. EMERALD GEM

A Melon you can always depend upon. Rich, juicy, sweet and one of the earliest to ripen. Flesh a handsome salmon color, very thick. Fruits emerald green, globular, slightly flattened, irregularly ribbed and lightly netted. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.00.

374. HONEY DEW

Although only of recent introduction this wonderful Melon has taken the market by storm and no wonder, for it is certainly of a most luscious flavor and as handsome in appearance as it is luscious. The fruit is oval, of great size, fully 8 to 9 inches in diameter, perfectly smooth, hard, without netting, creamy white in color, turning to a lemon tint when fully ripe. It greatly resembles the fine English frame Melons. The flesh is very deep, of a light emerald green color, ripens to the rind, tender and melting, with an extreme sweetness found in no other melon. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.60, 10 lbs. \$15.00.

375. FORDHOOK

A small Melon, almost round, heavily netted and very sweet. The flesh is very thick of a rich salmon color and ripens to the rind. The rind although thin is unusually hard so that the fruit carries well to the market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

378. HEARTS OF GOLD

A fine little Melon, round, inclined to heart-shape, with very thick flesh of a rich orange color and just as good as it looks, for it is certainly of a most delicious flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

MUSKMELONS—Continued

379. JENNY LIND

Extra early, small, green fleshed Melon, very sweet and productive. A favorite with many large melon growers, especially in New Jersey. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00 10 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 380. MILLER'S CREAM, OR OSAGE

An oblong Melon of good size and fine appearance. Salmon flesh, melting and very sweet; heavily netted, deep ribbed and a fine Mellon for "main crop" for market purposes. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

381. PAUL ROSE, OR PETOSKEY

Oblong, of medium size; finely netted, deeply ribbed; salmon flesh extending almost to the very center, with the smallest possible seed cavity; as sweet as sugar. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

★ 383. IMPROVED EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK

Very prolific; flesh green, thick, melting and sweet. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

384. BANANA MUSKMELON

A most delicious Melon of novel shape. Looks just like a monster sized banana. The flesh is salmon, very thick and deliciously sweet, having the aroma of a very ripe banana. The fruits are from 15 to 20 inches long and from 4 to 6 inches in diameter. One of the very finest Melons for the home table. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

Watermelons

One ounce plants 50 hills, 3 pounds to an ace.

★ 400. KLECKLEY'S SWEET, or MONTE CRISTO

An oblong Melon of good size and one of the sweetest and best flavored incultivation; ripens anywhere. Has a beautiful appearance, dark green skin, thin rind, scarlet flesh, and is very solid, firm and most luscious. Ripens very early, and is decidedly the best for the home garden and one of the best for market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

401. TOM WATSON

One of the newest Watermelons, of wonderfully large size and sterling qualities. It ripens early and can be grown anywhere in the States, yet the fruit is extremely large. The rind is thin but exceedingly tough and on this account it is one of the best shipping varieties. Dark green mottled skin, flesh brilliant scarlet and very deep, with very few seeds. The flavor is most luscious. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

405. HARRIS EARLIEST

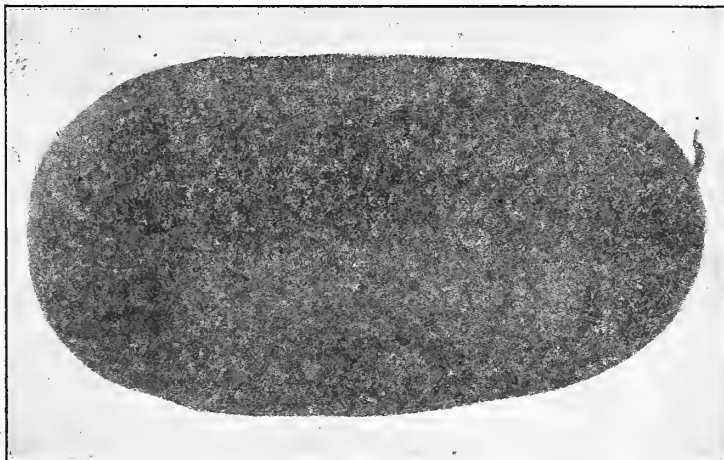
An extra early Melon of good size, very sweet and juicy. Skin dark green and white, flesh deep red. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

406. HALBERT HONEY

A wonderfully sweet Melon of oblong shape, dark glossy green rind, very attractive in appearance and deep crimson flesh. It matures early and is most desirable for the home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Each brick weighs from $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, and will spawn about 10 square feet of beds. Full cultural instructions with each order. Per brick, 30c, (by mail 40c,) by express at customers expense, 5 bricks, \$1.40, 10 bricks, \$2.70, 25 bricks, \$6.00, 50 bricks, \$11.50, 100 bricks, \$22.00.



400. Kleckley's Sweet Watermelon

★ 413. FORDHOOK EARLY

An extra early Melon of fine flavor and large size. Flesh bright red and very sweet. Average weight 30 to 40 lbs. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

418. CITRON, or PRESERVES

Seed red. Used entirely for preserves and pickles and not good for eating like other Watermelons. Of the several varieties on the market this is undoubtedly the finest. Fruit uniformly round and smooth, light green skin handsomely striped and marbled. Wonderfully prolific. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

MUSTARD

430. SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED

Very curly leaves and greatly esteemed for salads. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

435. WHITE LONDON

Seeds white and larger than the Brown. Habit of growth the same. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

EAT
MORE

Onions

HEALTHFUL
APPETIZING

Growing Onions for seed is one of our specialties and we pride ourselves in the knowledge that our strains are perfect in type, shape, color, smoothness, keeping qualities and in every point desired in a perfect onion. Our strains stand unexcelled today. We supply some of the largest dealers and market growers in the country.

Onion seed can be sown outdoors as soon as the ground opens, in shallow drills, covering the seed $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. Thin out 4 inches apart in the row and have rows far enough apart to admit of easy cultivation. To obtain tremendously large onions try the new Onion culture: Start seed in hothebed in February and early March, transplant again in the frame and set outdoors in April in rich soil, when nearly full size break down the stalks to throw all the final strength in the bulbs.

One ounce will sow a row 150 feet long—4 to 5 pounds are required per acre.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO QUOTE ON LARGE QUANTITIES

Our Favorite Three Perfect Globe Onions

★ 450. SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE

Perfect globe-shape, smooth, deliciously tender, yet heavy, solid and very large. Flesh white and mild; small neck, deep yellow skin. A wonderful keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

★ 451. SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

Large, smooth, perfect globe-shaped, small neck, with a thin delicate skin of purest paper whiteness. Crisp, fine grained flesh, snowy white in color and exceedingly mild. Keeps longer than any other white Onion. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00, 10 lbs. \$27.50.



456. Yellow Globe Danver Onion

★ 452. SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE

The greatest keeping Onion we know of. Deep purplish red skin, true globe-shape with small neck, solid, heavy and mild. Outyields most other sorts and is a money maker for the man who plants for market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

★ 453. PRIZETAKER

A beautiful Onion of great size and one of the mildest of all. Bulbs are straw color, globe-shaped, expand quickly and grow very uniform in size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, 10 lbs. \$18.50.

★ 455. WHITE PORTUGAL, or SILVER SKIN

Large, flat, mild, hard and fine grained. A favorite quick maturing Onion for bunching and also an excellent keeper. White Portugal is more extensively grown for sets than any other sort, also for pickling and bunching. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.65, 10 lbs. \$24.00.

★ 456. YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS

A very dependable Onion to grow. Not as large as Southport Yellow Globe, but very firm, mild and of excellent color. Always a heavy yielder and a long keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.35, 10 lbs. \$20.00.

457. YELLOW FLAT DANVERS

More flat in form than Globe Danvers, but in other respects similar. It always attains a good size, is very early, a heavy yielder and a good keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.20, 10 lbs. \$18.50.

464. FORREST'S EARLY YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS

It being about two weeks earlier than the regular Globe Danvers, makes it very profitable for the Onion Grower to use. Globe shaped, small neck, beautiful color, hard and solid which makes it a wonderful keeper. This Onion has given excellent results in the large Onion growing sections. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

ONIONS—Continued

458. EBENEZER, OR JAPANESE

This onion is large, firm, white fleshed, the bottom slightly flattened, early, yellow skinned with small tops. Those who are looking for a nice mild onion for their own use would do well to try this onion. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.75. 10 lbs. \$25.00.

459. LARGE YELLOW STRASSBURG, or YELLOW DUTCH

Similar to the flat Yellow Danvers but larger. A good table Onion. Flesh pure white and of fine flavor. One of the most popular sorts for growing sets because of its fine, plump, round, smooth shape and bright golden yellow color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.85, 10 lbs. \$16.00.

★ 460. LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD

A fine, large, rather flat Onion and one of the oldest and best in the market. Solid, firm, sweet, quick to expand, fine grained and a wonderful keeper. Immense crops of this Onion are grown each year from our seed by some of the largest growers in the country. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$2.00, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

461. AUSTRALIAN BROWN

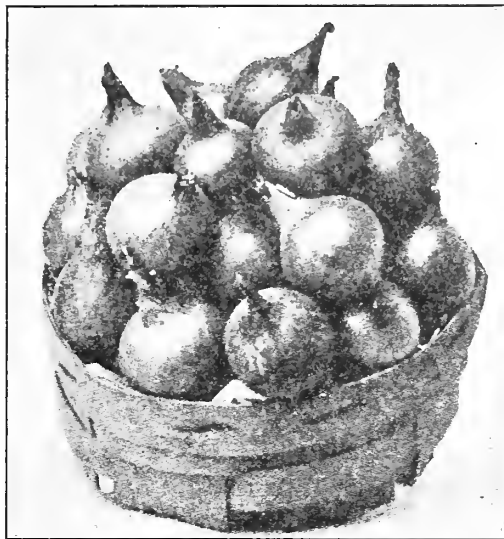
Noted for its long keeping qualities and its peculiar brown color which makes it very attractive indeed. Early, semi-globe-shaped, very hard and solid. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c, lb. \$2.00, 10 lbs. \$17.50.

462. WHITE BARLETTA

Extremely early, small and very handsome Onion, especially fine for bunching and pickling. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.75.



443. Improved Dwarf Okra



ONION SETS

Set in drills 2 inches deep and 2 to 3 inches apart just as soon as frost is out of the ground. We are head-quarters for Eastern Grown Onion Sets and will quote attractive prices on larger quantities.

	Postpaid	Not prepaid
Qt. 4 qts. $\frac{1}{2}$ Bu. 1 Bu.		
1 lb. 4 lbs. 16 lbs. 32 lbs.		
White Portugal, or Silver Skin.....	\$0.40	\$1.10 \$2.50 \$4.50
Yellow Globe Danvers.....	.30	1.00 2.25 4.00
*Red Globe.....	.30	1.00 2.25 4.00

EBENEZER or JAPANESE ONION SETS

Wherever introduced, they will use no other kind. We cannot say too much for this variety. By actual tests these onion sets will produce twice the yield of large dry onions by weight as the common onion sets. The flesh is white, firm and is the best keeper and best flavored onion we have ever seen. Lb. 40c, 4 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. Not prepaid. 1 Bu. \$4.50.

EGYPTIAN, or PERENNIAL TREE ONION For Fall Planting Only

By all means plant a bed of these Onions in the Fall, for they furnish the table with fresh green Onions just as soon as the frost leaves sufficiently to allow pulling them. They are perfectly hardy, need no protection. The young sets grow on top of the stalks instead of seed and should be planted every Fall. Lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 90c, 8 lbs. \$1.60 postpaid.

Onion Plants. See Page 6.

OKRA, or GUMBO

Delicious in soups, stews or as a vegetable by itself. A favorite dish in the South, and rapidly coming in use in the North. The seed pods should be used when very young as they become tough very quickly.

440. PERKINS' MAMMOTH LONG POD

Dwarf, very early, and a most productive sort. The seed pods are long, slender, and remain tender for a remarkably long time. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

443. IMPROVED DWARF

Very early and productive; long, slender, deep green pods. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

PARSLEY

For garnishing meat dishes, decorating or flavoring sauces, soups, stews, etc., Parsley is indispensable. Sow as soon as the ground is in working condition in the Spring, in drills or broadcast. Cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and press the soil down to preserve the moisture. It takes from 3 to 4 weeks for the seed to sprout, and the soil must be kept moist until the plants are up.

480. EXTRA DOUBLE CURLED

Deeply cut, curled and finely crimped leaves of the darkest green color, excellent for garnishing. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

★ 481. CHAMPION MOSS CURLED

Compact and dark green, so finely and closely curled as to resemble bunches of moss. One of the most decorative varieties. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

484. HAMBURG, or TURNIP ROOTED

Edible roots which resemble a small parsnip. Excellent for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

485. PLAIN

The Hardy Italian sort. Excellent for seasoning. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 80c.

PEPPERS

Peppers are comparatively easy to raise if you use the right seed and the plants are set out early in rather light rich soil. If you will keep the peppers picked before they turn red you will have abundance of fruit during the season. When sowing the seed cover very lightly keeping the soil moist and very warm as the seed will not germinate unless kept warm all of the time.

One ounce will produce 1500 plants.

★ 550. PIMIENTO (MILD)

A Pepper of medium size, absolutely uniform, spherical at the top and tapering down to the point. Having a most delicious flavor, it is one of the most desirable varieties for the home garden. The beautiful olive-green color turns to a brilliant scarlet when it is ripe. The flesh is thick, but the skin may be easily peeled off by scalding the pepper. It is especially desirable for stuffing. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 95c, lb. \$3.60.

★ 551. LARGE BELL, or BULL NOSE

Of all Peppers the sweetest, earliest and least pungent—a regular inverted bell-shaped big fruit, thick fleshed and so mild that it could be eaten raw. Just right for stuffing, and excellent for salads. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.10.

★ 552. RUBY KING

A beautiful, bright colored, thick fleshed, sweet and mild flavored Pepper of symmetrical shape, often 4 to 6 inches long by 3 to 4 inches thick. Fine for stuffing and pickling and a great favorite with market gardeners. Very sweet and mild. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 95c, lb. \$3.60.

553. IMPROVED SWEET MOUNTAIN

One of the largest of all the big thick-fleshed Peppers with flesh of unusual thickness and as mild as can be. Fruits often grow 6 inches long and are fully 3 inches in diameter. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 95c, lb. \$3.60.

554. CHINESE GIANT

The largest of the mild or sweet Peppers. Thick, blocky, square at end, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and the same in length. Remarkably sweet. Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.35.

555. GOLD STANDARD

A medium size more or less ribbed, thick-fleshed, mild Pepper, principally grown for slicing and pickling. It is a great favorite with Italians and much in demand in the markets. One of the earliest to mature and very prolific. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.00.

PARSNIPS

Parsnips are one of our staple vegetables for Winter consumption. They are easily grown and easily kept. Sow in early Spring in drills 18 inches apart. Parsnips require all season to mature. A few frosts improve the flavor.

One ounce will sow 75 feet of drill.

491. IMPROVED GUERNSEY

Not quite as long as the above but rather thicker at the top. A good heavy cropper, particularly adapted for shallow soils. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c.

492. LARGE SUGAR, or HOLLOW CROWN

(Abbott's Improved) The popular variety with market gardeners. Long smooth, very thick at top, tender and sugary. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c.



553. Improved Sweet Mountain

557. OSHKOSH.

A big, bright golden yellow Pepper resembling Ruby King in shape and of the same size; very thick fleshed, exceedingly mild and of fine flavor. Pkt. 15c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

★ 558. RED CAYENNE

Long, narrow pointed Peppers produced in clusters. Fruits 4 inches long and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch in diameter, often curved and twisted. Bright red, hot and pungent; used in sauces and pickles. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.60.

Received from you at my last address at West Newton, Pa. They were good. None better. Hope to get a new book soon.

J. F. RICHIE,
Fairchance, Penna.

31 Years of
Knowing How

Peas

Is Back of This
Wide Selection

One-half peck at peck rates, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel at bushel rates.

Peas like cool, moist soils and should therefore be sown very early in the Spring, in fact just as soon as the frost leaves the ground. Several plantings can be made for succession, using the early or quick maturing varieties for later sowing, but best results are always obtained by selecting an early, medium and late variety and planting all three at one time in early Spring. Open drills 2 inches deep and sow liberally about 2 lbs. for 100 feet of drill and cover. Fall varieties can be planted in double rows, with the brush or support for the vines between the rows.

499. LAXTON'S PROGRESS

Laxton's Progress resembles the Laxtonian and Hundred-fold very closely but it matures a day or two earlier and the pods are a little longer. The vines are about 18 inches high and the pods 4 in. long, deep green in color, containing 8 large dark green peas of high quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$3.75, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$13.50.

★ 500. LAXTONIAN, or BLUE BANTAM

The vines grow only 18 in. high and require no staking, but are nevertheless extremely productive. The pods are as large as those of the Gradus, dark green in color and contain regularly from eight to nine large peas, most deliciously sweet and tender. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.75, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.50.

501. WORLD'S RECORD

An improved type of Gradus, being slightly earlier, more dwarf, true to type and productive. Height $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Vines moderately stout; pods medium green, 4 inches long, fairly broad, pointed and well filled with 7 to 9 very large, dark green peas of exceptional quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. \$2.75, 56 lbs. \$9.50.

★ 502. GRADUS, or PROSPERITY

The vines grow about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. The pods are a rich dark green fully as large as those of the Telephone Peas, and are equally the leader of all extra early Peas. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 503. THOMAS LAXTON

Another very fine Extra Early Pea, equally as good as the Gradus. The pods are straight while those of Gradus are curved at the lower end. Thomas Laxton has one great advantage of ripening its pods nearly all at one time, a feature of the greatest value to market gardeners with whom this sort is a great favorite, and a money maker. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

504. LITTLE MARVEL

A dwarf early Pea of unusual value. The vines average 15 inches in height, and the pods $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length, frequently borne in pairs. The pods contain from 6 to 7 large dark green peas. A desirable Pea for home garden or market. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

★ 505. ALASKA, or EARLIEST OF ALL

($2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.) The earliest Pea in existence and the most prolific. On account of its extreme hardiness Alaska can be planted much earlier than more tender Peas without danger of the seed rotting in the ground. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 15 lbs. \$2.40, 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.



500. Laxtonian Peas

507. FIRST AND BEST

One of the very earliest to mature, at least a week ahead of Gradus, but being round-seeded it is not quite as sweet. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid 15 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.40, 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$8.50.

★ 508. NOTT'S EXCELSIOR

(15 inches.) A standard early dwarf Pea of very fine quality, and very prolific. Pods fully 3 inches long, round, straight and blunt and, containing 7 to 8 large wrinkled peas; very sweet and melting. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

509. LITTLE GEM

(18 inches.) A few days later than Nott's Excelsior, otherwise similar. Bear abundantly. Peas green, wrinkled and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 14 lbs. \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

The varieties marked with a star (*) are included in lists of varieties recommended by New York State Department of Agriculture of Cornell University for culture in New York State. These recommendations are general and, of course, subject to modification for special purposes or conditions.

PEAS—Continued

★ 511. IMPROVED DARK PODDED TELEPHONE

(4 feet.) The best Pea for main crop. Delicious in quality, enormous pods and tremendously prolific. Our Improved Dark Podded Telephone is far ahead of the old Telephone variety. The pods are very dark green and hold their color a long time after picking (of particular value for marketing) often measure 5 to 6 inches in length and are always closely filled with delicious, sweet peas and of large size. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

512. DWARF TELEPHONE, or DAISY

(2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.) A dwarf form of the above. Vines vigorous, stocky, and full of dark green, exceptionally large pods containing from 8 to 9 large wrinkled peas of best quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

★ 513. AMERICAN WONDER

(12 inches.) The smallest of all Dwarfs, yet simply loaded with peas. Can be planted very close together and is therefore of special value to small gardens. Pods well filled with delicious tender peas. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

516. BLISS' EVERBEARING

We always recommend this excellent Pea, whether it be for the home garden or for market—because there is no other Pea that will bear so continuously and bountifully as this sort. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

★ 517. IMPROVED STRATAGEM, or Potlatch

(2 feet.) An ideal late Pea. Large, dark green, well filled pods. Peas wrinkled and delicious in flavor, resists heat better than most sorts. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.00, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$7.50.

★ 518. DWARF CHAMPION

This is the best and most productive second early Pea we know of and of the finest quality for the home garden or for market. The vines grow 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high. The pods are dark green, of great size and contain from eight to nine large, deep green, wrinkled peas, tender and just as sweet as they can be. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.50, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.00.

519. CHAMPION OF ENGLAND

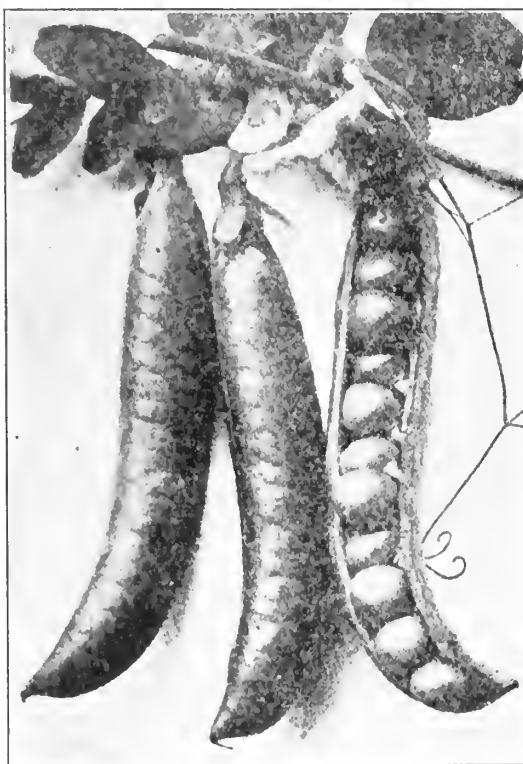
(5 feet.) One of the richest and best flavored late Peas. Very prolific, sweet and melting. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c, lb. 30c, 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.00, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$7.50.

★ 520. ALDERMAN

(4 feet.) A very fine Pea for main crop. Has pods of enormous size just crammed full of large Peas, seldom less than 9 in a pod. Quality unsurpassed. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.75, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.50.

I planted a peck of your Blue Golden Bantam Peas last year and they yielded me over two bushels of pods for every pound of seed, and this year I will plant no other kind.

ALBERT T. GAGNE,
South Royalton, Vt.



Improved Stratagem Peas

★ 521. SURPRISE

This is one of the best wrinkled Peas, producing an abundance of pods in 50 days, and is far superior in quality to any of the smooth, early sorts. The vine grows 20 to 24 inches high and requires no sticks. Its sweetness is noteworthy and it bears with remarkable profusion. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid. 14 lbs. (1 pk.) \$2.75, 56 lbs. (1 bu.) \$9.50.

539. MAMMOTH LUSCIOUS SUGAR PEAS.

The Perfect Sugar Pea, unsurpassed by any other. Long, thick, fleshy, edible pods which are cooked and served in the same way as string Beans. Our Mammoth Luscious is by far the sweetest and most tender of all edible podded Peas, and the most prolific. The pods are very broad, tender and of immense size, fully seven inches long by 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches broad and just as juicy and sweet as they can be. The vines are simply loaded with pods and bear continually for a long time. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid.

540. DWARF GRAY-SEEDED SUGAR

(2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.) A good sort for gardens where brush is hard to get. Very productive; pods just as large as those of the tall kind. Very juicy and sweet. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c, lb. 35c, 2 lbs. 65c, postpaid.

FIELD PEAS

For Canada Field Peas, See page 59.

MOTHER'S

Pumpkins

PIES

NO THANKSGIVING DINNER COMPLETE WITHOUT A PUMPKIN PIE

Even the smallest garden should have a hill or two for you can cover up an unsightly place with them. Let them hang over a fence or stone wall or crawl in among the Corn hills, where there is ample room for the vines to spread. Give them very rich ground if you want real large pumpkins. It is best to make hills about 10 feet apart each way, add manure with the soil, and sow 3 to 4 seeds in each hill when the ground is warm. When the plants begin to grow allow two or three of the strongest to remain and draw the soil up against them to form a hill. The fruits should be gathered and stored just before frost. They keep splendidly all through the Winter.

One ounce will sow from 25 to 50 hills according to the size of the seed.

570. KING OF THE MAMMOTHS, or POTIRON

The biggest, richest colored and most delicious Pumpkin grown. Develops fruits of enormous size, often 2 feet or more in diameter and from 100 to 200 pounds in weight. Its color is a rich salmon orange; the flesh is very thick, fine grained, tender and of excellent quality for pies. Try this sort in your garden; see how big you can raise them. Experiment with one hill. Make the soil very rich, allow only one vine to grow and leave only one fruit on the vine. The result will delight you. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.10, 10 lbs. \$10.00.

★ 571. SMALL SUGAR, or PIE

A rather small but very fine grained and tender Pumpkin. An excellent keeper and delicious for pies and canning. Shape round, with orange yellow skin and slightly ribbed; very productive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 10 lbs. \$6.50.

572. LARGE SWEET CHEESE, or KENTUCKY FIELD

A large, handsome creamy buff pumpkin, round, flattened and much ribbed with very tender yellow flesh of the finest quality. Productive and just the right size to handle. Excellent for pies and canning. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c, 10 lbs. \$6.00.



572. Large Cheese Pumpkin



571. Sugar Pumpkins

578. LARGE FIELD, or BIG TOM

The popular Corn hill variety sometimes known as Connecticut Field. Very nutritious and therefore excellent for stock feeding; also good for pies. Fruits average 15 to 20 inches in diameter, round or slightly oval in form, reddish orange skin and rich orange yellow flesh. A very vigorous grower and most prolific bearer. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

Pumpkins are highly recommended as a food for dairy cattle.

It is indeed a pleasure to deal with so reliable a firm, and I will be glad to recommend The Forrest Seed Co. to any of my friends.

MRS. ANDREW M. KRAUS,
Saugerties, N. Y.

My garden was planted with Forrest Seeds last year and I never had such a nice garden. Seeds were all O. K.

JOHN T. REAGAN,
Marietta, N. Y.

The varieties marked with a star (*) are included in lists of varieties recommended by New York State Department of Agriculture of Cornell University for culture in New York State. These recommendations are general and, of course, subject to modification for special purposes or conditions.

Crisp

Radish

Tender

Radishes must grow quickly to be tender, especially the earlier varieties. The soil must be thoroughly prepared. Sow as soon as frost leaves the ground and at intervals of 10 days to insure a constant supply, using a good dressing of Nitrate of Soda to force them.

★ 600. EARLY SCARLET GLOBE

The earliest of all and best for forcing or outdoors. Perfect globes, mild, crisp, juicy and tender, with the smallest possible top; a remarkably solid Radish and altogether the finest and most profitable sort for the market or home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.05.

601. SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED

Round, deep, scarlet, with handsome white tip at the bottom; very early, tender and crisp. Excellent for forcing or outdoors, and aside from the fine quality, an extremely ornamental Relish for the table. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

602. EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP

Round, deep red, small top and roots; a good sort for outdoors; stands the heat well without becoming pithy. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 603. FRENCH BREAKFAST

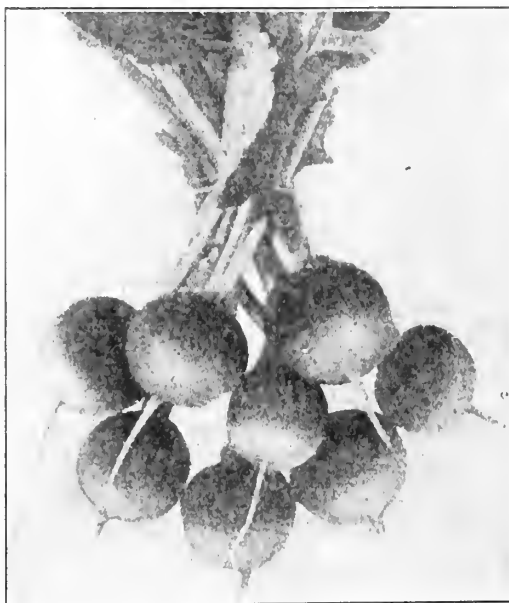
A very popular, bright scarlet, olive-shaped Radish with white tip at bottom. One of the earliest to mature. Handsome in appearance, crisp, tender and refreshing. A splendid sort for every purpose. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

605. CRIMSON GIANT

Extremely large, almost twice the size of the early round varieties yet just as early, and never pithy—just a delicious, solid crisp and tender Radish to plant right through the season. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.



603. French Breakfast Radish



601. Scarlet White Tip Radish

★ 607. ICICLE RADISH

A delicious, long white Radish, brittle, transparent, cooling and for all the world like an icicle. We consider it the finest and most satisfactory Radish to grow during the Summer and Fall. The roots grow 4 to 5 inches long and are ready for use in 20 days. The leaves are short and the flavor is the very best. A money maker for market gardeners. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

608. CHARTIER

A long, scarlet Radish with white tip at bottom; 7 to 8 inches long, rather thick at top, tapering gradually to a point. Crisp and solid but somewhat later in maturing than any other long varieties. Quality unexcelled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.00.

★ 611. LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP

A handsome, bright scarlet, slender, very long variety, crisp and tender. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.00.

609. GIANT WHITE STUTTGART

Large top-shaped roots, firm, solid, 4 inches in diameter and of equal length. Of a clear white color. A fine Radish for Summer and Fall; very tender and mild. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 610. WHITE STRASSBURG

Another fine Summer Radish. Roots 5 inches long, very thick at the top and tapering abruptly; skin and flesh pure white, very brittle. Remains fit for use for a long time. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

RADISH—Continued

WINTER RADISHES

Should be sown in July and August. Roots can be stored for Winter use. Delicious when sliced or for salads.

620. WHITE CHINESE, or NEW CELESTIAL

The finest of all the extra long, White Radishes. Roots of immense size, fully 10 to 12 inches long, and often 3 inches in diameter, with a beautiful white skin and flesh; always crisp, mild, juicy and a great keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 621. ROUND BLACK SPANISH

Round, inclined to top-shape, 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Skin black, white fleshed, somewhat pungent. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

★ 622. LONG BLACK SPANISH

Fully 10 inches long, thick, black skinned; white flesh, somewhat pungent. Very hardy; a great keeper and the most popular Winter variety. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

624. ROSE CHINA, WINTER

One of the very best Winter Radishes. Bright rose colored skin, white flesh, crisp and pungent. The roots are thickest at the bottom and perfectly blunt, tapering very slightly toward the top. Roots average 5 inches in length by 2 inches thick. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$8.50.

Having been using Forrest's Seeds for years. Your Cortland Tomato is a dandy.

J. W. DAVIS,
Olean, N. Y.

The seeds are perfectly satisfactory. The Tomatoes are wonderful.

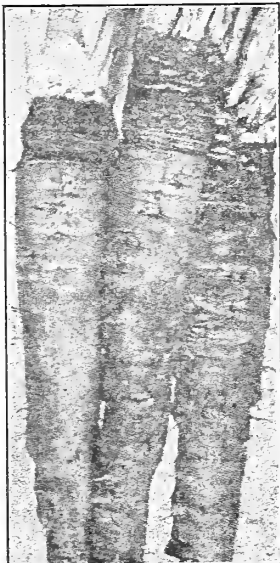
HARRY TEELON,
Mt. Upton, N. Y.

SALSIFY, or OYSTER PLANT

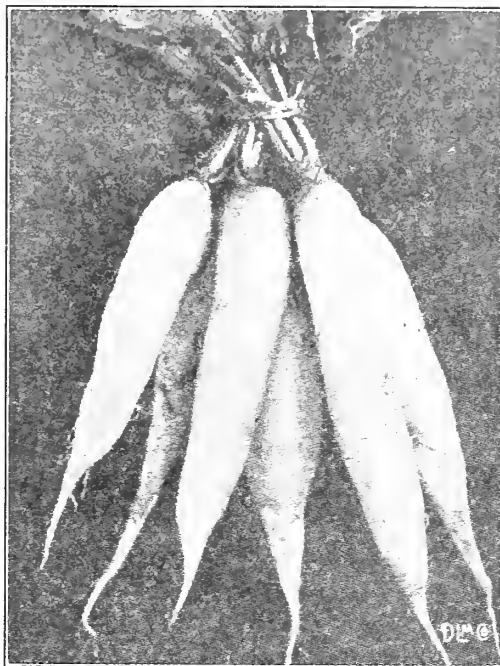
A very nutritious vegetable for Winter storing or early spring use in which latter case it is left in the ground all Winter. It is never good until it has been frozen, which adds to the flavor. Sow in early April in drills 1 inch deep, drills 18 inches to 2 feet apart. Thin out to 4 inches apart. To get heavy, long roots it is necessary to plant in deep loose soil. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill 8 lbs. an acre.

★ 641. SANDWICH ISLAND

Large, thick, smooth roots. Succeeds well on most soils. A great favorite with market gardeners. We offer a very fine strain. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.60, 10 lbs. \$24.00.



641. Sandwich Island Salsify



607. New Ice-cream Radish

RHUBARB, or PIE PLANT

★ 590. LINNÆUS

The best flavored and strongest growing of all varieties. Very vigorous, with long, thick stalks, yet has a most tender skin. Rhubarb is easily raised from seed and it is by far the quickest and cheapest way to obtain a quantity of roots; ready to cut from the second year. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35.

RHUBARB ROOTS

Extra strong clumps for immediate results from which you can gather stalks shortly after planting. It will pay you well to plant Rhubarb Roots in heavily manured soil, for you will get longer, thicker and more tender stalks. 15c, each, 2 for 25c, \$1.25 dozen, postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

SUNFLOWER, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN

Many farmers and gardeners have come to realize the great food value of the Sunflower seeds for fowls. Aside from the fact that parrots thrive on this seed, it is, we believe, the best egg producing food you can give to your hens; horses and cattle relish it greatly. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 50 lbs. \$7.50, 100 lbs. \$14.00.

TOBACCO

Tobacco is indeed a handsome object in the garden and so ornamental that it is often used in foliage groups on the lawn and in the flower gardens.

720. CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF

Best adapted to our Northern and Middle States. Plants are very tall and stately and produce leaves of huge size and fine texture; a variety much preferred for cigar wrappers. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35.

Physicians
Prescribe

Spinach For Health

All varieties of Spinach except New Zealand succeed only during the cool weather, in Spring and Fall. As soon as it is dry and warm they run to seed. Sow as early as the ground opens, in drills 1 foot or more apart, cover seed $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. Make several successive sowings to prolong the season. For Fall and Winter sow in August and September. The New Zealand is the best variety for Summer. Being a vine, sow it in hills like Cucumbers, 3 plants to a hill and hills 18 inches apart, or plant in drills 2 to 3 feet apart. The seed is hard and should be soaked in water to hasten germination.

One ounce Spinach seed will sow 50 feet of drill—20 pounds to the acre.

★ 650. KING OF DENMARK

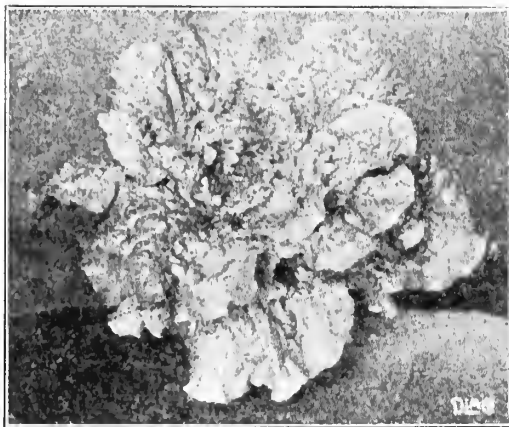
A fine long season Spinach, remaining longer than most varieties before running to seed. Plant vigorous and spreading; leaves large, rounded, crumpled and blistered: deep green in color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 50c, postpaid. 10 lbs. and over 45c, lb.

651. IMPROVED LONG SEASON

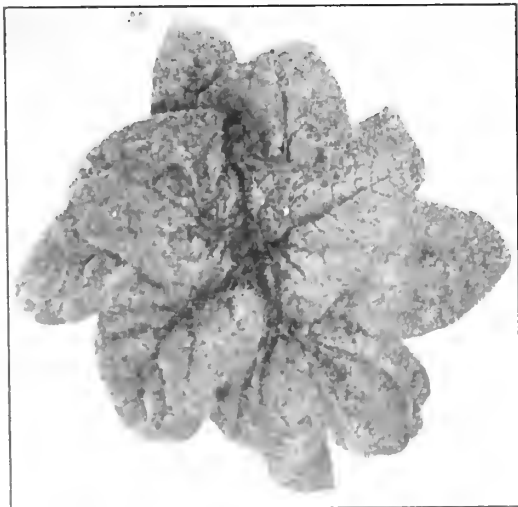
The most vigorous Spinach we know of, with very thick, heavy dark green leaves of great size and beautifully crumpled. The plant forms a dense, flat rosette and remains fit for use longer than other varieties before going to seed. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c, 10 lbs. \$4.00.

652. VICTORIA

A large, thick-leaved, very hardy variety and the best for Fall or Winter use. Large, deep green, rounded leaves beautifully crumpled, one that will stand hot weather and is exceedingly slow to shoot to seed. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c, 10 lbs. \$4.00.



651. Improved Long Season Spinach



655. Bloomsdale Savoy-Leaved Spinach

★ 655. BLOOMSDALE SAVOY-LEAVED (Norfolk)

Very early, most prolific, hardy as well as the handsomest of all varieties in appearance. Its leaves, which are produced in greatest profusion, are intensely crumpled and curled, as much so as the Savoy Cabbages. Leaves are thick, heavy, of glossy green color and are of excellent quality, but the plant, while very early, has a tendency to go to seed quickly. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c, 10 lbs. \$4.00.

657. LONG STANDING, or IMPROVED THICK-LEAVED

Somewhat later than the above varieties, thick, deep green pointed leaves; hardy and heat-resisting. A favorite and profitable sort for market. Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c, 10 lbs. \$4.00.

★ 658. NEW ZEALAND

The great Summer Spinach, from which you can pick all Summer long and the hotter it gets the better it grows. It differs materially in growth from the other varieties, forms a vine, and is best planted in hills 18 inches apart, from 3 to 4 seeds per hill. Soak the seed before planting. Succeeds anywhere in all soils and under all conditions. Every garden should have a row of it. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 90c, 10 lbs. \$8.00.

SUNFLOWER.

See page 77.

Your seeds are the best I have ever bought and I have been buying seeds for twenty-five years.

G. S. TUTTLE,
West Winfield, N. Y.

Had the best garden in the neighborhood last year from your seeds

MRS. MARY K. HALLETT,
Willseyville, N. Y.

Grow Your
Own

Squash

Delicious When
Baked

Are divided into two distinct sections, the Bush or Summer varieties and the Running or Winter sorts. The former are used only in the early stages of their growth when they are tender and very delicious. They become worthless when old. The latter class, however, are just the opposite. Like the Pumpkin, they have a hard rind, with thick, tender flesh; remain sweet and tender all Winter. Store same as Pumpkins.

Plant in hills, specially enriched in May when the ground is warm. Bush varieties 3 feet apart each way. Running or Winter sorts from 8 to 10 feet apart. Hill up and cultivate freely. Where room is scarce they can be planted among the Corn. Be careful not to have too near Cucumbers or Melons as the flavor mixes.

One ounce will sow 50 hills—from 2 to 5 lbs. per acre.

EARLY BUSH, or SUMMER SQUASH

★ 670. MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED, or PATTY PAN

The favorite Bush Squash for the home garden. Takes up little room, produces immensely and is of the finest quality. Extremely early. The fruits are flattened and scalloped, comparatively smooth on the surface and creamy white in color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$9.00.

★ 672. EARLY SUMMER CROOKNECK

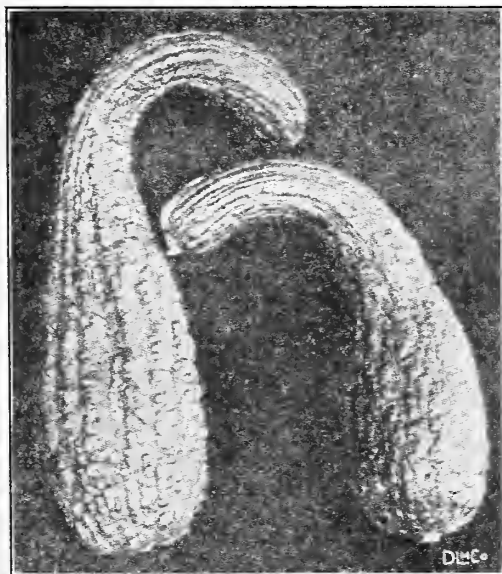
The well known popular crook or goose neck squash, early, yellow skinned and much warted. Should be used when very small and is one of the best flavored of all Squashes as a vegetable. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$10.00.

★ 673. GIANT YELLOW SUMMER CROOK NECK

This variety is a great improvement over the old variety in the enormous size and great beauty of its fruit. It is a favorite with the Market gardeners and its attractive appearance commands the highest figure and is a good seller. It is of a beautiful golden color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$11.00.

★ 674. ITALIAN BUSH SQUASH, CO- COZELLA DI NAPOLI

A handsome, dark green, beautifully striped Squash, about 20 inches long by 3 to 4 inches thick. Should be eaten when



672. Crookneck Squash

about the size of a medium sized Cucumber. Of very delicate flavor and in active demand at the markets. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$11.50.

WINTER SQUASH (Running)

★ 690. IMPROVED GREEN HUBBARD

The finest flavored and longest keeping Squash today and perhaps more widely grown than any other variety. We have an exceptionally high bred strain of this popular sort. Fruits are large, heavy, moderately warted, dark bronze green shell, bright orange yellow flesh, fine grained, thick and dry. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$11.00.

691. WARTED HUBBARD

Similar to the above but more heavily warted and dark green in color. A first-class shipper and splendid keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.45, 10 lbs. \$13.00.

692. GOLDEN HUBBARD

Of the same shape as the old Hubbard but of a rich orange red color and really of very handsome appearance. Decidedly earlier; thick, fine grained flesh of deep orange color, cooks dry and is excellent in flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.45, 10 lbs. \$13.00.

★ 693. DELICIOUS

A fall and winter sort of medium size; top-shaped in form and dark green, some specimens showing light green markings running toward the blossom end. Being without the heavy shell of other winter sorts, there is less waste in cooking. The flesh is thick, very fine grained and a rich orange yellow in color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.30, 10 lbs. \$11.00.

694. FORDHOOK

A small oblong Winter Squash. Keeps perfectly all through Winter and Spring even up to June. The Squashes are 10 inches long, slightly ridged, flesh very thick, straw colored, extremely dry and sweet. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

695. TABLE QUEEN or (DESMOINES)

This is a small acorn shaped dark green Squash. It is 5 or 6 in. long and 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. It is comparatively new and has distinct merit, maturing early, very prolific and when baked are ideal to serve in halves. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.30, 10 lbs. \$12.00.

★ 698. BOSTON MARROW

A fine Squash for pies and canning. Similar to the Hubbard. Of rich, orange red color with deep flesh of rich golden color, exceedingly fine grained and unsurpassed for sweetness and excellence. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. 85c, 10 lbs. \$7.00.

701. BANANA SQUASH

The finest of all Winter Squashes. Grows two or three feet long with a tough greenish shell and delicious tasty meat, a wonderful yielder and a first class keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, 1 lb. \$1.35, 10 lbs. \$12.50.

Tomatoes

Grow your own Tomato Plants and some for your neighbors. There is money in selling Plants. As a rule such plants as Tomato, Celery, Pepper, etc., are too soft to mail any distance. Sow the seed in March or April in the hotbed or in boxes in a sunny exposure in the house. When about two inches high transplant into other boxes and when all danger of frost is over and ground is warm set them out three feet each way in fairly rich ground.

Our Tomato Seed is True to Type, Grown from Choice Re-selected Stock.

★ 724. FORREST'S EARLIANA

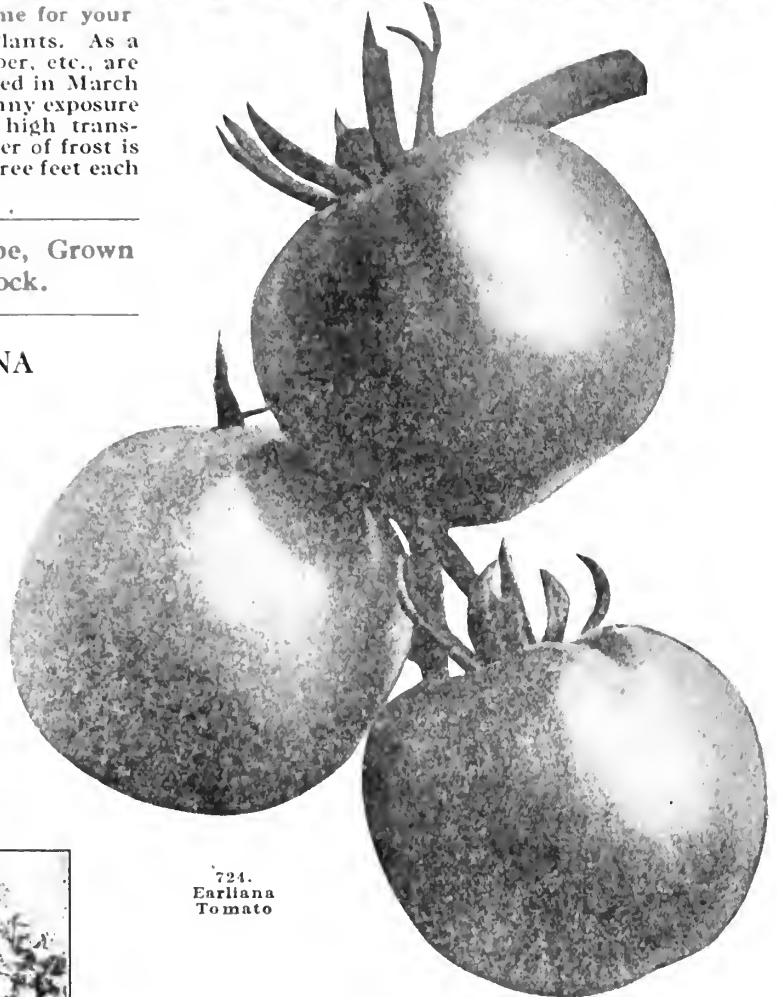
Very popular with most growers of early Tomatoes for the market as well as the home garden. The fruits are of good size, very productive for an early variety. Fair size, round and smooth. Our strain is from the originator's stock and our many years of selection makes it unequalled today. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00, 1 lb. \$3.60.

725. CORTLAND

See page 6.

I grew the Cortland Tomato and can honestly say it is the most satisfactory tomato for this climate I have ever seen, as they mature so quickly. They are superior in flavor to anything I found even in California.

MRS. W. B. VALENTINE,
Wilseyville, N. Y.



724.
Earliana
Tomato



726. Chalk's Early Jewel

★ 726. CHALKS EARLY JEWEL

Not quite as early as Earliana, but exceptionally fine in color and firmness; deep crimson, uniformly smooth and round. One of the best second early on account of its large size, excellent quality and productiveness, one of the most satisfactory for the home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c, lb. \$3.10.

I wish to say that the "Cortland" Tomato that we got of you in the last two years, is a wonder. We had about $\frac{1}{2}$ acre of them last year and picked 185 bushels Tomatoes, about 15 bushels went to waste in the field, too much rain. They paid very well, had 50 bushels sold before they got below \$5.00 per bushel. We picked the first on the 4th of July, on Labor Day we still picked a few bushels out of them. Had three other varieties aside from these, Acme, Earliana, and Marglobe. Neither of them paid half as well as the "Cortland." Everyone that saw them in the field thought they were sure wonderful, more Tomatoes than leaves, and smooth and early.

JACOB REMLE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Tomatoes—Continued

★ 732. LIVINGSTONE'S GLOBE

The ideal Tomato for the home garden. Almost all meat with just the tiniest seed cells usually only on one side of the fruit. Perfect globe-shape, very smooth, and coming to a point at the blossom end, insuring proper shedding of the blossom and therefore never affected by dry rot. Unsurpassed for slicing and a remarkably long keeper. The flavor, being free from acid, is unexcelled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.50.

★ 733. PONDEROSA

Known from coast to coast. It is the largest of all existing varieties and for home use one of the best. Fruits are so ponderous in size that they often weigh 2 lbs. Of a rich purplish color, very solid and fairly smooth; very fine for slicing and baking. Aside from being the largest it also bears continuously throughout the season. Pkt. 10c, oz. 60c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$5.50.

734. GOLDEN PONDEROSA

A Yellow Gem. This is a yellow Ponderosa equal in size to that magnificent variety. Sliced and served with the Purple Ponderosa, it makes a highly decorative and appetizing salad. Runs nearly true to type with a small percentage of mixed fruits. Pkt. 10c, 1 oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.60.

735. DWARF CHAMPION

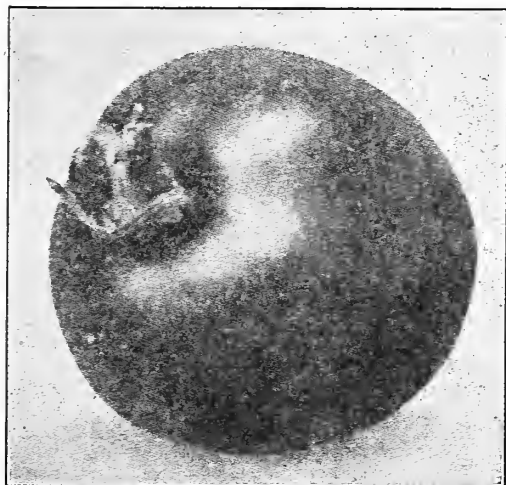
A tree Tomato. Exceptionally stocky dwarf plants, with large deep green potato-like leaves; bears abundantly. Fruits of medium size, solid, pink color and quite early. Pkt. 10c, oz. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.25.

736. GREATER BALTIMORE

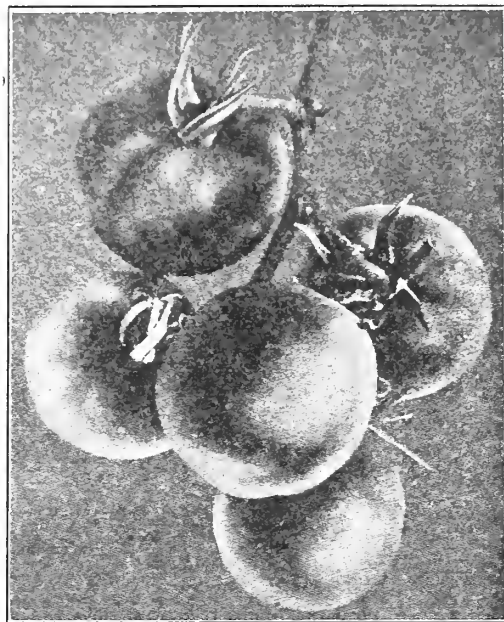
A splendid, big smooth, deep red Tomato wonderfully solid and remarkable for its great production, just double the yield of other sorts. It is the favorite with Southern market gardeners and a most profitable variety to grow for market or canning. Pkt. 10c, oz. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.25.

739. STONE, FORREST'S SELECTED

The standard late sort for canning; always dependable, vigorous and tremendously productive. Fruits round, smooth, solid, deep red and of very large size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, 1 lb. \$4.25.



744. John Baer Tomato



739. Stone Tomato

740. DWARF STONE, or RED ROCK

Fruits just as fine, solid and large as those of the famous New Stone. The plants are dwarf and stocky, just ideal for the small home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$5.50.

741. GOLDEN QUEEN

The largest yellow Tomato grown. Does not split; is very solid, non-acid, and is one of the finest flavored Tomatoes in existence. For slicing it is unexcelled and forms a pretty contrast it served with red kinds. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35, lb. \$4.75.

★ 744. JOHN BAER

Matures about the same time as Chalk's Early Jewel, which variety it resembles in size, shape and color. The vines do not grow very large, but are productive, bearing the fruits in abundant clusters. The Tomatoes are of a medium size, nearly round in shape, scarlet color and are of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35, lb. \$4.75.

★ 745. BONNY BEST

An early and productive variety. Fruits are round, somewhat flattened at stem. The color is scarlet, and it is a good forcing Tomato. Pkt. 10c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35, lb. \$4.75.

746. MARGLOBE

This excellent new Tomato introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture being the result of efforts of Dr. Fred J. Pritchard, of the Bureau of Plant Industry. It is a very productive second-early variety. Fruits large, smooth, meaty, red and globular. Highly resistant to wilt and somewhat resistant to blights. We strongly urge you to plant some of this new variety. Pkt. 20c, oz. 60c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6.00, postpaid.

Escalloped

Turnips

Creamed
or Fried



The tender, small, white Turnips are delicious if used when about half grown, and frequent sowings should be made of them. The yellow varieties are excellent for Summer and Fall, while the Ruta Bagas are the finest for Winter keeping. An excellent food for the table and of great value for stock feeding. Sow the early Turnips as soon as the ground is open, thinly in drills 18 inches apart, cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, thin out as needed for development of the roots. For succession sow every two weeks. For Fall and Winter sow Ruta Bagas in May and June and the yellow and white globe varieties about July 1st. The soil for Turnips should be deeply plowed or dug so as not to hinder quick development of the roots.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

★ 762. PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED

A tender, fine grained, flat white Turnip with purple skin on upper end of the root, small top, very early. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.



763. Purple Top White Globe Turnip

★ 763. PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE

A fine, big white Turnip with tender, fine grained, pure white flesh which retains its sweetness even when old; matures quickly and remains perfect even when stored. It is the best of the white Turnips for keeping. The roots are globe-shaped, pure white with purple zone on upper side of bulb. A most profitable variety for market; also greatly relished by stock. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

764. EARLY SNOWBALL, or SIX WEEKS

Particularly fine for first early crop in Spring. Perfectly round, snow white, of tempting appearance and excellent table qualities. A heavy cropper. Make frequent sowings in Spring and again in July and August. Not good for keeping. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.00.

765. YELLOW GLOBE, or AMBER

A large, globe shaped Turnip. Flesh and skin deep golden yellow with greenish tint on top. Very productive, of fine quality and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

769. LONG WHITE COWHORN

Long, Carrot-shaped roots usually from 12 to 15 inches long by 3 inches thick, tapering to a point. Pure white skin and flesh fine grained, very mild and sweet. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 55c, 10 lbs. \$4.50.

770. WHITE EGG

A very attractive, early, oval or egg-shaped variety. Smooth, pure white skin and flesh and certainly very sweet even when quite old. In fact, White Egg never gets bitter or woody and keeps splendidly. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

TURNIPS—Continued

772. SEVEN TOP

The popular variety in the South, where it is grown principally for the tops which, being very tender, are used as greens boiled like Spinach. Very delicious. Try it in your garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

RUTA BAGAS.

Be sure to sow Ruta Bagas in late May or early June in rich, deep soil and you can expect roots of enormous size and fine flavor. Thin out to 8 inches, apart. They are excellent keepers, fine for the table, also greatly relished by stock.

★ 780. LONG ISLAND, or IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP

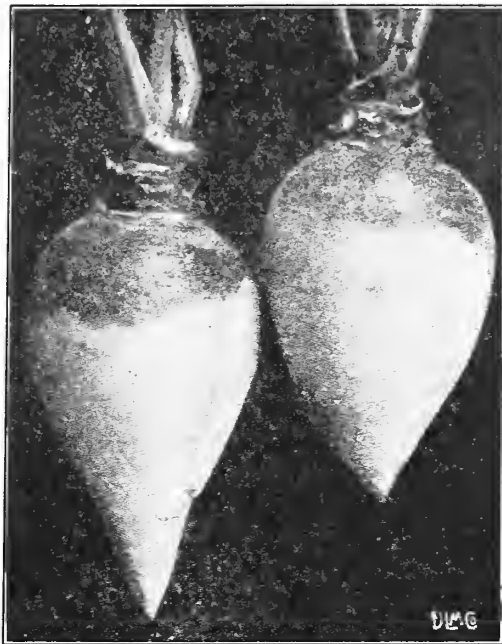
The largest, most productive, finest grained and sweetest of all the golden fleshed varieties, more extensively grown than any other variety. Very firm; roots globular, with a very small short neck. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

782. LARGE, WHITE, or RUSSIAN

An excellent very large white sort, nearly globe-shaped, very firm and of rich, sweet flavor. Keeps splendidly. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.

784. WHITE ROCK or BREADSTONE

Produces smooth sized roots of oval form. Skin and flesh pure white and of the finest quality for table use. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$5.50.



780. Long Island Purple Top

KITCHEN AND MEDICINAL HERBS

How often is the housewife in need of the various herbs used in flavoring meats, soups, dressings, etc.? Many of them give zest and relish to dishes with little individual flavor of their own, and yet we find few gardens with an herb border. We simply overlook them—do not realize their importance, so when you read this make up your mind then and there to have an herb border in your garden this year. You only need a packet of each as many of them are permanent. Plant them in a part of your garden where they can be left undisturbed. Sow the seed as soon as the trees begin to leaf out and cover about four times their own thickness.

800. ANISE

For garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

801. BALM

For culinary purposes. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

802. BASIL, SWEET

The leaves are used in flavoring soups, stews and highly-seasoned dishes. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

803. BORAGE

Used in salads or boiled like Spinach. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

804. CARAWAY

Grown for its seeds which are useful in cakes, bread, on pastry and for flavoring sauces. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.

805. CORIANDER

For garnishing; seeds also used for flavoring. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.

806. CHERVIL

For salads, garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

807. DILL

For flavoring pickles and sauces. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

808. FENNEL, SWEET

For garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.

809. HOREHOUND

Valued for its tonic properties. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

810. LAVENDER

Aromatic, for flavoring. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

811. MARJORAM, SWEET

For seasoning. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

812. RUE

Of medicinal value. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

813. SAGE, BROAD-LEAVED

For flavoring dressings and sauces. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

814. SAVORY, SUMMER

For seasoning soups and pickling Beans. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

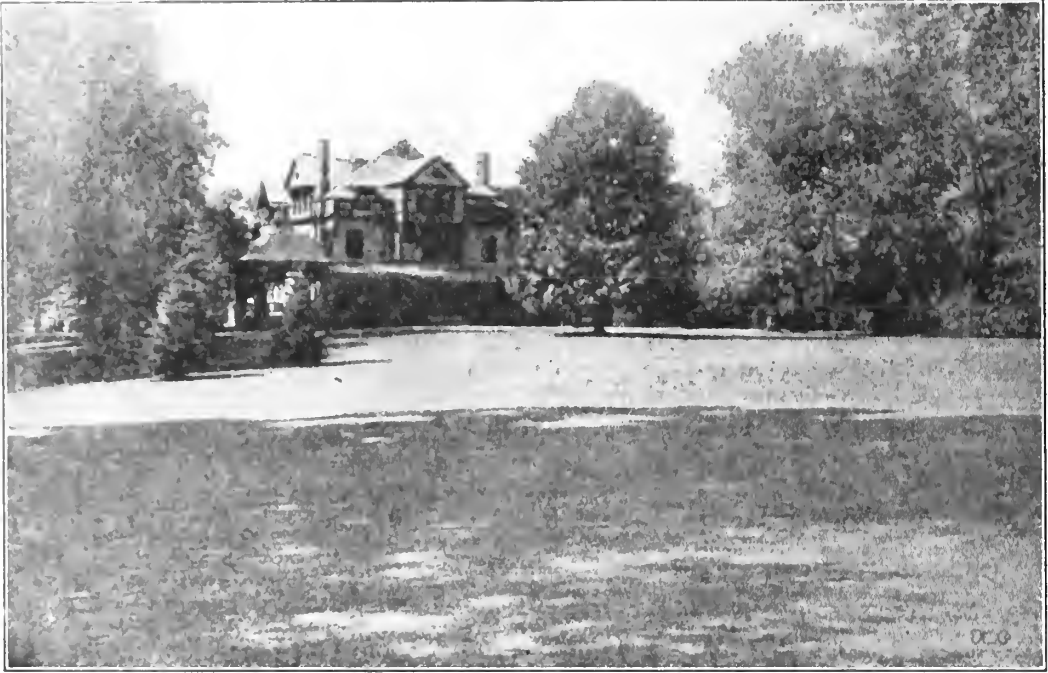
816. THYME

For seasoning dressings and sauces. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

THE PRICES IN THIS CATALOG INCLUDE POSTAGE ON PACKETS, OUNCES, $\frac{1}{4}$ POUNDS, $\frac{1}{2}$ POUNDS, POUND AND 2 POUNDS. IF LARGER QUANTITIES ARE WANTED BY MAIL, POSTAGE MUST BE ADDED.

The varieties marked with a star (*) are included in lists of varieties recommended by New York State Department of Agriculture of Cornell University for culture in New York State. These recommendations are general and, of course, subject to modification for special purposes or conditions.

Lawn Seed



FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD LAWN SEED

FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD LAWN SEED

Forrest Gold Standard Lawn Grass is a blend of the best grown grass seed we can obtain, each variety tested for purity and germination before being mixed together, and rejected if it doesn't come up to our high standard of excellence.

The percentage of inert matter in Forrest Gold Standard Lawn Seed is decidedly small; the seed is singularly free from noxious weeds. Ordinary lawn seed will invariably contain many times as much chaff, hulls, and weed seed as does Forrest Gold Standard. When you buy Forrest Gold Standard Lawn Seed you pay for lawn seed, not weeds and chaff.

To obtain a lawn of which you can justly be proud and that will stay velvety green throughout the summer, sow Forrest Gold Standard Seed at the rate of one pound to 300 square feet of surface. Mix into the soil a good commercial fertilizer or finely ground manure. Never use ordinary manure on a lawn. Usually it is full of weed growth, and when these commence to germinate the lawn is spoiled. In commercial fertilizer, if any weeds had been present originally, they were destroyed beyond germination by the grinding of the material.

There is no better lawn mixture on the market, and very few as good. This mixture is very carefully prepared and contains nothing but the finest grasses of highest purity, free from chaff or weed seeds. Produces a lawn that retains its rich deep velvety appearance right through the season.

1 lb. 55c, 10 lbs. \$5.25, 20 lbs. \$10.00, 50 lbs. \$23.75, 100 lbs. \$45.00.

GOLD STANDARD CREEPING BENT LAWN SEED

Creeping Bent is a peculiarly hardy and vigorous grass and has the ability to adapt itself to any reasonable condition. It has been tested in shade and in a great variety of soils from extremely light sandy loams to heavy clay and has invariably given a good account of itself.

Due to the density of the growth of Gold Standard turf, the ground dries out more slowly than is generally the case with other grasses. As a result, a well established lawn of Creeping Bent requires less frequent watering and will stay in good condition when other grasses are severely affected. 1 lb. \$1.50.

FORREST'S SHADY PLACE

1 lb. 60c, 10 lbs. \$5.50, 20 lbs. \$10.50, 50 lbs. \$25.00, 100 lbs. \$47.50.

Bulletin No. 528, published by the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, New York, in July, 1925, contains a paragraph entitled "How a Farmer May Buy Seed." This paragraph reads:

"The law does not forbid any person from buying the cheapest and foulest seed upon the market or dead and trashy seed, if he cares to do so, nor does it shield him from his folly if he now buys seeds carelessly and without taking full advantage of the protection afforded by the seed law. Every lot of seed upon the market in this State must be fully labeled, and no farmer should accept such seed until he has made an examination of the statements on the tag or label. In case these statements are not given he should insist upon receiving such quality information as required by law and should promptly report to the Commissioner of Farms and Markets, Albany, New York, any persons or dealers who are violating the seed law or ignoring its provisions."

The Agricultural Experiment Station supplements the above important paragraph by advising the farmers to give the same attention to seed quality when he buys from his neighbor that he does when he buys from a seedsman. If he does this he will have done much to safeguard himself against failure and give him more control over the weeds on his farm. The actual facts are that any farmer thinks that the seed which he himself has grown and plants is absolutely pure and thoroughly satisfactory. Likewise, that which he buys from his neighbor whom he knows personally, is also of good quality. If he knew the facts in 99 cases out of every 100 he would find the seed stock very unfit for use in its present condition, and often very objectionable because of its uncleaned condition.

Every progressive farmer should read Bulletins No. 504 and No. 528, published by the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, New York. Copies of these booklets will be sent upon request to the Station.

Forrest Special Lawn Grass Mixture

Forrest Special Lawn Grass Mixture is made from a formula furnished us by the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, New York. We believe that this mixture will give you the best of satisfaction. The Geneva Experiment Station has studied all combinations of grass for lawns and the formula used in making this special mixture produced the best results obtainable for general lawn conditions.

There is probably more deception in the sale of Lawn Grass Seed than in any other commodity. Write to the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, New York, for a copy of their new bulletin which exposes the tactics and formulae of the seedsmen who are selling inferior Lawn Grass Mixtures. Lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$6.25, 20 lbs. \$12.00, 50 lbs. \$29.00, 100 lbs. \$56.00.

31 Years of Growing Satisfaction

LOOK FOR THE GOLD STANDARD SEAL

Nearly a third of a century ago, the Forrest Seed Company began doing business with the growers of New York State, on the policy of furnishing none but honest, dependable seeds.

No seed producer can actually foresee or truthfully guarantee the results which will be obtained from the seeds he offers his customers. Soil conditions, weather, and other elements of nature must always be probable factors in crop growth. But the seed producer can be sure of the quality of the seeds he sells—certain as to their purity, their germination and viability.

It has been the strict adherence to its original policy of furnishing none but honest, dependable seeds—which has given the Forrest Seed Company a reputation among planters, for seed integrity, and a background of 31 years of growing satisfaction.

The popularity and superiority of Forrest's Gold Standard Field Seeds has resulted in many unscrupulous dealers attempting to offer substitutes. Quite frequently, instances have come to the attention of our salesmen, where intending planters have been told that they could be supplied with our seed and then given a substitute, or have been offered seeds "just as good as Forrest's."

For your protection and our own, every bag of Forrest's Gold Standard Field Seeds bears a seal with the Gold Standard brand—our registered trade-mark. Discriminating buyers will insist on getting only genuine Forrest's Gold Standard Seeds and will look for the Gold Standard seal on every bag. Whether you buy directly from us or from a dealer, accept no bag of Forrest Seeds as genuine Gold Standard, unless it bears this seal.

*Let this Catalogue be your Guide to
Bigger and Better Crop Harvests*

FORREST'S
Gold Standard
FIELD SEEDS

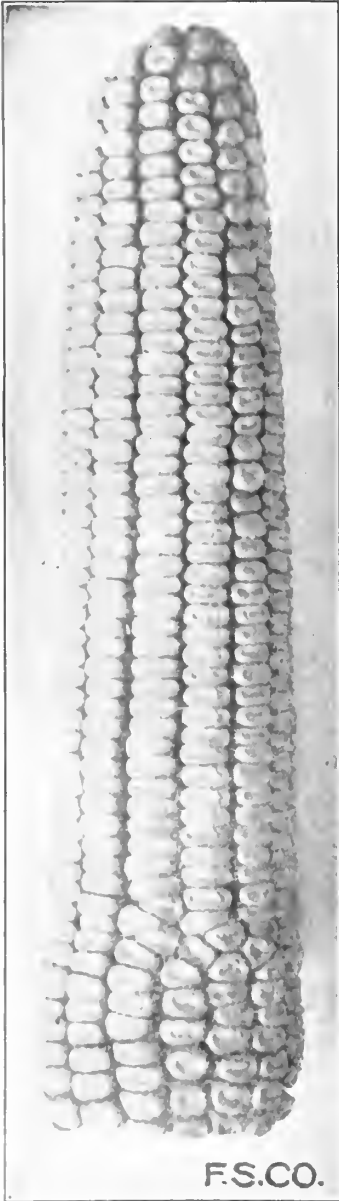
The Department of Agriculture, Plant Breeding Division, Cornell University, says that the true Standards on which to judge seeds are as follows:

1. Proven varieties
 2. Known origin
- } These two are fundamental.
3. Purity—relative freedom from:
 - a. Variety mixtures.
 - b. Mixtures of other crop seeds.
 - c. Weed seeds.
 - d. Dirt, chaff, broken seeds.
 4. Cleanliness—relative freedom from seed borne diseases.
 5. Germination—high and vigorous.

Appearance and price should be the result of production, and distribution factors. Some or all of the foregoing factors determine what type of performance is to be expected from any lot of seed. "Low cost seed is often the highest-cost seed."

THE ABOVE STANDARDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE
POLICY OF THE FORREST SEED CO., INC.

SILO CORN



FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD CORN No. 100

All authorities agree that ensilage must include in its content a large amount of grain if it is to produce the best quality and the largest quantity of milk. Here lies the value of Forrest's Gold Standard Corn No. 100. In a normal season, it is sure to be heavily eared. It will also produce a heavy growth of stalk and foliage.

Forrest's Gold Standard Corn No. 100 is a selection somewhat similar to the Sweepstakes variety. It will produce equally as much tonnage to an acre as any Silo Corn you have ever grown. 28 lbs. \$2.50, 56 lbs. \$4.25.

All of our CORN has been inspected by the U. S. Department of agriculture and is absolutely free from CORN BORER.

FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD No. 90

As a silage variety at elevations of one thousand feet or more, where the growing season is limited to about one hundred days or less, Forrest's Gold Standard No. 90 has especial merit. But as a grain variety, it should not be used at elevations above eight hundred feet.

Forrest's Gold Standard No. 90 gives good yields in green tonnage with a high percentage of dry matter and grain. For this reason this variety is recommended by the New York State College of Agriculture as a more desirable silage variety than the larger, and later maturing crops so frequently used as ensilage material.

The ears of Gold Standard No. 90 are from seven to nine inches long and five to seven inches in circumference. The number of rows of kernels varies from twelve to twenty and average about sixteen. They are yellow in color. 28 lbs. \$2.50, 56 lbs. \$4.25.

FORREST'S WHITE DENT SILO

Very similar to Gold Standard except the kernels are Yellow with White Dents. Extremely early. Eastern grown. 28 lbs. \$2.50, 56 lbs. \$4.25.

On account of the CORN BORER QUARANTINE which prohibits the shipment of corn on the ear into some localities, we are now furnishing all our corn shelled.

SILO CORN

(Continued)

FORREST'S SWEEPSTAKES

This variety has been under trial by the Department of Plant Breeding, New York State College of Agriculture, Cornell University, in various New York State counties, for upwards of ten years. It proved to be one of the best silage stocks among the forty or more used in the trials.

The Department of Plant Breeding recommends it highly for its vigorous growth habit, large green tonnage, heavy ear and grain production, and earliness of maturity. In normal seasons it produces large ears, which reach the late milk to dough stage, a condition most desirable for high quality ensilage.

Forrest's Sweepstakes is a complex hybrid variety, the parental types of which included Lancaster Sure Crop, White Cap Yellow Dent, and other sorts. In consequence of its hybrid origin, it is somewhat lacking in uniformity of grain color. The kernels may vary from reddish or amber to white-cap yellow and occasionally even a few pure yellow kernels occur in a shelled sample.

Forrest's Sweepstakes is adapted to areas where a variety somewhat later than Cornell No. 11 or Forrest's No. 90 is desired. It will do best on good soils where the elevation does not exceed 1000 feet. For higher elevation an earlier maturing sort such as Forrest's No. 90 or Cornell No. 11 should be used. 28 lbs. \$2. 50, 56 lbs. \$4.25.



FORREST'S CORNELL No. 11

Forrest's Cornell 11 is an early yellow dent corn developed by ear to row selection from Pride of the North. It is widely grown in New York State as a grain corn. The breeding of this variety was carried on under the supervision of the Department of Plant Breeding, New York State College of Agriculture, Cornell University, from 1908 to 1913. Since then, several earlier maturing strains have been developed by field selection in other parts of the state. In conducting the breeding work, greater emphasis was paid to early maturity and to yield than to ear type.

Forrest's Cornell No. 11 is particularly adapted to rich soils and under good conditions, will give a high yield of grain and a stalk from seven to nine feet in height.

During the season of 1928, many fields in central New York state, planted with Cornell No. 11, about May 15, showed 90 per cent hard dented by September 7. 28 lbs. \$2.50, 56 lbs. \$4.25.

All of our CORN has been inspected by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is absolutely free from CORN BORER.

On account of the CORN BORER QUARANTINE, which prohibits the shipment of corn on the ear into some localities, we are now furnishing all our corn shelled.

Prize:—We will pay \$100.00 for one bushel of Corn and \$100.00 for one bushel of Oats grown from any variety of Forrest's Seed Corn or Forrest's Seed Oats, that takes first prize in the exhibit at the Syracuse State Fair in the fall of 1929.

Splendid

Field Corn

Stocks

FORREST'S SWEET FIELD CORN

The great value of Forrest's Sweet Field Corn is the fact that it serves both as food for the family and fodder for the stock. The ears can be used for table consumption; while the stalks and foliage are fed to the dairy.

It is a confirmed fact that Sweet Corn will produce more milk than any other green feed given to the stock. It is so tender and sweet that the cattle relish it and will eat up every part of the stalk, without any waste.

When pastures begin to lose their feeding value

and milk production consequently shrinks, the Sweet Corn is ready to use as fodder. Fed to milch cows when pasturage is poor, Forrest's Sweet Corn will insure a steady flow of milk.

The use of the ears for table consumption makes Forrest's Sweet Field Corn profitable and economical for every farmer to plant. In the spring of 1928, one of our customers planted an acre with Forrest's Sweet Field Corn. The crop eared so heavily that \$60 worth of the corn was sold on the city market for a clear profit. 10 lbs. or more, 12c. lb. Less amount, 15c. lb.

FORREST'S FLINT CORN

EARLY LONGFELLOW FLINT

The most popular of all flint varieties. It is a beautiful 8-rowed yellow flint, with slender, straight ears, 10 to 15 inches long. Ripens in 75 to 85 days. Our stock was grown in the East from specially selected, true to type Seed Ears. Shelled and graded, lb. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. 60c, pk. \$1.10, bu. \$4.00.

HALL'S GOLDEN NUGGET

This is undoubtedly the largest flint corn grown. Matures medium early and is suitable for any section of the country except the extreme northern parts of New York and New England. Pk. \$1.40, bu. \$4.50.

SANFORD'S WHITE FLINT

A heavy yielding, 8-rowed flint with large ears. The ears are 12 to 15 inches long with large, broad

kernels of a flinty white color. Stalks are tall and leafy with usually 2 to 3 ears each. Lb. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c, pk. \$1.10, bu. \$4.00.

KING PHILIP OR EARLY "RED GLAZE" CORN

A very early variety that always matures, even in the most northern parts of the country. A beautiful red, eight-rowed Flint or "State" corn, very small cob, ears 9 to 10 inches long well filled to the tips. Lb. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. 60c, pk. \$1.10, bu. \$4.00.

SQUAW OR RAINBOW FLINT

An unusually early variety, the kernels being all colors of the rainbow. An excellent variety for late planting. Ears up to 12 inches long, a good yielder and of fine quality. Lb. 20c, $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. 60c, pk. \$1.00, bu. \$3.75.

All of our CORN has been inspected by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is absolutely free from CORN BORER.

THE IMPORTANCE of SEED INOCULATION

Soil and crop experts readily admit the importance of inoculating all legumes to assure better soil conditions and larger crop yields. Even where growing conditions were already successful, the inoculation of legume seeds has been known to produce from 25 to 50 per cent increase in crops.

The Laboratory of Plant Physiology of the College of Agriculture, Cornell University, has prepared for distribution to the farmers of New York State pure cultures of the root nodule-producing bacteria for inoculation of the following legumes: Alfalfa, alsike clover, red clover, sweet clover, field bean, garden bean, lima bean, soybean, cowpea, field pea, garden pea, sweet pea, spring vetch, winter vetch.

With small seed, such as alfalfa, and clovers, one can is sufficient for about 30 pounds of seed, while for large seed, such as peas, beans, and vetch one culture is sufficient for

the quantity of seed used on one acre. When a relatively small quantity of seed is to be planted on an acre, the culture may be used for one bushel of seed. Fractional acre quantities are not furnished.

These cultures are distributed to the farmers of New York State at a price of 25 cents per culture, payable in advance. Fifty cultures or more supplied at the rate of 20 cents per culture. The cultures are sent prepaid by parcel post. Orders should be accompanied by coin, check, or money order, made payable to Cornell University, and addressed to the Laboratory of Plant Physiology, College of Agriculture, Ithaca, New York. Be sure to state the legume or legumes for which the cultures are desired, the quantity and date of sowing.

Full instructions regarding the use of the cultures, which are very easily applied, accompany the material.

Inoculate WITH NOD-O-GEN



PLANTS INOCULATED WITH NOD-O-GEN



(BELOW) NOT INOCULATED

For Legume Crops

The cheapest and easiest way of improving crops and soil.

The Legume crops when not inoculated rob the soil; inoculated with the right bacteria, they feed the soil, grow more vigorously and contain a higher percentage of valuable feed proteins.

Nod-O-Gen Easiest and Surest Form of Inoculation

Nod-O-Gen is a scientific pure culture of root nodule bacteria, prepared on special food jelly in bottles with patent stoppers which permit the bacteria to live and breathe and maintain their vigor. Each culture contains plenty of bacteria to inoculate the quantity of seed marked on the bottle. The cost per acre is very small.

Moreover Nod-O-Gen is easiest inoculation to use, requiring no equipment or experience. Takes only a few minutes. Complete directions on every bottle. Results are sure.

Prices for Nod-O-Gen

For Alfalfa, Sweet Clover, Red Clover and other Clovers (specify which):	
3/4 bu. size.....	\$.60
1 bu. size.....	1.00
For Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Field Peas and Beans and Vetches (specify which):	
1 bu. size.....	\$.50
5 bu. size.....	2.00
For Garden Peas, Sweet Peas, Garden Beans and Limas:	
Garden Size.....	\$.25

Always specify names of crop as well as size of culture wanted.



A Good Soil
Fertilizer

Alfalfa

A Perfect Forage
Crop

The United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics has reported a considerable decrease in the production of Alfalfa and Clover in 1928 as compared to that of 1927. In view of the reported decrease in production, it will pay every planter to give some of his acreage to Alfalfa and Clover production, and it will pay to inoculate the seed.

CANADIAN OR ONTARIO VARIEGATED

Imported in 1927—Canada's 1928 crop a failure. This variety has done exceedingly well in all Eastern States. It is very strongly advocated by State Officials. While we do not recommend it in preference to our Forrest's No. 96 the excellent results obtained from planting this variety makes it one of the leaders. Supply very limited. (15 lbs. \$9.00, bu. (30 lbs.) \$16.00, 60 lbs. \$30.00.



Showing the Root Formation
Forrest's No. 96 Alfalfa

FORREST'S NO. 96 ALFALFA Shipped in Sealed Bags Only

It is just as important to know the kind of Alfalfa you plant as it is to know your corn, wheat, oats, or any other crop. In fact, it is more important, because a single seeding of Alfalfa lasts for several years.

When buying Alfalfa seed there is this difference to consider. Are you getting just Alfalfa, or are you getting a hardy variety?

Forrest's No. 96 Alfalfa seed is acclimated to the rigid winters of the north and is naturally hardy. It is grown in a territory where the range of temperatures is greatly varied and where there is a small amount of moisture. Consequently, to survive, it must be hardy.

The crown of the plant of Forrest's No. 96 Alfalfa is larger and grows more under ground. There are many different strains of alfalfa—the hardiest and most favorably known of them all being Forrest's No. 96, Grimm, and Canadian Variegated Alfalfa. There is an immense spread of the crown of Forrest's No. 96, with the underground buds fully protected by the soil. The unusual root system enables the plant to withstand severe winter weather without a snow covering, to resist the heaving of the ground from frost, in the spring, and also permits the plant to draw more moisture in dry seasons. Forrest's No. 96 is a most desirable plant to grow on land where the water level is too high for ordinary alfalfa.

Instead of buying just Alfalfa seed, ask for Forrest's No. 96 and be sure of getting a hardy variety—one that will stand the severe and changeable climates of the north, add to the fertility of your soil and produce the heavy crops every year. 15 lbs. \$9.00, 30 lbs. \$16.00, 60 lbs. \$30.00.

INNOCULATE THIS WITHOUT FAIL—SEE PAGE 51.

FORRESTS' NORTHERN GROWN

A hardy stock of the common variety. 15 lbs. \$5.50, 30 lbs. \$10.50, 60 lbs. \$20.00.

SAFEGUARDS—In no business or profession in the world does the integrity and reliability of the vendor loom as large as in the seed business and possibly no single variety of seed has been more substituted with resultant loss to the buyer than Alfalfa. As a safeguard to our customers, we have adopted the plan of sealing Seeds with Forrest's Gold Standard Seal.

TESTIMONIALS

Dear Sir:

In regard to Forrest's No. 96 alfalfa it gave very good satisfaction and I am very much pleased with the seed.

Cordially Yours, W. J. VANPATTEN, Preble, N. Y.

From the three quarters of a bushel of No. 96 Alfalfa seed bought of you in 1927 will say that I had an exceptionally good catch. Signed, E. A. BARNES, Warners, N. Y.

Page 52 Sow Forrest's No. 96 Alfalfa on suitable soil. Follow our cultural directions and you are assured of success. We have yet to learn of the first failure on Forrest's No. 96 Alfalfa where directions have been followed.

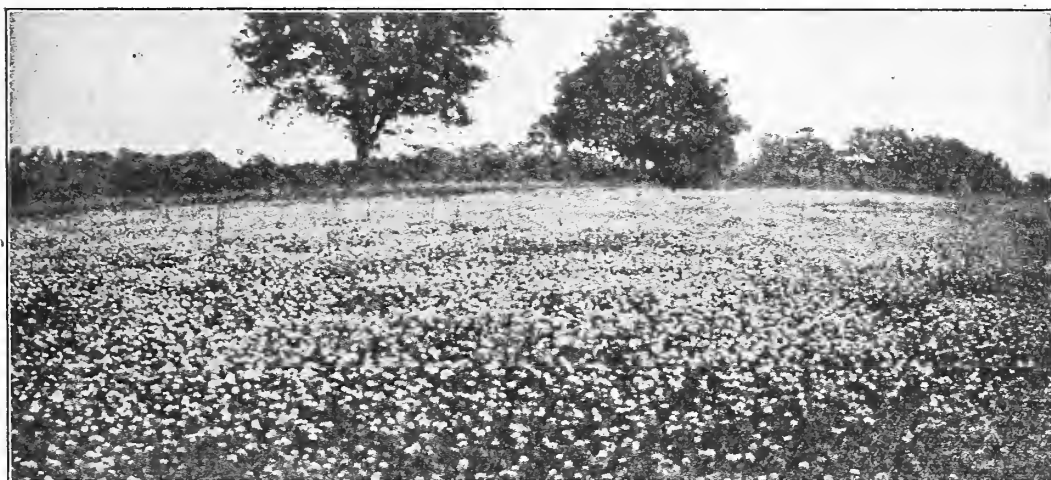
Inoculate
Without Fail

Clover

Be Sure to
Inoculate

FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD NO. 12

Shipped in Sealed Bags Only



Forrest's Gold Standard Clover, No. 12

Forrest's Gold Standard No. 12 withstood the severe open winter of 1927, in Central New York State. This seed is grown for use in the severe climate of the northwest country. The Gold Standard Clover produces a finer quality hay, analyzing about the same as Alfalfa. Therefore it is a heavy milk producer. Because of its fineness, the cows relish the hay more and there is no waste.

Most important of all, the root system of Forrest Gold Standard Clover No. 12, which is of the medium clover family, is more expansive than ordinary Red Clover. Therefore, it excels as a soil builder and because of its root system [it] is able to withstand the severe open winters which we often experience in the northeastern United States. Forrest Gold Standard Clover will give most satisfactory results year after year. As a business farmer, you should try this clover on your farm. Use from 25% to 33 1/3% less seed when sowing Forrest's No. 12 than you would use of a mixture containing the ordinary red clover. The New York State Agricultural Experimental Station, Geneva, N. Y., finds the purity analysis 99.70%. Inoculation will increase the productivity of No. 12 clover from 25% to 50%.

Do not fail to inoculate. See page 51.

Prices, 15 lbs. \$8.00, 30 lbs. \$15.00, 60 lbs. \$29.00.

OUR COVER ILLUSTRATION

The illustration on the front cover is a reproduction of a photograph of the second cutting of plants raised on a Cortland County farm in the fall of 1928 and these plants average four feet from tip to tip.

TWO CLOVER SEED BARGAINS

MEDIUM RED AND ALSIKE

We have one lot of Domestic grown Medium Red Clover, which contains about 7 per cent Alsike Clover. This is an opportunity for you to get some good seed at the right price. Send in orders promptly on receipt of this catalog, as when this lot is gone, we will not be able to supply additional quantities. 15 lbs. \$5.50, 30 lbs. \$10.50, 60 lbs. \$20.00

Orders on above mixtures will be filled in order received.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER, XXX QUALITY

Domestic Grown

Mostly used in law mixtures. Makes an excellent turf and stands in constant tramping. We recommend it also for permanent pasture. 1 lb. 65c, 10 lbs. \$6.00.

ALSIKE AND WHITE DUTCH

This lot of Alsike Clover contains about 10 per cent White Dutch Clover. This is a good buy to anyone who is wanting some real hay or pasture. We cannot separate these two Clovers which is the only reason that we can give you such a special price. While it lasts, 15 lbs. \$5.50, 30 lbs. \$10.50, 60 lbs. \$20.00

MEDIUM RED CLOVER

Domestic grown. Write for prices.

MAMMOTH RED CLOVER

Domestic grown. Write for prices.

GRASSES

GOLD STANDARD TIMOTHY

A heavy producer, giving the best of satisfaction. Purity 99.60% or better. 5 lbs. 55c, 20 lbs. \$2.20, 45 lbs. \$4.25, 1 bu. or more fgt. paid, bags free.

ORCHARD GRASS

One of the best pasture grasses for permanent meadows. It can stand considerable shade and is recommended for Woodland and under trees. Makes an excellent nutritive hay and will stand hard cropping as a pasture—will grow in sun or shade. Sow 30 to 50 lbs. per acre. 1 lb. 40c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$4.50.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

One of the finest and most permanent grasses for lawns. Forms the closest turf and keeps it rich bluish green right through the season. As a pasture grass it furnishes for Winter the most nourishing food for cattle. Thrives on nearly all soils but does best in dry, somewhat shady locations. For lawns sow 100 lbs. per acre, for pasture, 50 lbs. 1 lb. 45c, 1 bu. (14 lbs.) \$5.00.

RED TOP

(Fancy Recleaned). A fine leaved and most valuable permanent grass for lawns, pasture or meadows. Grows well in all soils, wet or dry. Our seed is of high purity, strictly fancy and free from chaff. For lawn, sow 100 lbs. per acre, for pasture, 40 lbs. 1 lb. 45c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$5.75.

MEADOW FESCUE, or ENGLISH BLUE GRASS

Excellent for hay and pasture. Very nourishing and much relished by cattle. Remains green all Winter and furnishes a larger hay crop than any other grass we know of. Should be much more largely used than it is at present. 1 lb. 25c, 10 lbs. \$2.25.

TIMOTHY AND ALSIKE MIXED

This is a mixture to sow either for hay or pasture. Both the Timothy and Alsike mature together and are adapted to all kinds of soils. It makes a moderate priced seed and produces fine quality hay. It flourishes on wet soils, where clovers would not succeed at all. We recommend from 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. Only best grade seed used in this mixture. 45 lbs. (bu.) \$5.75, 3 bu. bag or more, \$5.50 per bu.

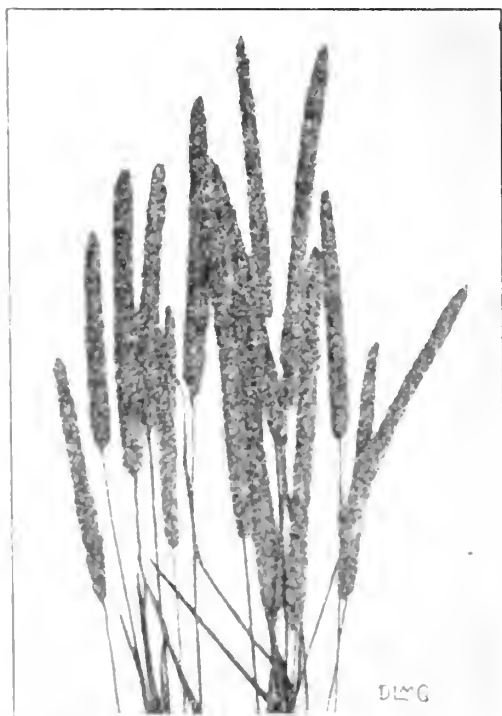
ALSIKE

Write for prices.

PASTURE MIXTURES

HAY AND PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE FOR MEDIUM SOILS

1 lb. 30c, 50 lbs. \$13.50, 100 lbs. \$26.00.



Forrest's Gold Standard Timothy

CLOVER - (Sweet)

FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD SWEET CLOVER

Forrest's Gold Standard Sweet Clover is scarified and is by far one of the most popular varieties. It stores up a tremendous quantity of reserve food in its deep tap root, which enables the plant to make a rapid and vigorous growth early the following spring.

Set the sickle bar of the mower as high as possible as the new growth comes from the stem instead of the crown, as in Alfalfa.

Rate of Seeding Sweet Clover—Sow Gold Standard scarified seed at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds per acre. 15 lbs. \$2.75, 30 lbs. \$5.00, 60 lbs. \$9.00.

COMMON SWEET CLOVER (SCARIFIED)

15 lbs. \$2.50, 30 lbs. \$4.50, 60 lbs. \$8.00.

VALUABLE FACTS REGARDING SWEET CLOVER

1. Sweet Clover can be grown successfully almost anywhere on the North American continent.
2. Failure to get a stand can generally be traced to sowing seed which has not been properly scarified, and which consequently contains a high percentage of hard seeds; seeding on too loose a seed bed; and lack of inoculation. Sweet Clover, like alfalfa, thrives best in a good firm seed bed, with a well pulverized soil. When sown on land which has not previously grown legumes, seed should always be inoculated—a simple and inexpensive operation which pays big dividends.
3. Alfalfa starts more easily after Sweet Clover, as the Sweet Clover roots are softer and more easily inoculated.
4. We have never known Sweet Clover to bloat cattle or sheep.
5. A wonderful pasture plant; in dry years it has often been found to yield more pasturage than any other crop on the farm.
6. Stock will sometimes refuse to eat it at first, but will soon acquire a taste for it and will eat it greedily.
7. It possesses almost unfathomable value as a weed destroyer and improver of the physical condition of the soil. Sweet Clover penetrates the soil from two to four feet deep, literally, with spikes of manure; the roots soon rot and allow the penetration of moisture and air.
8. A Sweet Clover field dries off rapidly, because the moisture goes down and is available for the next crop. Land that produces a heavy crop of Sweet Clover may show a deficiency of moisture until rains fill the soil. It is generally best, particularly in dry regions, to follow Sweet Clover with a cultivated crop.
9. Sweet Clover will grow on land too wet or too dry for Alfalfa or Red Clover. It will stand more alkali or more acid in the soil than Alfalfa or Red Clover, and produces a crop. In fact, one of the greatest advantages of Sweet Clover is its ability to thrive on almost any type of soil and under almost any climatic conditions.
10. Sweet Clover grows more rapidly than Alfalfa when young, produces a good crop the first year, and provides early pasturage. It is rich in feeding value, contains more protein than Red Clover, and equally as much as Alfalfa.
11. Sweet Clover makes an excellent Bee pasture, producing delicious white honey.
12. Is a great milk producer, and does not have any bad effect on the milk. This has been demonstrated beyond any doubt, after many years of experience and careful observation. Will feed more stock per acre than any other legume grown.

Prize:—We will pay \$100.00 for one bushel of Corn and \$100.00 for one bushel of Oats grown from any variety of Forrest's Seed Corn or Forrest's Seed Oats, that takes first prize in the exhibit at the Syracuse State Fair in the fall of 1929.

Forrest's Gold Standard Seeds

Are Being Advertised in the Following Farm Publications

RURAL NEW YORKER

GOLD STANDARD CLOVER NO. 12	Jan. 12, 1929
GOLD STANDARD OATS	Jan. 26, 1929
GOLD STANDARD CORN	Feb. 9, 1929
FORREST'S ALFALFA NO. 96	Feb. 23, 1929
GOLD STANDARD SWEET CLOVER	Mar. 9, 1929

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST

GOLD STANDARD CLOVER NO. 12	Jan. 5, 1929
GOLD STANDARD OATS	Jan. 19, 1929
GOLD STANDARD CORN	Feb. 2, 1929
FORREST'S ALFALFA NO. 96	Feb. 16, 1929
GOLD STANDARD SWEET CLOVER	Mar. 2, 1929

PENNSYLVANIA FARMER

FORREST'S ALFALFA NO. 96	Feb. 2, 1929
GOLD STANDARD CLOVER NO. 12	Feb. 9, 1929

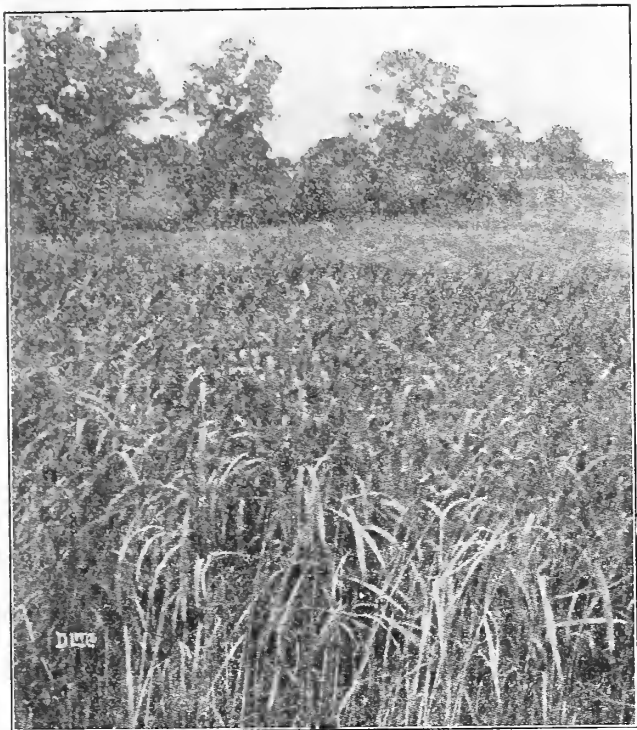
NEW ENGLAND HOMESTEAD

FORREST'S ALFALFA NO. 96	Feb. 2, 1929
GOLD STANDARD CLOVER NO. 12	Feb. 9, 1929
FORREST'S ALFALFA NO. 96	Feb. 16, 1929

The Forrest Seed Company, Inc.

CORTLAND, N. Y.

Millet and Soy Beans



Forrest's Gold Standard Japanese Millet

SUDAN GRASS

A forage plant of the greatest value which on account of its good qualities has quickly become a favorite. We find that in all Eastern sections Sudan Grass could easily take the place of Millets and is equal to any other annual hay producing crop.

10 lbs. \$1.75 100 lbs. \$9.00.

SORGHUM

The Great Forage Plant

EARLY AMBER. Grows from 10 to 12 feet high and furnishes immense crops of fodder. Cows like it better than other feed and it greatly increases the flow of milk. It is easily cured and makes excellent hay. 10 lbs. 75c 50 lbs. \$3.25 100 lbs. \$6.00.

MILLETS

FORREST GOLD STANDARD JAPANESE

10 lbs. \$1.25, 50 lbs. \$5.00, 100 lbs. \$9.50.

LIBERTY OR GOLDEN

10 lbs. 80c, 50 lbs. \$3.65, 100 lbs. \$7.00.

HUNGARIAN

10 lbs. 80c, 50 lbs. \$3.65, 100 lbs. \$7.00.

SOY BEANS

The Department of Plant Breeding of the New York State College of Agriculture, Ithaca, N. Y., is conducting tests of soy bean varieties to determine what varieties are best adapted to conditions of New York agriculture. The tests have not been conducted for a sufficient number of years to justify the making of definite variety recommendations, but the results and observations thus far indicate that the varieties mentioned below should give satisfaction.

WILSON

A small seeded variety with fine stems that tend to twine. Because of the fine stems, a good quality of hay is obtained. Since the seeds are small in size, only a relatively low rate of seeding is required. A good late maturing variety for green manure, silage, and hay. 30 lbs. \$2.50, 60 lbs. \$4.50.

HAMILTON

Formerly known as Ohio 9035. This variety is a trifle earlier than Wilson, but it is very coarse growing. It has such large seeds that a high rate of seeding is required. It does well when grown for silage, either alone or in mixture with corn. 30 lbs. \$2.75, 60 lbs. \$5.00.

MANCHU

An early maturing variety that has become very popular in the Northern sections. It is of stout, erect, bushy growth. A large seeded variety and excellent for early hay and forage crop. 30 lbs. \$2.25, 60 lbs. \$4.00.

Prize:—We will pay \$100.00 for one bushel of Corn and \$100.00 for one bushel of Oats, grown from any variety of Forrest's Seed Corn or Forrest's Seed Oats, that takes first prize in the exhibit at the Syracuse State Fair in the fall of 1929.

For Large,
Fine Crops

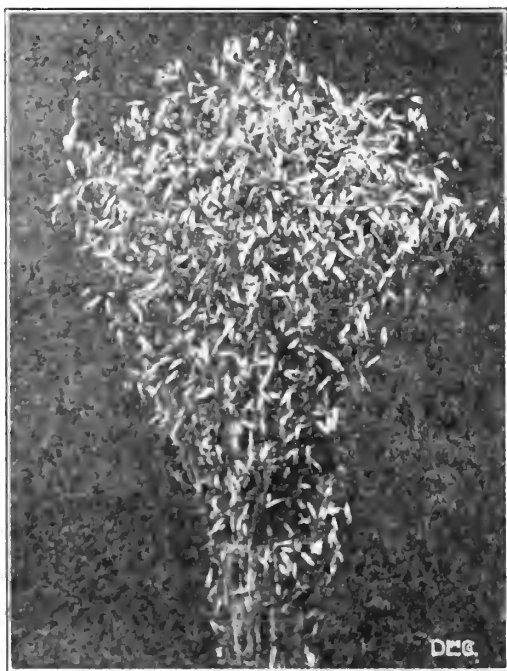
Oats

Good Seed
is Essential

The surest way to obtain large yields of any crop, with greater returns from your investment, is to sow only the finest seeds that money can buy.

From the day of its organization, over 31 years ago, the Forrest Seed Company has persistently advocated the use of only selected strains from the best varieties of seeds to be obtained. In filling the seed requirements of our own customers, we have adhered strictly to this policy. Forrest Seeds you buy can positively be depended on to be absolutely clean, of high germinating tendencies and most profitable producers. This is as true of our Oats as of any other brand of seed you buy under the Forrest Gold Standard label. Whatever the variety you need, whatever the quantity you desire, your order will receive prompt and careful attention. And you may be sure that the seeds you order are going to be the finest that may be obtained for distribution under the Forrest label.

FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD



Forrest's Gold Standard Oats

Large, plump, extra heavy yielding Oats, and undoubtedly the best and most profitable for this section.

We recommend them strongly to every farmer because we are fully convinced by the many trials we have made throughout the East, that they are desirable for every purpose.

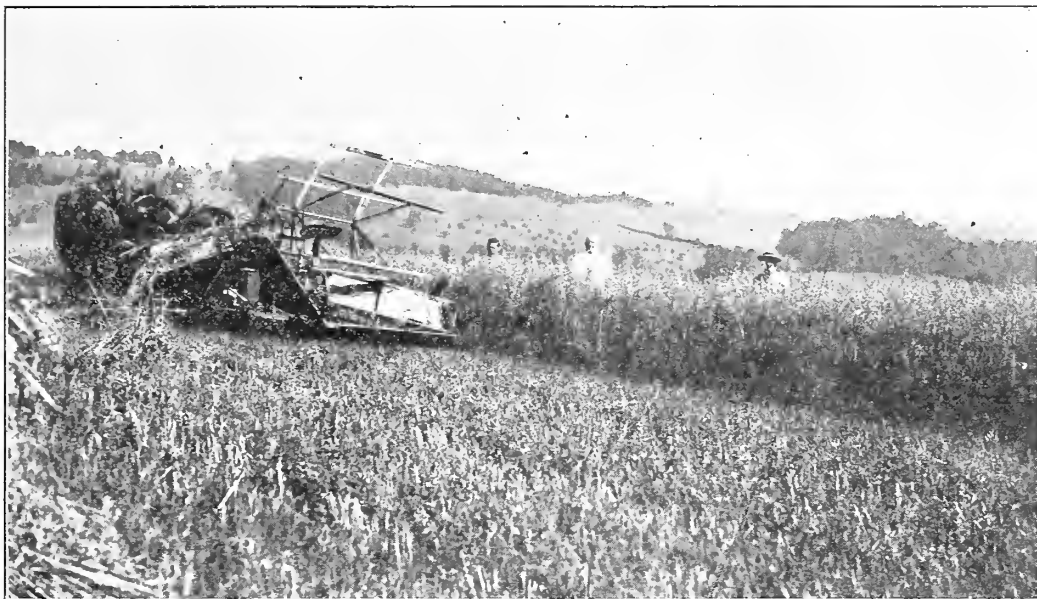
They are one of the best and highest grade white Oats on the market and one of the most profitable to grow anywhere in the East.

In all of our trials Forrest's Gold Standard Oats from the beginning, have shown the same excellent results; our sales have increased thousands of bushels every year and we have had numerous reports of yields of over 75 bushels per acre. The grain is extraordinarily plump and relatively high in feeding value due to the fact that the hull is very thin. This also accounts for its extraordinary heaviness; the grain weighs on an average 45 lbs. to the measured bushel. It produces the finest straw—double the amount you are accustomed to with ordinary Oats. Because of its robust growth and heavy heads, we recommend the sowing of $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels to the acre—much less than the usual sowing to an acre. The lighter sowing will produce fully as large a crop, besides giving

stronger straw with less likelihood of lodging. If you are going to sow Oats, by all means try our Gold Standard. Take our word for it—it will make you smile at harvest time. The best is always the cheapest and a little extra difference in the price of the seed is not worth considering when you are sure of much greater returns from the crop. Gold Standard Oats—Bu. (32 lbs.) \$1.75.

OATS—Continued

A Profitable Crop for This Section



HARVESTING A CROP OF FORREST'S NEW ITHACAN OATS

FORREST'S NEW ITHACAN OATS

The Ithacan Oats were the Prize Winning Variety at Syracuse State Fair, 1928.

The Ithacan is a selection obtained through pure line breeding by the Cornell Agriculture Experiment Station from the variety National. The original selection was made in 1912 and for twelve successive years it has been one of the best yielders of all the varieties and strains tested at Cornell. The head is a panicle, or three oat type. The straw is of medium height and fairly stiff, with spikelets usually two-grained and often three. The kernels are of medium size, white, short, and rather plump. Forrest's New Ithacan is a medium early mid-season variety. It ripens a few days ahead of those varieties of the Swedish select type.

In regional trials conducted by the Department of Plant Breeding in many counties for the past ten years, it has been the most satisfactory of all the white kernelled sorts tested. The department of Plant Breeding very highly recommends this variety to the growers of oats in New York State. Bu. (32 lbs.) \$1.75.

Prize:—We will pay \$100.00 for one bushel of Corn and \$100.00 for one bushel of Oats, grown from any variety of Forrest's Seed Corn or Forrest's Seed Oats, that takes first prize in the exhibit at the Syracuse State Fair in the fall of 1929.

Oats - Barley

OATS

FORREST'S UPRIGHT

Upright is a pure line selection which was made from a field of American Beauty oats in Jefferson County, N. Y. in 1913. Because of its excellent yielding ability, it was distributed by the Cornell Agricultural Experiment Station in 1918. In 1919 it was noted in field trials that it possessed unusual ability to resist lodging.

The variety is slightly later in maturing than Ithacan. It is distinctly suitable for sowing on rich soils where lodging is to be feared and should not be used on soils of low or medium fertility. The Department of Plant Breeding of the college highly recommends the variety where a straw of more than ordinary stiffness is desired. It is somewhat taller than ordinary varieties, is of tree oat type, and the kernel is white in color. For the grower who objects to harvesting lodged oats, Forrest's Upright is a distinctly superior variety, and its merit is becoming more and more appreciated as its use is extended. Bu. (32 lbs.) \$1.75.

BARLEY

FORREST'S FEATHERSTONE NO. 7

A six rowed barley originated by pedigree selection at the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. It was first given yield trials at the Cornell Station in 1913 and proved a much better yielder than the commonly grown six row sorts such as Oderbrucker and Manchuria. In the years since its first introduction it has been a consistently high yielding variety and is regarded at the station as the best yielding six row barley now available to growers.

It is especially recommended for growing as a separate grain crop rather than in oats and barley mixture. In the experience of growers who have used it, it has proved itself a variety of exceptional merit. Bu. (48 lbs.) \$2.40.

FORREST'S NEW ALPHA BARLEY

This is a new variety which originated at the New York State Department of Agriculture, Cornell University, from a cross of the Manchuria, a six row barley, and the Champion of Vermont. It is a two-rowed barley with very long heads and very large, plump, heavy grain of the highest quality. The heads are usually 4 to 5 inches long and well filled. The straw is long, very strong and stands up well. This barley has been a consistent high yielder at the Cornell Experiment Station for the last fourteen years. Forrest's New Alpha matures later than the common six rowed barley and is therefore better for raising with oats, as the two crops mature at the same time. Bu. (48 lbs.) \$2.40.

Wheat - Rye

WHEAT

(Red Kernelled)

FORREST'S FORWARD

Straw tall, stiff, lemon yellow color, chaff white. Good stooler and winter variety. Resistant to loose smut and to Hessian fly. Kernels large, red in color, and usually plump. Heavy yielder but grain shatters rather readily if cutting is delayed until grain fully ripens. Does not sprout readily if cutting is delayed until grain fully ripens. Does not sprout readily in shock. Write for prices.



Marquis Wheat.

WHEAT

(White Kernelled)

FORREST'S HONOR

A selection from Dawson's Golden Chaff. Straw medium tall, stiff, lemon yellow color; chaff bronze. Stools well and winters hardily. Resistant to Hessian fly but very susceptible to loose smut, kernels plump amber white in color. Heavy yielder when smut free seed is used. Shatters rather easily in shock. Write for prices.

FORREST'S JUNIOR NO. 6

[Obtained by mass selection from Gold Coin, straw medium tall, medium stiff, yellow to purple straw color; chaff bronze. Fairly winter hardy. Susceptible to Hessian fly injury and somewhat to loose smut. Kernels plump and white. Yields well and shatters less easily in harvesting than Forward or Honor. Sprouts rather easily in shock.

All the above varieties are apparently susceptible to Bunt and to other common fungous diseases of wheat. From the standpoint of yield Forward ranks first with Honor and Junior No. 6 following in the order named. Write for prices.

FORREST'S MARQUIS, or SPRING WHEAT

60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.50.

RYE—NEW ROSEN

WINTER VARIETY

Write for prices.

SPRING RYE

Price, bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.00.

VETCHES

The "SAND, OR HAIRY VETCHES" (*Vicia Villosa*.) Produce a heavy crop of green fodder for cutting in early Spring, nearly a month ahead of Clover. Sow broadcast at the rate of 90 lbs. per acre with 1 bushel of Rye. Lb. 25c, 10 lbs. and over, 18c per lb.

CANADA FIELD PEAS

Sow 1½ bushels to the acre.

Sown with Oats or Rye it makes a most nourishing green fodder for cattle feeding. Pk. \$1.50, bu. (60 lbs.) \$4.50.

BUCKWHEAT

FORREST'S IMPROVED SILVER HULL. Pk. 60c, bu. \$2.25.

JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT. Prolific, early and of fine quality. Lb. 15c, pk. 60c, bu. \$2.25.

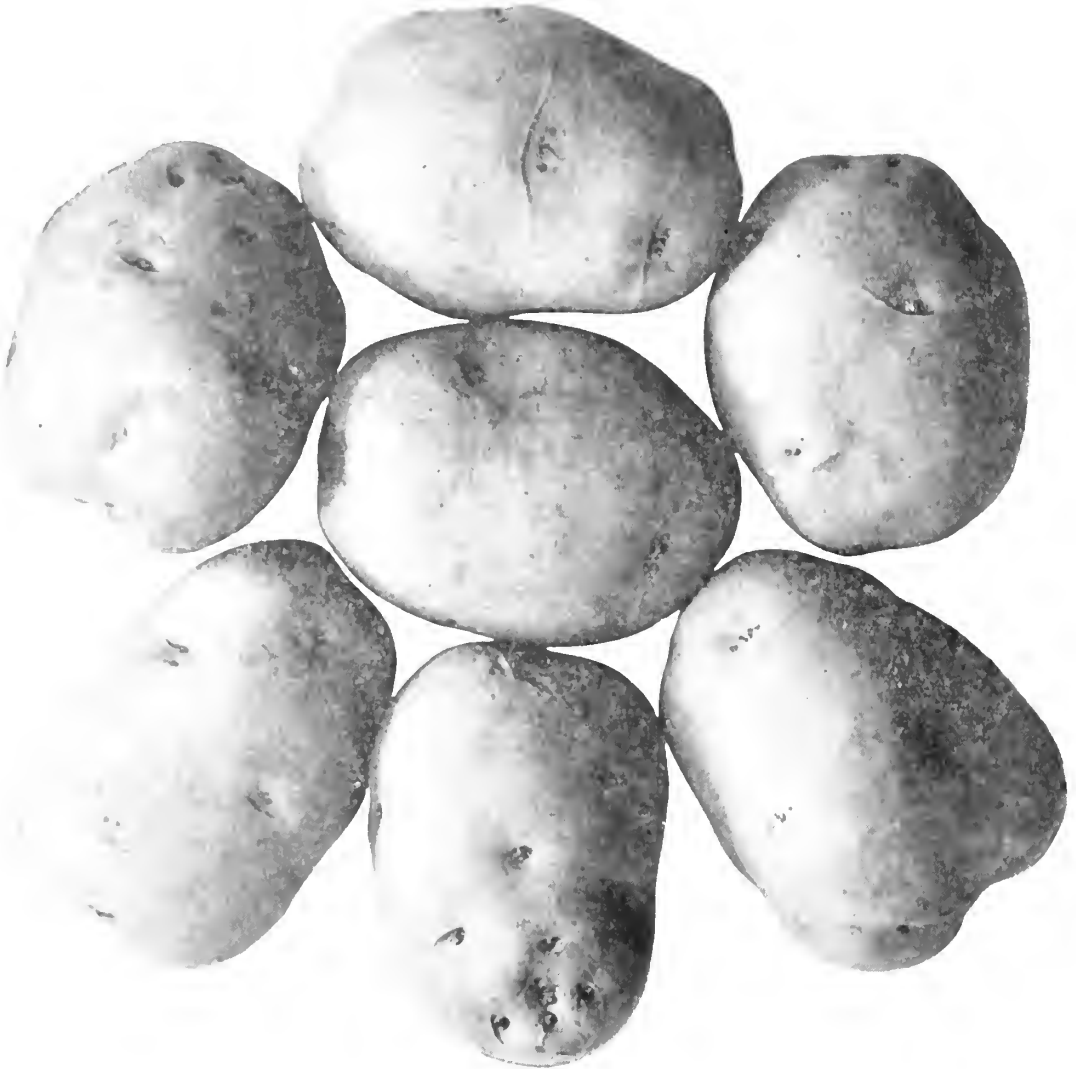
DWARF ESSEX RAPE

The greatest and most fattening food for sheep, cattle and swine. Sow it early and for succession right through the season as late as August, from 4 to 5 lbs. per acre; it can follow any crop and is always good for plowing under. Lb. 20c, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 50 lbs. \$5.00, 100 lbs. \$9.00.

Prices on all field Seeds subject to change without notice. Freight paid to your station on two bushels or more of field seeds. Bags Free.

Seed Potatoes

PURE NORTHERN GROWN



GOLD STANDARD NO. 33

GOLD STANDARD NO. 33 POTATO

The original strain of this potato was brought over from Scotland by Thomas B. Brooks. It is of the Green Mountain family. Because these potatoes are grown at such a high altitude it has never been necessary to spray for the control of blight. This fact was surely borne out by results as no evidence of blight rot was found when the potatoes were dug. Further evidence of this fact also was shown by the large percentage of green vines, Oct. 23, 1928.

Potatoes shipped in 1 bu. sacks.

See opposite page for prices.

POTATOES—Continued

NUMBER 9, OR HEAVYWEIGHT

Nearly round, of uniform size, excellent quality, an ideal late White Potato. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.50.

SIR WALTER RALEIGH

An improved Rural New Yorker No. 2. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.50.

RURAL NEW YORKER NO. 2

Very large, usually smooth, oblong inclining to round Standard Potato. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.50.

CARMON NO. 3

A white variety which sets its tubers very close to top of soil thus giving good yields in clay soil. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.50.

GOLD STANDARD NO. 77

A very fine, mealy white potato of the finest quality. The tubers are round, slightly flattened. Cooks up fine, a wonderful keeper which makes it very desirable for winter storage. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.50.

FORREST'S RUSSET

This variety seems to be as near blight proof as a Potato can be. Their russet skin allows rough handling without damage, and also prevents evaporation so that they are not apt to shrivel as other thin skinned sorts. White and very uniform in size. 15 lbs. \$1.00, 60 lbs. \$3.00.

RURAL RUSSET

An excellent yielder and free from rust. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

GREEN MOUNTAIN

Very popular for main crop, late and very hard. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

NORCROSS

A nice, mealy white potato for late planting. 15 lbs. 75c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

GOLD COIN

A late variety that has excellent keeping qualities. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

STATE OF MAINE

Good for main crop potato. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

DELAWARE

Fine for winter storage. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

GOLD STANDARD NO. 33

Is unsurpassed for its fine keeping qualities, is very mealy large size, tubers are oval with few shallow eyes, smooth skin an ideal potato for main crop. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

IRISH COBBLER

One of the early varieties. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

EARLY EUREKA

White, nearly round in shape, running very even in size. 15 lbs. 85c, 60 lbs. \$2.75.

FARM AND HOME

The vines are strong, rugged and most vigorous in growth. Is an early variety, an abundant yielder, a splendid keeper. The tubers are nearly round, skin smooth, flesh pure white and of superb cooking quality. 15 lbs. \$1.00, 60 lbs. \$3.00.

Miscellaneous Standard varieties which are not certified, but are of excellent quality:

EARLY ROSE—15 lbs. 65c, 60 lbs. \$2.25.

BLISS TRIUMPH—15 lbs. 65c, 60 lbs. \$2.25.

EARLY OHIO—15 lbs. 65c, 60 lbs. \$2.25.

SPAULDING ROSE NO. 4—15 lbs. 65c, 60 lbs. \$2.25.

All sacks of Potatoes and packages of seeds received in good order and to just say they are satisfactory cannot fully express it. I never got such good potato seed before in my 50 odd years. In cutting the three sacks of Farm and Home and Heavyweight and 1-3 sack Green Mountain I have not found one imperfect or rotten potato. I never struck any such good luck as that in any boughten seed before in my life, and I have cut seed from Maine to Montana and points between. Thanking you again for seeds I know will grow.

WM. R. LORD,
Saybrook, Conn.

Prize:—We will pay \$100.00 for one bushel of Corn and \$100.00 for one bushel of Oats, grown from any variety of Forrest's Seed Corn or Forrest's Seed Oats, that takes first prize in the exhibit at the Syracuse State Fair in the fall of 1929.

The Gladiolus

The only gladioli that we handle are those that are recommended by the New York State Department of Agriculture, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York. The following letter and descriptions were written by the Floricultural Department.

Gentlemen:

Of the 2500 to 3000 varieties now listed in trade the following have been selected by Cornell University as likely to meet the needs of gardeners and the florist. The varieties have been tried and proven satisfactory for general needs.

Culture as per manuscript or Agricultural Bulletin, July, 1926.

In recent years the gladiolus has enjoyed an almost unrivalled wave of popularity and justly so. Few flowers are more easily grown and few respond as readily to careful treatment. The range of form, and color, season and height have made the gladiolus suitable to every occasion, garden, landscape, cut flower, bouquets or floral pieces.

PROMINENT VARIETIES

Albania. A splendid pure large flowered white mid-season. 1 bulb, 25c, 12 bulbs, \$2.50, 100 bulbs, \$18.00.

Anthony B. Kundred. A delicate cream pink, large and heavily ruffled. 1 bulb, 40c, 12 bulbs, \$4.50, 100 bulbs, \$35.00.

Captain Boynton. Light mauve, deeply blotched, tall, mid-season. 1 bulb, 40c, 12 bulbs, \$4.50, 100 bulbs, \$35.00.

Elizabeth Tabor. A delicate rose pink with brilliant crimson yellow typed blotches, a beautiful large flowered, tall, early variety. 1 bulb, 25c, 12 bulbs, \$2.50, 100 bulbs, \$18.00.

Fern Kyle. A very large, heavily ruffled, cream white, a strong grower. 1 bulb, 80c, 12 bulbs, \$8.00.

Los Angeles. A delicate salmon pink, a strong grower, rapid reproducer and an excellent florist variety. 1 bulb, 35c, 12 bulbs, \$3.50.

Marshall Foch. A heavy ruffled rose salmon. Florets large, growth stout, medium to tall. 1 bulb, 40c, 12 bulbs, \$4.00.

Ming Toy. One of the outstanding primulinus hybrids, a very fine, large flowered, apricot buff, delicately ruffled. 1 bulb, 35c, 12 bulbs, \$3.50.

Mr. W. H. Phipps. A glowing salmon of outstanding flowering habit. 12 to 15 florets open at one time. One of the best of all varieties. 1 bulb, 75c, 12 bulbs, \$7.50.

Nineteen Ten Rose. Pure rose pink, early, vigorous, an excellent florist variety. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 90c, 100 bulbs, \$6.00.

Pink Wonder. A delicate to medium deep pink, large flowered, attractive, an excellent florist variety. 1 bulb, 20c, 12 bulbs, \$2.00, 100 bulbs, \$12.00.

Superb Mixture. 1 bulb, 7c, 12 bulbs, 75c, 100 bulbs, \$5.50.

Forrest's Gold Standard Mixture. 1 bulb, 9c, 12 bulbs, 85c, 100 bulbs, \$6.50.



Gladiolus

STANDARD GLADIOLUS VARIETIES

Alice Tiplady. Orange, showy, prolific, very popular. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

America. Flesh pink with rose colored blotch, a popular florist variety. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 75c, 100 bulbs, \$5.00.

Anna Eberius. A dark purple very popular and an excellent all round variety. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

GLADIOLUS—Continued

Baron Joseph Hulot. A deep violet blue, bright and attractive. 1 bulb, 15c 12 bulbs, \$1.25, 100 bulbs, \$8.00.

Byron L. Smith. A light mauve, throat delicate cream, a beautiful variety. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$9.00.

Crimson Glow. A scarlet red, large flowered, one of the best. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.35, 100 bulbs, \$9.00.

E. J. Shaylor. Deep pink, early, free flowering and very prolific. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

Evelyn Kirtland. Rose pink, a splendid all round variety. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

Golden Measure. Deep yellow, a tall strong grower, an excellent variety. 1 bulb, 20c, 12 bulbs, \$2.00, 100 bulbs, \$15.00.

Halley. Salmon pink, large, one of the earliest to bloom. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 75c.

Le Marechal Foch. Salmon pink, self colored, large florets, early. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 70c, 100 bulbs, \$4.50.

Maidens Blush. Flesh pink, early. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 75c, 100 bulbs, \$5.00.

Mrs. Dr. Norton. A pink to a silvery white, throat cream, a leading exhibition and commercial variety surpassed by very few in beauty and form as well as popularity. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$9.00.

Mrs. F. C. Peters. A light lavender violet, mid-season, a fine exhibition variety. 1 bulb, 25c, 12 bulbs, \$2.50, 100 bulbs, \$18.00.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton. A large flowered pink variety of long standing popularity. 1 bulb 10c, 12 bulbs \$1.00, 100 bulbs \$6.00.

Mrs. H. E. Bothin. A light geranium pink, delicately ruffled, a tall strong grower. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$9.00.

Peace. A white, blotched tyrian rose, mid-season to late in blooming. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 60c, 100 bulbs, \$4.00.

Prince of Wales. An early flowering salmon to rose pink, very popular. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

Purple Glory. Deep purple to bordeaux, one of the most popular exhibition and florist varieties. 1 bulb, 25c, 12 bulbs, \$2.50, 100 bulbs, \$18.00.

Schwaben. A soft yellow, deeply blotched. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, 75c, 100 bulbs, \$5.00.

Souvenir. A pure golden yellow primulinus variety, vigorous, prolific and popular, excellent for florist work. 1 bulb, 12c, 12 bulbs, \$1.25, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

War. Red, late. 1 bulb, 12c, 12 bulbs, \$1.25, 100 bulbs, \$7.00.

Wilbrink. Light amaranth pink one of the earliest and an excellent florist variety. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$6.00.

SELECTED VARIETIES

Dr. Elkins. A large white with distinctive purple blotch on throat petals. 1 bulb, 50c, 12 bulbs, \$5.00, 100 bulbs, \$40.00.

Dr. Van Vleet. A bright rose pink, throat cream, tall, early flowering variety. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$10.00.

Eugene Lefebre. A rose pink attractively blotched, flowers large, spike tall, and excellent exhibition variety. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$10.00.

Gladdie Boy. Deep pink, throat yellow, early, tall, vigorous prolific. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs \$7.00.

Henry C. Goehl. A large creamy white, flowers brilliantly blotched, an excellent variety for exhibition purposes. 1 bulb, 35c, 12 bulbs, \$3.50, 100 bulbs, \$25.00.

Illuminator. A brilliant carmine, mid-season, tall, strong spikes of attractive florets. 1 bulb 35c, 12 bulbs, \$3.50, 100 bulbs \$25.00.

Kerchoff's Violet. One of the best "blues," a true violet, early to mid-season, tall, free flowering. 1 bulb, \$1.00, 12 bulbs, \$10.00.

Lacinatus. The forerunner of a new Kundred race of gladioli, rose pink in color and a very artistic in form, a coming florist variety. 1 bulb, 80c, 12 bulbs, \$8.00.

Lena Graetz. A very fine white, large flowered, a strong grower. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.25, 100 bulbs, \$8.00.

Marietta. A deep salmon, of high quality, an excellent variety. 1 bulb, 70c, 12 bulbs, \$7.00.

Pearl of California. A delicate pink, tall and of distinct flowering habit, 12 to 20 florets open at one time, an outstanding variety. 1 bulb, \$5.00.

Pfizers Triumph. Clear orange salmon, a very excellent exhibition variety. 1 bulb, \$7.50.

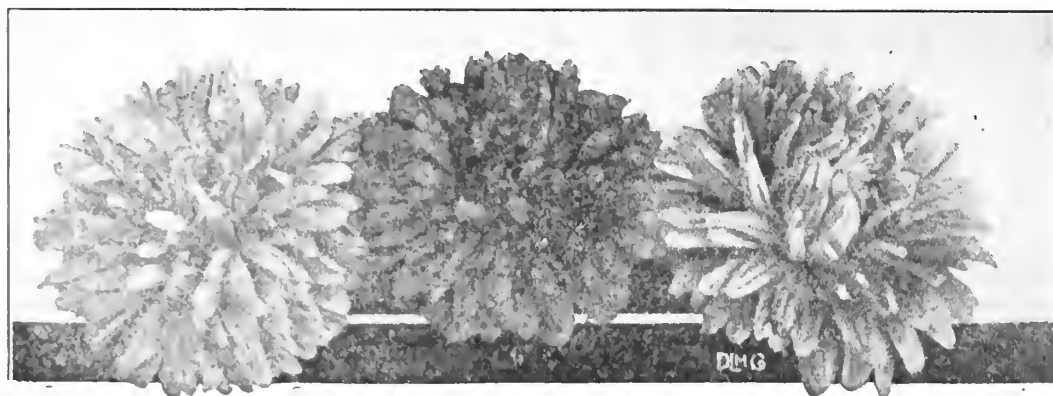
Red Emperor. An old, but very fine, deep rich red, one of the finest of all gladioli. 1 bulb, 10c, 12 bulbs, \$1.00, 100 bulbs, \$6.00.

Sentinel. A large, pure, rose pink, late season, an excellent florist variety. 1 bulb, 20c, 12 bulbs, \$2.00, 100 bulbs, \$12.00.

Theda. Shrimp pink to delicate yellow cream in the throat, an early flowering variety suitable for florist work and for exhibition purposes. 1 bulb, 15c, 12 bulbs, \$1.50, 100 bulbs, \$9.00.

Veilchen Blau. One of the best blue violet gladioli, an excellent exhibition variety. 1 bulb, \$3.50.

Virginia Hale. Soft creamy salmon rose, deeper toward the border of the petals, a very attractive exhibition variety. 1 bulb, 40c, 12 bulbs, \$4.50, 100 bulbs, \$35.00.



Forrest Superb Asters

Grow flowers around your home. A few seeds planted here and there in the spring, will surround your house with an abundance of blooming beauty, from the middle of May until the heavy frosts of late October.

Flowers require little attention on the rich soil of a farm. Your wife will delight in whiling away a few moments each day, out in the fresh air and sunshine, watching the tiny sprouts develop into full-grown plants covered with masses of blossoms. And the youngsters will also be glad to take a hand.

Nothing adds greater cheer and color to a home, inside or out, than flowers. The more you have, the brighter and more attractive will be your home. And when you plant Forrest's Gold Standard Flower Seeds there is added satisfaction in the earlier blossoming, larger flowering and longer blooming of the plants.

Forrest's Flower Seeds come in two classes: Annuals and Perennials. The Annuals designated by an (A) bloom the first year from seed and last but one season. Many of them are biennials and will blossom the second year° others will seed themselves and come up again year after year.

The Perennials designated by a (P) are hardy, bloom from seed the second year and are permanent thereafter.

On every packet of Forrest's Flower Seeds are given full directions for planting and culture.

FORREST'S SUPERB ASTERS

There are few flowers that make a better show in the fall than the Aster. It is the most popular annual flower grown and justly so on account of its ease of culture, season of bloom, and lasting qualities, both in the garden and as a cut flower. Sow the seed in boxes and in the house or hotbed in March or April, then when large enough transplant to other boxes later setting them out when all danger of frosts are over. A good soil using plenty of fertilizer will produce better flowers and also water is very necessary, using it freely in the evening if possible.

FORREST'S LOVELY AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS

The most vigorous type of our modern Asters, with flowers of huge size often 6 to 7 inches in diameter, borne on very long, stiff stems; the plants branch so freely that one plant alone will frequently produce 12 or more flowers; blooming constantly from August until Frost.

1000. Purple. Pkt. 10c.

1001. Lavender. Pkt. 10c.

1002. Pure White. Pkt. 10c.

1003. Rose Pink. Pkt. 10c.

1004. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Collection: 1 pkt. each of above 4 colors, 30c.

1010. Heart of France. Beautiful deep red flowers of large size and perfect formation. Carried on fine long stems. Pkt. 10c.

1020. California Giant Asters. The largest Asters grown. A new race of Mammoth flowering Asters that is entirely new and distinct from all others. The plant grows to an enormous size when given good conditions and they are exceptionally robust, the stem being long, stiff and free from little side flowers. The flowers are of immense size with great long, broad petals, somewhat curled and twisted. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1025. Giant Crego, or Comet Asters. Bloom in mid-summer and are most curiously formed. The long, narrow petals twist around and through each other, forming a ragged, almost a ball-shaped flower of feathery appearance. The flowers are often 5 to 6 inches across, on 2 foot stems, and especially attractive.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1040. Queen of the Market Asters. The earliest of all Asters to bloom and therefore especially valuable for cutting. Florists grow this type largely. The blooms are large, double, on 18-inch stems and are produced very freely.

Finest Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

We will mail any 3 packets of Asters for 25c.

Forrest's Flower Seeds

CAREFULLY GROWN, HIGHLY PERFECTED, THE BEST YOU CAN BUY.

The list of Flower Seeds in this catalogue has been revised and descriptions written by Miss Lua A. Minns of the Department of Floriculture of Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

1055. ADLUMIA (P) (Allegheny Vine)

A graceful climber for covering porches, trellises, old stumps, or fences. Grows from 20-30 feet high; blooms most freely with lovely pink bell-shaped flowers in clusters surrounded with fine delicate feathery foliage. Pkt. 10c.

AGERATUM (A) (Floss Flower)

1057. **Blue Perfection.** A bushy, low-growing plant 10 inches high, with fuzzy blue flowers. Blooms quickly from seed and continuously until frost. It is pretty in beds but mostly used for edging; also good for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

AGROSTEMMA (see Lychnis)

ALYSSUM (A) (Sweet Alyssum)

1062. **Martimum.** The old-fashioned Sweet Alyssum. 1 foot high and besides being showy in the border it is good for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

Who does not know or love it? For beds, large or small, for edging big borders or small beds, the Sweet Alyssum is unequalled. It is always in bloom right up to November when hard frosts kill it.

1063. **Little Gem.** Grows but 6 inches high; very bushy and holds up its flowers well. Pkt. 10c.

Carpet-of-Snow. Only 3 inches high, but very spreading. It hugs the ground and blooms so freely as to completely hide the foliage. A bed of it is a veritable carpet of white. Pkt. 10c.

1064. **Lilac Queen.** 6 inches. Lilac-colored flowers becoming deeper as the season advances. Dwarf, compact. Pkt. 10c.

1066. AMARANTHUS (A)

(Love-Lies-Bleeding)

3 feet. Of rapid growth, with long, hanging, plume-like racemes of a brilliant blood-red color. Especially attractive if planted among shrubs or against a background of foliage. Pkt. 10c.

AMETHYST (see Browallia)

ANTIRRHINUM (A) (Snapdragon)

Although they will often live over winter, Snapdragons should be treated as annuals. Sow the seed in the house, if you can, in March and April and you will have them in bloom so much earlier. They are lovely in beds and wonderfully

effective in vases and are so popular today that florists force large quantities in the greenhouse. In white, yellow, orange, and red of many tones and mixtures.

1068. **Giant Flowering.** 3 feet. A greatly improved strain, all colors mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1070. AQUILEGIA (P) (Columbine)

2 to 4 feet. Our long-spurred new hybrids are far ahead of the old-fashioned kinds. Of course, you know they are hardy and will do well in shady, moist places, but give them rich soil. Their wonderfully colored, nodding flowers, delicately placed on long slender stems are exceedingly pretty either on the plant or in vases. Pink, purple, yellow, red and white mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1072. ARCTOTIS (A) (Giant Lilac Daisy)

2-3 feet. A fine, long-stemmed annual for cutting. The flowers are Daisy-like but the petals are narrower and delicately tinted with lilac. Pkt. 10c.

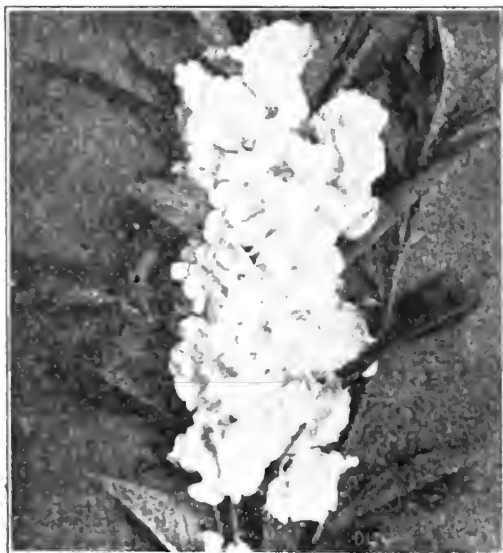


1074. Bachelor Button

BACHELOR BUTTON (see Centaurea)

1076. BALLOON VINE (A) (Cardiospermum Halicacabum)

A quick-growing, climbing vine good for covering fences, stone walls, stumps, etc. Small white flowers and seed pods resembling small balloons. Very effective. Pkt. 10c.



Balsam

BALSAM or LADY SLIPPER (A) (Impatiens balsamina)

1079. 1½ feet. Balsams belong in every old-fashioned garden. They grow quickly, bloom quickly and continuously. Sow them where you want them. They look best in little groups scattered through the border or in solid beds. Pink, red, white, violet, often spotted and blotched.

1080. Camelia Flowered, double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1081. Rose Flowered, double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

BASKET FLOWER (see Centaurea)

1085. BELLIS (P) (English Daisy)

6 inches. Low-growing, profuse-blooming plants for bedding, frequently used together with Pansies. It is best to sow the seed in July or August and cover the young plants with leaves in winter or keep them over in the cold frame and set out in April when they will begin to bloom. But you can also sow them in the spring indoors or when the trees begin to leaf out, and have them in bloom in mid-summer and fall. Do well in shady, moist places. Pink and white. Our English Daisies are very large and extremely double. Pkt. 10c.

1090. BRACHYCOME (A) (Swan River Daisy)

1 foot. Pretty, small, daisy-like, blue flowers on slender stems. Easily grown. Fine for beds and very showy in bowls and small vases. Pkt. 10c.

1092. BROWALLIA (A) (Amethyst)

2 feet. Much branched, symmetrical plants with small green leaves and an abundance of small, blue flowers with white eye that bloom over long period. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

1095. BURNING BUSH (A) (Kochia)

2-3 feet. This is a very interesting plant and most ornamental. It forms perfect, specimen bushes, in appearance much like a Cypress Bush. Grows most rapidly from seed and always keeps its globular form. During summer it is densely covered with light green foliage but in the fall the whole bush becomes as red as fire which has given it the name of "Burning Bush." Grow them singly or in hedges for a background to a low flower border. Pkt. 10c.

CANDYTUFT (A) (Iberis)

1 foot. Grows easily and blooms quickly from seed. Sow where you want them to grow or transplant. These are very hardy and can be sown as early as the ground can be worked, they will then bloom in early summer. Sow later in June and fine flowers can be had in September.

2020. Giant White or Hyacinth Flowered. Large, heavy spikes of snow white flowers. Pkt. 10c.

2021. Finest Mixed. Including white, pink, purple, lilac. Pkt. 10c.

CALENDULA (A) (Pot Marigold)

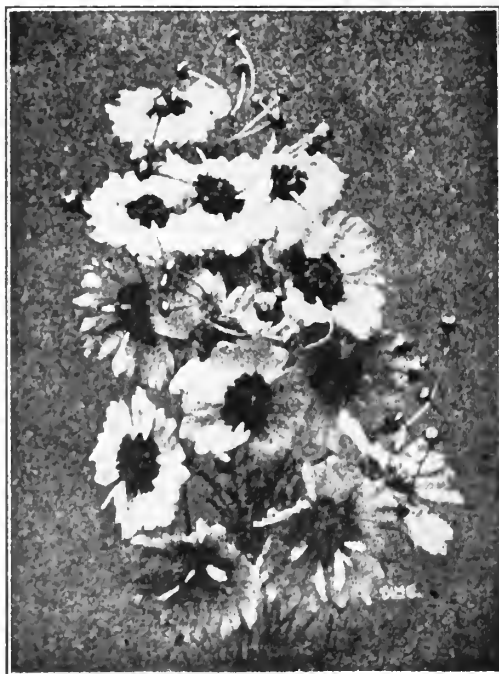
2 feet. Another old-fashioned flower which in its greatly improved form is today one of our most popular summer flowers. Easily grown. Always in bloom and no finer flowers for cutting. Sow them where you want them and if too thick transplant.

2000. Orange King. Large, double, golden orange. Pkt. 10c.

2001. Lemon Queen. Large, double, lemon yellow. Pkt. 10c.

2002. Meteor. Bright yellow, striped orange. Pkt. 10c.

2003. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.



Calliopsis

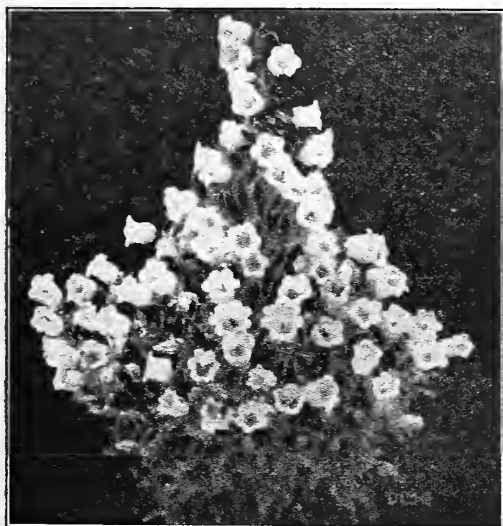
CALLIOPSIS (see Coreopsis)

2017. CANARY NASTURTIUM (A)
(*Tropaeolum peregrinum*)

So-called because its flowers from a distance have an almost perfect resemblance to a canary bird. The vine grows rapidly to about 8 feet high and is always covered with bright yellow flowers set off well by the deep green foliage. Pkt. 10c.

2025. CARDINAL CLIMBER (A)
(*Ipomoea quamoclit hybrida*)

The most beautiful and brilliant annual climber ever sent out. A strong, rapid grower, attaining a height of 30 feet or more, with beautiful fern-like foliage and covered with fiery cardinal-red flowers from mid-summer to frost. The flowers are about 1½ inches in diameter and are borne in clusters of 5-7 blossoms each. Sow in a warm sunny location and good soil. Pkt. 10c.



Canterbury Bells

CANTERBURY BELLS (B)
(*Campanula medium*)

Is there anything more lovely than a large bed of Canterbury Bells in full bloom with its beautiful blue, pink, mauve, and white nodding bell-shaped flowers? Treat yourself; plant a large bed of them; it will give you much delight and will draw admiration from your friends. Sow the seed in May; they will bloom the second year.

2030. Single Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2031. Cup and Saucer Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2035. CARNATION (A) (*Marguerite*)

Nearly as large and just as beautiful as our well-known green-house Carnations. Easily raised from seed; will flower in four months and bloom continuously. In late fall you can pot the plants and enjoy their blooms all winter. Flowers beautifully fringed and clove-scented. These pinks often live over winter when in favorable locations and bloom the next year in June-July. Pkt. 10c.

2040. CASTOR BEAN (A) (*Ricinus communis*)

8-10 feet. While we all know of castor oil, few of us realize what a beautiful foliage plant bears the beans from which the oil is extracted. Its leaves are immense and the whole plant gives a tropical effect. Handsome for a center in large Canna beds, as a single specimen on the lawn, as a screen to hide unsightly objects or in connection with other foliage plants. Plant 3 seeds in a hill like you would corn. Pkt. 10c.

CENTAUREA (A)
(Bachelor Button or Cornflower) (*C. cyanus*)

The lovely blue Bachelor Button is known to us all but it also comes in white, pink, and purple. It is most easily grown. Sow it where you want it to grow; does well in any soil. In Europe it grows wild in the grain fields together with the poppies—the famous poppies of Flanders. Try the combination in your garden.

1074. Double Blue. Pkt. 10c.

1075. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

1077. Basket Flower. (*C. Americana*) A native variety growing 3 feet high and bearing immense thistle-like blooms of a rosy-lavender color. Showy in the mixed border and fine for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

Royal Sweet Sultan. (*C. imperialis*)

2327. Giant Cornflowers, almost thistle-like, exquisitely fringed, delightfully fragrant, and on long stems. One of our finest annuals for cutting; will last fully 10 days in water. The shades of color range from white through the blues, lilacs, purples, and pinks and often have varied centers. Sow outdoors in May where wanted to grow. 1-2 feet. **Finest Mixed.** Pkt. 10c.

2045. CHRYSANTHEMUM (A)

1-2 feet. We may compare them with large Daisies for they look somewhat like them, with large brown and black centers and beautifully colored flowers, many painted with crimson, pink and gold, some pale yellow, others primrose. All handsome and fine for cutting; easily grown from seed. Pkt. 10c.

2050. CLARKIA (A)

2 feet. We consider this one of our choicest annuals. Its flower spikes are similar to a spray of an apple tree in full bloom. Pink, rose, white.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2055. COBAEA SCANDENS (A)
(Climbing Bluebell, Cup and Saucer Vine)

A beautiful vine for covering verandas, pergolas, etc. Lovely green foliage and handsome bluish-purple true bell-shaped, nodding flowers. Grows from 25-30 feet in a season. Plant in rich soil. Sow the seeds in pots in the house for an early start. Pkt. 10c.

CONVOLVULUS (see Morning Glory)

CORNFLOWER (see Centaurea)

COCKSCOMB (A) (Celosia)

2060. *Cristata* (True Cockscomb). 1 foot. Large combs, beautifully formed and richly colored, some of them crimson, others rose colored; even some rich golden yellows are included in our fine mixture. Pkt. 10c.
2061. *Argentea* (Feathered Cockscomb). 2 feet. A fine bedding plant with large feathered or plumed flower heads in crimson, carmine, and yellow. Attractive in beds or border groups. Pkt. 10c.
2065. *Childsii* (Chinese Woolflower.) 2 feet. Branching plant with long stems bearing clusters of brilliant flowers that look like balls of silky wool. Pkt. 10c.

COREOPSIS (A & P)

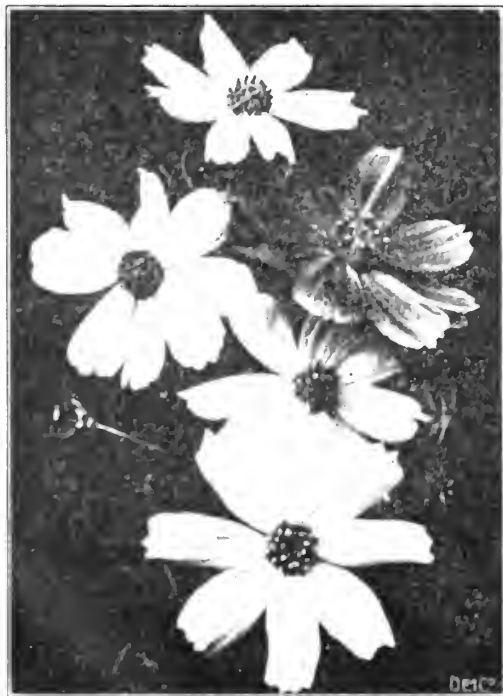
Showy, free-flowering of easy culture doing well in any sunny position, and blooming all summer in yellow and velvety reds. The annual species are often called *Calliopsis*.

2005. *Golden Wave* (A) 12-15 inches. Bushy, golden yellow flowers with black centers. Pkt. 10c.
2007. *Tinctoria* (A) 1-3 feet. Branching freely; bright yellow and maroon. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10c.
2006. *Mixed Colors*. Pkt. 10c.
2010. *Lanceolata* (P) 2 feet. A hardy vigorous variety with golden yellow flowers on long clean stems; good for cutting. Blooms a long time if seed is removed. Pkt. 10c.

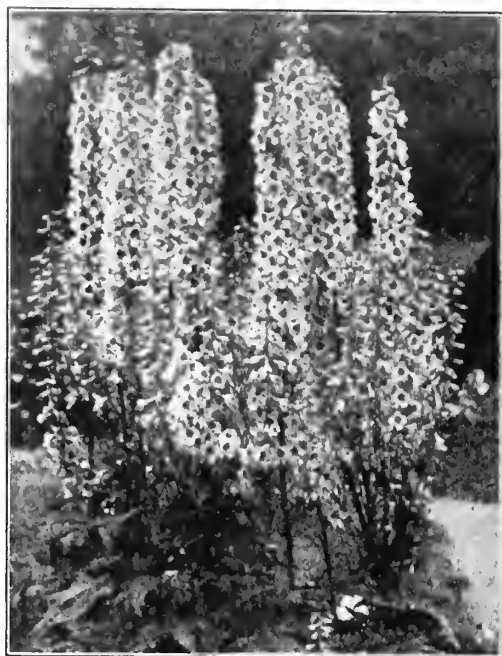
COSMOS (A)

When almost all other flowers have faded, Cosmos are in their glory and bloom until hard frost kills them. Modern Cosmos are much larger and finer colored than the old-fashioned kinds. Plant them for backgrounds to large borders or for screening unsightly places. They are excellent for cutting. White, pink, crimson.

2066. *Giant Early Blooming Cosmos*. 4 feet. Blooms from July until frost. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.



Cosmos



2080. Delphinium

2070. CYPRESS VINE (A) (Quamoclit pinnata)

A pretty and very dainty annual climber of rapid growth with feathery, fern-like foliage and clusters of red, scarlet, and white star-like flowers. Grows from 15-20 feet high in a season. Pkt. 10c.

DAHLIA (A)

4-6 feet. Although Dahlias are commonly grown from tubers, most of our new and expensive sorts have been produced from seed, then the variety maintained from tubers. A Dahlia raised from seed will bloom just as soon as one planted from the tuber and much more profusely. Sow the seed outdoors in May and you will have blooming plants in late summer and be surprised at the fine varieties and quantity of plants you can get from a packet. Roots of the desirable varieties can then be saved for next year's planting.

2075. *Choice Double Mixed Dahlias*. Pkt. 10c.
2076. *Choice Single Mixed Dahlias*. Pkt. 10c.
2077. *Choice Cactus Mixed Dahlias*. Pkt. 10c.

DELPHINIUM (P) (Hardy Larkspur)

6-8 feet. No garden is complete without these lovely blue flowers that rise heavenward on long spikes; most stately and a glorious sight in the hardy border. White and lavender varieties are also to be found almost as beautiful as the blue. As soon as the flowers fade cut them off; this will insure another set of flowers in the fall. They will bloom the first year if seed is sown early indoors but the plants will be larger and the flowers finer in succeeding years.

2080. *Forrest's Gold Medal Delphiniums* in richest mixture. Pkt. 10c.

I order nearly all of my seeds from you and think them very fine.

ARTHUR G. GELO,
South Fairlee, Vt.

DIANTHUS (A) (China Pink)

8-12 inches. The whole family of Pinks are prettily marked, many beautifully fringed, and some of them possess a rich spicy fragrance. The annuals are a riot of color—blood red, crimson, rose, pink, white blotched and striped, stained and spotted in the most artistic manner. They begin to bloom

in July and continue until frost; and often they survive the winter and bloom again even more profusely the second year. Desirable for the garden and for cutting.

2085. Double Mixed China Pinks. Pkt. 10c.

2086. Single Mixed China Pinks. Pkt. 10c.

2087. Japanese Fringed Pinks. Pkt. 10c.

DIGITALIS (B) (Foxglove)

5-6 feet. Grandmother's garden favorites, they belong in every hardy border. Their stately spikes are closely hung with large, thimble-like flowers in white, pink, purple, and rose shades, rising in graceful dignity; very attractive. Although often listed as perennials they do best the second year and usually die after that. June-July.

2090. All Colors Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2095. DIDISCUS (A) (Blue Lace Flower)

12-18 inches. Long-stemmed, lavender-blue flowers, look like blossoms of "Queen's Lace Handkerchief." The culture is not at all difficult, only the seed is somewhat slow in germinating. Pkt. 10c.

2100. DIMORPHOTHECA (A) (African Orange Daisy, Cape-Marigold)

12 inches. Daisy-like blossoms of golden orange color, extremely beautiful and most free flowering. Like the Marigolds they bring a wealth of color to the garden. Pkt. 10c.

DOLICHOS (A) (Hyacinth Bean)

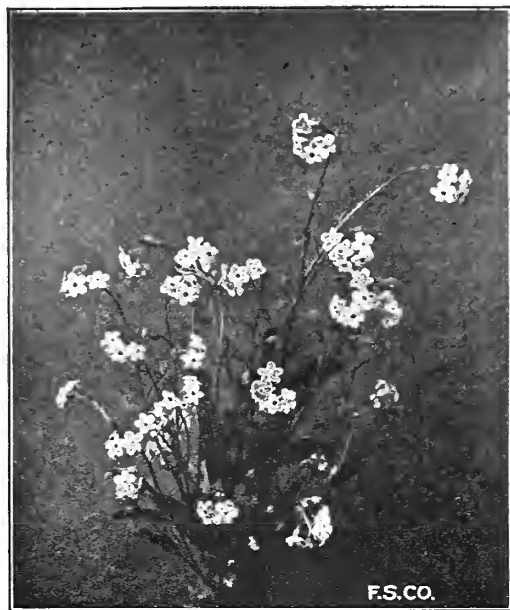
Pretty climbers with bean-like foliage and large clusters of purple and white Wistaria-like flowers, most fragrant, and later followed by clusters of shiny purple and white seed pods which are very attractive. Good for covering low fences, stone walls, etc.

2105. Purple Dolichos. Pkt. 10c.

2106. Daylight. A new variety from Japan. Beautiful snow-white flowers followed by large silvery-white seed pods. Pkt. 10c.



2100. African Orange Daisy



2120. Forget-Me-Not.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (A) (California Poppy)

1 foot. The golden glory of our western coast brought into your own garden. Any one can grow them. Sow them broadcast in beds, scatter them in groups through the border, or wherever you want them to grow and they respond readily and flower quickly. The bright cup or Tulip-like flowers are exquisitely set off by the fine-cut bluish-green foliage.

2110. Golden West. The largest of all; rich golden yellow flowers 4-6 inches across, daintily waved at edges. Pkt. 10c.

2111. Crimson King. Crimson scarlet; very showy. Pkt. 10c.

2112. Finest Mixed. Including every shade known in California Poppies. Pkt. 10c.

EVERLASTING (see Helichrysum)

FOREGT-ME-NOT (B & P) (Myosotis)

2121. Spring Forget-me-not (*M. distiflora*) (B) 6-10 inches. Bushy, little plants with downy leaves and covered with flowers in May and into June. Blue is the favorite color but they also come in pink and white. Excellent for edging or interplanting with late Tulips or other bulbs. Sow seed in mid-summer for next spring flowering. Pkt. 10c.

2120. True Forget-me-not (*M. semperflorens*) (P) A later-blooming, blue-flowered, perennial species which remains in bloom most of the summer. Likes a moist, partly shady place but will also grow in the sun. Pkt. 10c.

2125. FOUR O'CLOCK (A) (Mirabilis Jalapa)

2-3 feet. *Mirabilis* is the botanical name, meaning "Wonderful," because of the brilliant effect this plant produces in the garden. It grows rapidly from seed; forms perfect, ball-shaped bushes 2-3 feet high but almost the same width, which are literally covered with large, fragrant, morning glory-like flowers in brilliant colors of pink, crimson, yellow, white. Curiously enough the flowers open up about four o'clock in the afternoon. Pkt. 10c.



Gaillardia

GAILLARDIA (A & P) (Blanket Flower)

Annual. One of the finest and easiest grown. Blooms from July until frost. Some are single, some semi-double and remind one of a ball of feathers. The flowers are prettily marked and appear mostly in brown, yellow, and bronze.

2130. Single Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2131. Double and Semi-double Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2132. Perennial. (*G. grandiflora*) 2-2½ feet. Larger brighter colored flowers than the annual species, on long stems. They grow in almost any position or soil, even very poor, and need little or no protection. In bloom from June until frost. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

GOURDS (A)

10 feet. Useful and very interesting annual climbers producing fruits of odd and singular shapes, many of them handsomely colored. The fruits can be preserved for ornaments in the house and many useful articles, such as dippers, spoons, etc., can be made out of them.

2135. Hercules' Club. Perfectly straight, thick fruits from 5 to 6 feet long and of creamy white color. A very rapid climber. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c.

2136. Dipper. Large, bowl-shaped, with long, curved, thin neck or handle. Bowl holds from 1 to 2 quarts of liquid, is light and unbreakable. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c.

2137. Japanese Nest Egg. Exactly the size, shape and color of a hen's egg. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c.

2138. Orange Shaped. The well-known Mock Orange. Very ornamental. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c.

2139. Forrest's Extra Fine Mixture of Ornamental Gourds. Calabash pipes, dish rags, bottles, turbans, eggs, siphons, dippers, clubs, in fact every conceivable shape of large and small gourds in existence. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

GYPSOPHILA (A & P). (Baby's Breath)

2145. Annual Gypsophila (*G. elegans*) 1-2 feet. Tiny, white, star-shaped flowers so thickly and daintily arranged on slender stems as to make the whole appear like a misty, white mass. Invaluable for mixing with other flowers to which it gives a most graceful and pleasing effect. Blooms quickly from seed. Make successive plantings. Pkt. 10c.

2147. Perennial Gypsophila (*G. paniculata*) 3-3½ feet. A deep-growing, lime-loving plant with scant bluish foliage, much branched flower clusters and multitudes of tiny white flowers. Fine for the border and for cutting. June-July. Pkt. 10c.

2115. HELICHRYSUM (A) (Strawflower)

3 feet. Erect plants with heavy green foliage and large, double, daisy-like flowers in many bright colors—yellow, orange, red, pink, white. The flowers keep their colors and can be cut (in the bud) and preserved for winter bouquets. Pkt. 10c.

2150. HELIOTROPE (A)

Heliotropes are often grown from cuttings but Heliotrope from seed will not only bloom the first summer but it will bloom more profusely than plants grown from cuttings because the plants are more vigorous. If you start seed in the house in March, you will have flowering plants by summer. Pkt. 10c.

2155. HOLLYHOCK (P) (Althaea rosea)

6-7 feet. Old-time favorites but greatly improved in later years. Hollyhocks are beautiful and no hardy border is complete without them. They must have a place in every old-fashioned garden. We have a very fine strain of double hollyhocks saved from a prize collection—pink, white, rose, red, yellow. Pkt. 10c.



2150. Heliotrope

HOP VINE, JAPANESE (A)
(*Humulus japonicus*)

One of the hardiest annual climbers. Grows rapidly, resists heat and drought and is never attacked by insects. 12-15 feet high.

2165. Variegated Leaved. Especially attractive. Pkt. 10c.

2166. Green-Leaved. Pkt. 10c.

2160. ICE PLANT (A) (*Mesembryanthemum crystallinum*)

A curious, low-growing plant of spreading habit, with thick, fleshy leaves that appear as if covered with crystals of ice, particularly attractive in full sunlight. Grows in poor soil and is very effective in rockeries. Pkt. 10c.

2175. JOB'S TEARS (A) (*Coix lacrymajobi*)

1-2 feet. A pretty, ornamental grass with broad, corn-like leaves and hard, shining, gray seeds of peculiar appearance which can be strung on a linen thread and worn around the neck as a chain. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c.

2170. KUDZU VINE, JAPANESE (P)
(*Pueraria thunbergiana*)

The fastest growing vine we have. You can actually see it grow. It will grow 20-25 feet high the first year from seed and when once established there is practically no limit to its growth. 50 feet in a single season is not unusual. It has large foliage and is splendid for covering pergolas and summer houses. Pkt. 10c.

LACE FLOWER (see *Didiscus*)

LARKSPUR (A) (*Delphinium ajacis*)

2-4 feet. These are wonderfully showy in beds or in the border and furnish fine material for cutting. Their long, slender flower spikes are extremely graceful and the colors bright—blue, purple, pink, carmine. Sow early outdoor in shallow drills for early summer blooming. Sow in late May for September-October blooming. Very hardy.

2180. Tall Branching Larkspur Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2185. LATHYRUS (P) (Everlasting Pea)

Much like Sweet Peas except with heavier vines, only pink and white flowers, and without odor. They bloom, however, much longer and have more flowers in a cluster. Fine for trellises and covering rocks, shrubs, and embankments. Very vigorous and hardy. Pkt. 10c.



2190. Lobelia

2190. LOBELIA (A)

6 inches. Dwarf, bushy plants with pretty deep blue flowers. Once in bloom the bush is simply one mass of rich deep blue all the time until frost. Most attractive for edging beds and in baskets or pots. Pkt. 10c.

2195. LUPINUS (A)

2-3 feet. These should have a place in every garden. They are one of our most admired, border plants and of easiest culture. The foliage is graceful and the flower spikes rise above the solid mass of gray-green foliage which sets them off wonderfully. They are thickly set with pretty pea-shaped flowers in blue, pink and white. Tall Annual Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

LYCHNIS (A & P) (*Agrostemma*)

1059. Rose of Heaven (*L. coelirosa*) (A) 1 foot. Blooms quickly and continuously, bright rose. Pkt. 10c.

1060. Rose Champion (*L. coronaria*) (P) 3 feet. Beautiful crimson flowers on long stems; silvery foliage. A very pretty hardy plant which belongs in every border. Grows with the greatest ease even on poor soil. Pkt. 10c.

Scarlet Lightning (*L. chalcidonica*) (P). 2-4 feet. With bright green foliage and red, flat-topped clusters of scarlet flowers. Very hardy, an old garden favorite. Pkt. 10c.

I had some of your Sweet Peas seed last year and had a very beautiful row of Sweet Peas from early summer until freeze came in the fall.

MISS MILDRED E. ROPER,
Owego, N. Y.



Marigold

MARIGOLD (A) (Tagetes)

Often called the "Glory of the Garden." They deserve the title for when most of the summer flowers have faded and the garden begins to look brown and bare they burst forth and stand out in all their cheerful brilliancy. Old-time favorites.

2200. African Double Orange. 3 feet. Immense deep golden-orange flowers, intensely double. Pkt. 10c.

2201. African Double Mixed. 3 feet. Including all shades of orange, yellow, and lemon. Pkt. 10c.

2202. French Double Marigold. 2 feet. Not as large as the African, with flowers beautifully striped, mostly in brown, gold, orange and yellow shades. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2203. French Single, Legion of Honor. A very pretty dwarf Marigold, only 9 inches high and very bushy. Covered with multitudes of single, golden yellow flowers marked or blotched with velvety brown. Makes a very pretty showing and is especially attractive for edging beds. Pkt. 10c.

2204. Striped Marigold (T. signata pumila) 10 inches. Dwarf, compact, bushy with beautiful fern-like leaves and densely covered from late summer on with small flowers of bright golden yellow, striped orange. A first class border and edging plant. Pkt. 10c.

MIGNONETTE (A) (Reseda odorata)

The good, old-fashioned sweet Mignonette that grandmother used to love. What is there sweeter than a patch of it, with its thick, healthy green foliage and lovely fragrant flower spikes? Plant it in rich soil in a half shady spot, where it gets just the morning sun and see what wonderful results you will have.

2210. Forrest's Leviathan. Heavy thick spikes often 10-12 inches long and very fragrant. Pkt. 10c.

2211. Golden Queen. Thick spikes of good length with a decided tint of golden yellow. Very sweet. Pkt. 10c.

2212. Selected Machet. A compact growing variety. Branches most freely and produces the greatest abundance of short but very thick flower spikes, extremely fragrant. Just right for bowls. Can always be relied upon. Pkt. 10c.

2213. Choice Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2218. MIMOSA (A) (Sensitive Plant)

By all means grow a few of these odd and very curious plants. You will be amused by them and will delight in showing them to your friends for as soon as you touch the leaves, they immediately begin to fold up and remain that way for a few minutes, when you may see them slowly open again. Very easily grown. Pkt. 10c.

MOONFLOWER (A) (Calonyction aculeatum or Ipomoea Bona-nox)

Have you ever caught the sweet fragrance of the Moonvine on the night air? If you have, you cannot resist planting some in your garden. If you haven't a trellis let it climb over an old stump, a stone wall, or up a veranda. Plant in rich soil and the vines will grow from 30-40 feet high in a season and be literally covered with big, fragrant pure white flowers all the time, opening up full on dull days and at sunset, remaining open all night and until about 10 o'clock the next morning. On moonlight nights the Moonflower is a vision of amazing beauty. Start seed early. Pkt. 10c.

MOURNING BRIDE (see Scabiosa)

MYOSOTIS (see Forget-Me-Not)



Mignonette

MORNING GLORIES (A) (Ipomoea)

These good, old-fashioned climbers always bring delight for they smile at us in all their glory when all nature is fairest—in the early morning hours. Great improvements have resulted in flowers of extraordinary size and the colors are most varied and exceedingly brilliant. For shade and beauty you cannot plant a better vine. Give them rich soil for best results.

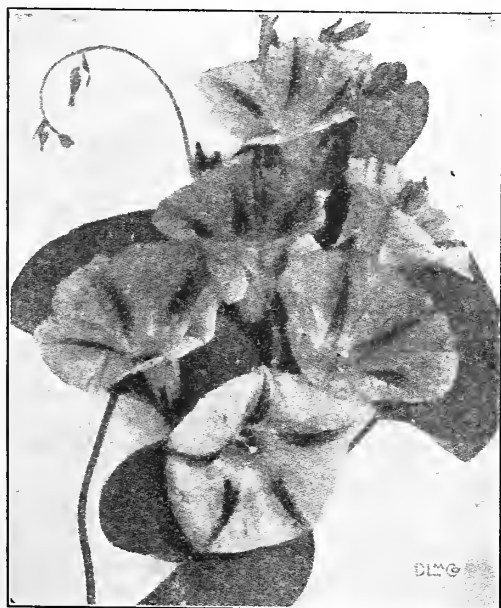
2225. Imperial Japanese Morning Glories. Have the largest flowers and appear in the widest range of colors through all the shades of red to the palest pink, blues, purples, bronze, terra cotta; striped, mottled, blotched; presenting a most amazing color display. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

2226. Brazilian Morning Glory (I. setosa) Where heavy shade is wanted, or for covering quickly any unsightly object we recommend this vine most highly. It grows luxuriantly and its leaves are immense—8-12 inches across, overlapping each other and hiding everything behind them. The flowers are rose colored and are borne in clusters. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

2227. Old-Fashioned Tall Morning Glory (I. purpurea) Too well known to need description. Grows anywhere under all conditions and blooms most freely. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c.

NASTURTIUMS (A) (Tropaeolum)

Plant masses of them for there isn't another flower that gives more for the little care it takes. They grow in the poorest soils. All they want is sunshine and an occasional rain to flourish most abundantly. No matter when you go to your bed or border or trellis of Nasturtiums you can always pick a bunch of flowers, and such colors—red, scarlet, velvety crimson, bronze, orange, buff, lemon, pale yellow, rich golden yellow—they run riot in wonderful splendor. The tall varieties are fine for covering fences, stone walls, rockeries, and are splendid in window boxes or hanging baskets, while the dwarf sorts should be used for beds and borders. They are useful too, as well as ornamental, for the leaves make a delicious salad, while the seeds in a green state are an excellent substitute for capers.



Morning Glories



Nasturtiums

2230. Forrest's Sunbeam Mixture of Giant Flowering Dwarf Nasturtiums. 1 foot high. An unequaled mixture comprising every conceivable color and shade. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

2232. Forrest's Rainbow Mixture of Tall or Climbing Nasturtiums. 4 feet high. The richest assortment, including every known color; flowers of the largest size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

NICOTIANA (A)

The sweet-scented Tobacco develops into fine bushy plants covered with an abundance of large, tube-shaped, pure white or colored flowers of delicious fragrance. Sow a few among your roses. They will be in bloom when the Roses are gone and make an otherwise desolate spot bright and attractive.

2235. Affinis (Common Flowering Tobacco) 2-4 feet. White flowers opening in the evening, very fragrant. Pkt. 10c.

2236. Affinis Hybrids. Pink, purple, crimson. Pkt. 10c.

2237. Sylvestris (Tall Flowering Tobacco) 4-6 feet. Plants of pyramidal growth with large bright green foliage and large clusters of long, tubular, pure white, drooping, fragrant flowers. Very effective in the border. Pkt. 10c.

2238. NIGELLA (A) (Love-in-a-Mist)

1-2 feet. Beautiful, bright blue flowers nestled in a bunch of fine, fern-like leaves right under the flower. Showy in vases. Grows as easily as Cornflower. Pkt. 10c.

2240. OENOTHERA (A) (Evening Primrose)

1-2 feet. Very attractive, bushy plants with large saucer-shaped flowers, white and golden yellow. Open at dusk; emit a delightful perfume. Pkt. 10c.

PANSIES, FORREST'S GIANT (A or P)
(*Viola tricolor*)

Give them a half shady spot and they will bloom all through the season. For early Spring flowers, sow the seeds in July and August and cover the plants over Winter with leaves or salt hay, or winter them over in the coldframe. Pansies are always largest in early Spring when the weather is cool and the soil moist. Spring sowings should be made in early April so the plants can get a good start before the weather gets hot. Our Pansies are unsurpassed for size, form and color range.

2245. Forrest's Sunbeam Mixture of Pansies. A popular priced mixture of all colors. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25.

PETUNIA (A)

A bed of Petunias is a gorgeous sight. Blooms all Summer long until killed by hard frost, a constant feast for the eyes. One of the most satisfactory and effective annuals we know, extremely showy and most satisfactory for every decorative purpose. Handsome in beds, conspicuous and attractive in rockeries, elegant for porch or window boxes, in hanging baskets or as pot plants in the house or conservatory. Plant masses of them, scatter a few seed here and there through the hardy border, around the base of a tree; they will brighten your garden wonderfully.

2250. Striped and Blotched Bedding Petunias. Very free flowering. Highly recommended for bedding, window boxes, vases and hanging baskets, including a great assortment of beautiful colors. Pkt. 10c.

2251. Rosy Morn Petunia. A lovely shade of soft pink. Blooms profusely. Very attractive in beds. Pkt. 15c.

2262. PRIMROSE, ENGLISH YELLOW
(P) (*Primula vulgaris*)

One of our first flowers in Spring. Does well in half shady, moist places and is beautiful when naturalized along embankments of streams and woodland walks. Flowers borne in umbels, canary yellow and quite fragrant. Pkt. 10c.



Pansy



Phlox Drummondii

PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA (A) (Texan Pride)

12-18 inches. You cannot be without a bed of annual Phloxes for there isn't another annual quite so brilliant. They grow quickly from seed and bloom continuously until killed by frost. Like the hardy kind their flowers are borne in clusters or trusses and in such abundance that the foliage, which is rather scant, is almost completely hidden by the flowers. White, pink, rose, crimson, buff, are among the colors and they are also quite fragrant. A bed of Phloxes gives life to the garden and produces a most gorgeous effect. Sow outdoors when the trees begin to leaf out or for early results start in a coldframe or hot bed in March and transplant outdoors in May when the weather is warm.

2255. Large Flowering Finest Mixed. A superb assortment of richest colors. Pkt. 10c.

PORTULACA (A) (Rose Moss)

The hottest spot in your garden suits them best. They grow everywhere, provided they have sun, and bloom continuously until hard frost kills them. Portulacas grow very low and completely carpet the ground. Try them as a ground covering in rose beds or beds of Gladiolus. The effect is charming.

2260. Finest Single Mixed. Pkt. 10c, oz. 75c.

2261. Finest Double Mixed. Perfect double flowers resembling small clusters of roses. Exceedingly beautiful. About 50% of the plants can be expected to be double. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.00.

PYRETHRUM (P)

Roseum hybridum (Colored Daises). Lovely either on the plant or in vases, with dense rosettes of fern-like bright green foliage. Resembling daises, they appear in many delicate shades of pink, red, and white on long clean stems. June.

2266. Choicest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2267. Double White Feverfew. 1-3 feet. Bushy, much-branched, leafy plants with strong scent. Large clusters of small daisy-shaped white flowers. An old favorite, good in the border or for cutting.

2268. Aureum. (Golden Feather) 1 foot. A dwarf variety of the above with golden foliage. Useful for edging around flower beds, giving a very distinctive appearance to large foliage groups or canna beds. Pkt. 10c.

POPPIES (A) (Papaver)

Consider the Poppies—the Poppies of Flanders—praised in song and poetry have become sacred to many of us. Our soldiers tell us of the wonderful Poppy fields of France and Belgium, growing wild, seeding themselves every year and coming up more numerous and more beautiful. A Poppy bed will afford you a great deal of pleasure as you watch them grow and develop in their fantastic loveliness; scarcely two flowers are alike in color. They are a constant surprise and delight and easily grown. Just scatter the seed broadcast where you want them to grow, keep out the weeds, and that is all they require. Sow plenty of them.

2270. Shirley Poppies. Exquisitely dainty in texture and tints, like fairy work, so silky and tissue-like do they appear, bending and trembling with life-like beauty and grace, a perfect shimmer of light and colors. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

2271. The Poppies of Flanders. Like they grow over there. Saved over there; specially imported by us. Bright red. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

2272. Mikado. Double Feathered Japanese fringed Poppies. Brilliant scarlet, handsomely striped, tipped and penciled with white. Pkt. 10c.

2273. Tulip Poppy. Bright scarlet, cup or Tulip-shaped flowers on long stems. Wonderfully effective in large beds. Pkt. 10c.

2274. Miss Sherwood. Large, single, satiny white, with upper half chamois rose. Handsomely fringed at edges. Pkt. 10c.

2275. The Bride. Single, pure white. Pkt. 10c.

2276. White Swan. Immense pure white and beautifully fringed flowers. Pkt. 10c.

2277. Double Peony Flowered Poppies. Very large, tall Poppies in richest mixture. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

2278. Double Carnation Flowered Poppies, Mixed. A very fascinating type. Flowers double, feathered and fringed, striped and penciled in the most dainty colors. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

2279. Single Mixed Poppies. Embracing all kinds. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.



Poppies

POPPIES (P) (Papaver)

2285. Oriental Hybrids. 3 feet. Belong in every hardy border. Flowers of enormous size, often 6 in. in diameter, in the most wonderful colors imaginable, from soft flesh and rose to the most brilliant dazzling scarlet and rich maroon purple. Easily grown from seed. Perfectly hardy. They increase in size and beauty every year. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c, oz. 50c.

2286. Iceland Poppies. 12-18 inches. Thick rosettes of small blue-green leaves from which the flowers rise on slender naked stems. They are about the size of a small Tulip and appear in lovely shades of orange, yellow, primrose, and white. They are very showy in the foreground of hardy borders but especially attractive in rockeries. Perfectly hardy. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c, 1 oz. 50c.

2290. SALPIGLOSSIS (A) (Painted Tongue)

Exquisitely beautiful flowers. Painters could never imitate the wonderful colors with which Nature has painted these flowers. We consider Salpiglossis one of the finest of our annuals and urge its widest cultivation. The flowers are produced in clusters on long stems, and are most beautifully pencilled, veined and stencilled with blue, bronze, yellow, gold, crimson, brown, and violet. They last well in water and bloom most profusely all through Summer until frost. Large Flowering Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2292. SANVITALIA (A)

6-8 inches. Of compact spreading growth, useful in masses in beds or edges of borders, in vases or baskets. Showy, bright yellow flowers, single or double, like tiny Sunflowers; in bloom all summer. One of the best low annuals. Pkt. 10c.



Salvia

SALVIA (A) (Sage)

2295. Splendens (Scarlet Sage) 2-3 feet. It is known to us all and its value as a bedding plant is undisputed. It fills the garden with its intense scarlet color until everything else is gone. Long stretches of Salvia along drives, grouped around foliage borders or big beds of Salvia alone are especially attractive. Very bushy. Sow seeds in the house in March and April and transplant outdoors in May, setting the plants 1 foot or more apart. Pkt. 10c.

2296. Patens (Gentian Sage) 2 feet. A small loose growing plant with downy leaves and large intensely blue flowers loosely arranged on slender stems. Useful in the border or greenhouse. Pkt. 10c.

2297. Farinacea (Mealycup Sage) 3-4 feet. Taller growing, with smooth leaves and long, slender, wand-like clusters of purplish-blue flowers appearing in late summer and fall. Excellent for the border or for cutting. Start seed early. While this is a perennial in some parts, it is best treated as an annual. Pkt. 10c.

SCABIOSA (A) (Mourning Bride or Pin-cushion Flower)

2-3 feet. Beautiful, long stemmed and large flowering. Sweet Scabions are very graceful and effective in vases and keep in excellent condition for more than a week. They appear in many exquisite shades of color, some nearly black, others pink, blue, yellow and white. They bloom uninterruptedly from June until frost.

2300. Tall Sweet Scabious Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2301. Dwarf Sweet Scabious Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2305. SCARLET RUNNER BEAN (A) (Phaseolus coccineus)

A rapid-growing annual climber bearing sprays of brilliant scarlet pea shaped blossoms. It grows about ten feet high, making a quick dense shade that is very useful for ornamenting porches, trellises, etc. The seed may be planted outdoors as soon as danger of frost is over. May also be used as a snap or shell bean for eating. Pkt. 10c, ¼ lb. 15c, ½ lb. 25c.

2310. SCHIZANTHUS (A) (Poor Man's Orchid)

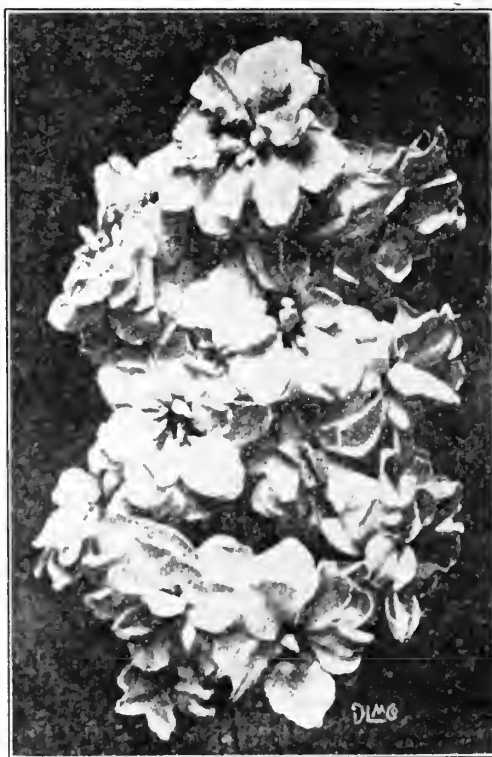
And it certainly resembles that wonderful and much admired flower not only in shape but also in the rich colors and color combinations. Many of them are blotched like the wings of butterflies. The plants branch freely and the branches are profusely covered with flowers. Wonderful in vases. Pkt. 10c.

STOCKS (A) (Mathiola incana)

Old-fashioned gardens abound with these beautiful fragrant annuals. The Stocks of today have been greatly developed from grandmother's quaint old Gilliflowers. The newer varieties are more densely double and have longer and heavier flower trusses. Sow Stocks early in March in pots and plant outdoors in rich soil the latter part of May. Allow 1 foot of space between each plant so that they may attain full and proper development.

2315. Forrest's Double Perfection Ten Weeks' Stocks. Finest Mixed. Giant spikes nearly 2 feet in length and densely double. Pkt. 10c.

2316. Forrest's Double Cut-and-Come-Again Stocks. Very long spikes more loosely set with double flowers. Very graceful in vases and have refreshing fragrance. Pkt. 10c.



Stocks

SWEET SULTAN (see Centaurea)

SUNFLOWERS (A) (Helianthus)

2320. **Giant Russian.** 7-8 feet. The real old-fashioned kind with immense golden yellow heads that turn with the sun. Oz. 10c, lb. 25c.
2321. **Double Chrysanthemum Flowered.** 6 feet. Huge double fringed golden yellow flowers resembling Chrysanthemums. The most handsome of all Sunflowers. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.
2322. **Cucumerifolius Stella.** 3 feet. Single Daisy-like or miniature Sunflowers, golden yellow with brown centers, on long, slender stems. A cut flower of first rank. Plant in hills like Corn. 3 to 4 seeds to a hill, 3 feet apart. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.
2323. **New Annual Red Sunflower.** 6 feet. Brown center with broad bands of red varying from deep chestnut red to the lighter shades of red and pink. Very attractive. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c.

SWEET WILLIAM (P) (Dianthus barbatus)

These quaint old favorites are found in nearly every garden but the newer varieties are better than where they are left to self sow. They are short-lived plants, best treated as biennials, hence make fresh sowings often. They bloom profusely in June and July in brilliant pinks, reds, and white; slightly sweet scented. Our strains are noted for the large size of their flowers and wonderful color range.

2330. **Giant Flowering Single Mixed.** Pkt. 10c.
2331. **Giant Flowering Double Mixed.** Pkt. 10c.

SWEET PEAS

2368. Campfire.

SWEET PEAS (A) (Lathyrus odoratus)

Sow Sweet Peas early, just as soon as the frost is out of the ground and don't forget to dig lots of manure into the soil for they are great feeders. As soon as the little tendrils form give them support and occasionally apply a stimulant in the form of a liquid fertilizer. Keep the flowers picked and don't allow seed pods to form and you will be surprised with the continued bloom practically all through the season.

GIANT SPENCER SWEET PEAS

The wonderful developments brought about in Sweet Peas has made this popular flower more beautiful than ever and it is today the most cherished flower of any. It can be grown with the greatest ease and the seed is so inexpensive that anyone with ground to grow it can afford to have it.

The new type of Giant Spencer or Orchid Flowered Sweet Peas has entirely replaced the once popular standard varieties. Spencers carry from 3 to 4 large beautifully waved and fluted flowers on a stem; the vines grow vigorously and the stems are often 12 to 15 inches long. The flowers are seldom less than 2 inches across. As in every great development growers have rivalled with each other in the production of new varieties and their list is a long one. So many are alike that it is confusing for an amateur to make a proper selection. To make it easy for you to pick the best, we offer only the distinct colors, each representing what we consider the very finest of its particular color.

FORREST'S GIANT WAVED SPENCER SWEET PEAS IN SEPARATE COLORS

2350. **White Spencer.** The largest and best white. Beautifully frilled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2351. **Frilled Pink Spencer.** A clear pink of extraordinary size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2352. **Lavender Orchid.** A charming soft lavender of wonderful size, always four on a stem. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2353. **Royal Purple.** A rich, rosy purple, waved and fluted. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2354. **Giant Red Spencer.** Deep rich carmine-scarlet flowers of immense size and finest waved form. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2355. **Primrose Spencer.** Clear primrose. Beautifully waved. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2356. **Orange Orchid.** Intense flaming orange. Shows up wonderfully under electric light. Very large and frilled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.
2357. **The Collection of 7.** 1 of each color, 50c.

LATEST INTRODUCTIONS AND OUTSTANDING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

2365. Mary Pickford. This beautiful variety received an Award of Merit at the British National Sweet Pea Society's annual trials in 1924. Mary Pickford is one of the choicest varieties and wherever grown the past season has afforded a lot of pleasure to the planter. The vines are of strong growth and produce abundantly long stemmed sprays with four exquisitely colored and waved flowers. This is a beautiful dainty cream pink very lightly suffused with salmon and the effect is most charming whether in a bunch or a single spray. The flowers are perfectly formed and both standard and wings are waved and all the flowers are gracefully placed. Pkt. 15c, oz. \$1.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.50.

2366. Blue Bird. A real blue. Pkt. 10c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

2367. Miss California. Received Award of Merit, British National Sweet Pea Society, 1924. The color is a distinct shade of salmon pink and the effect is extremely beautiful whether under natural or artificial light. The vines are of vigorous growth and bear profusely many four-flowered sprays of exquisitely waved or fluted form. The stems are long and stout. In the garden, Miss California is most attractive as the handsome flowers stand out from the heavy foliage which forms a most effective background. Pkt. 10c, oz. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.

2368. Campfire. This is the brightest pure flame scarlet ever offered. It is the last word in vivid color and easily leads its class. The blossoms will stand the hottest sunshine; in fact, the brighter the sun, the better the color. It bears profusely and is recommended for both garden decoration and cut flower use. At the great Flower Show Exhibition, Campfire was displayed in a conspicuous arrangement and was greatly admired by the thousands of visitors. Pkt. 10c, oz. 65c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.

2369. Carmelita and 2370. Del Monte. Both of these are Novelties for 1928. See page 3

2390. Forrest's Sunbeam Mixture of Giant Spencer Sweet Peas. Prepared by us from a carefully studied formula containing a beautiful blend of seventy-five varieties and every color known to Sweet Peas. It includes all of the best standard varieties and latest novelties such as Mrs. Tom Jones, Picture, Royal Scott, Spitfire, etc. A row of our Giant Spencer Sweet Peas in your garden will give you pleasure for many months. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$2.25.

2395. Forrest's Gorgeous Rainbow Mixture of Large Flowering Grandiflora Sweet Peas. The richest and most carefully proportioned mixture ever offered. It will

surely please you. Every known color is included in equal proportions. We have also included some new varieties, some of them handsomely frilled and fringed. Gay and fragrant Sweet Peas are among our finest and most popular flowers for cutting. They are "everybody's" flowers and are easily grown and bloom most abundantly. Sow the seed just as soon as the frost is out of the ground to give them a good root growth before warm weather sets in. Make the soil rich and keep it moist and you will always have good Sweet Peas. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

2400. VALERIANA (P) (Garden Heliotrope, Common Valerian)

3-5 feet. You will love the delicate heliotrope fragrance and the large umbels of pale pink and white flowers on tall stems. They belong in every hardy border but especially in old-fashioned gardens. Perfectly hardy. Pkt. 10c.



2405. Forrest's Mammoth Verbenas.

2405. VERBENAS, FORREST'S MAMMOTH (A)

Hybrida (Common Verbena) Very brilliant and constantly in bloom. Verbenas are one of the most satisfactory flowering plants for bedding. In a remarkably short time the ground is completely hidden by a dense carpet of green foliage, forming a most effective background for their brilliantly colored flowers. Our Mammoth strain is the best and largest flowering in existence and includes all the colors. Pkt. 10c.

Venosa (Tuber Verbena). A perennial of warmer climates having tuberous roots which may be lifted and stored in the cellar as Dahlias but which is best treated as an annual growing from seed each year. The flowers are lovely purple and come in September-October. Start the seed early as they need a long season. Pkt. 10c.

2410. VINCA (A) (Periwinkle)

Try this plant for a border around a bed of Geranium or Salvia or for a bed of any kind of flowers and we are sure you will repeat it next year. It is a beautiful, bushy little plant, grows about 12 inches high, with glossy bright green leaves, always shiny, bright and clean, with quaint and very attractive pink, white and white with pink-eyed flowers. Start the seed early in the house or hotbed and they will bloom continuously from June till frost.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus cheiri)

Resembles Stocks in growth and deserves to be better known in our country. They are very beautiful, appearing in the richest shades of brown, yellow, bronze, purple, terra cotta, and blood red. The annual sorts bloom from June till frost, the hardy sorts not until the second year.

2425. Annual Wallflower. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

2426. Perennial Wallflower. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

ZINNIA (A)

Flowers from 6 to 7 inches across, double to the very center; you will never be contented again with the regular Zinnias after you have once grown our Improved Giant Zinnias. The colors are handsome, all the dull and ugly magenta shades having been weeded out—golden, orange, crimson, pink, white, flesh, terra cotta, scarlet, and purple abound in

our fine mixture. Sow the seed in the open when trees begin to leaf out and transplant to 1 foot apart.

2420. Forrest's Giant Flowering Tall Double Mixed. 3 feet. Pkt. 10c.


2421. Selected Dwarf Zinnias, Double Mixed. 18 inches. Pkt. 10c.




Forrest's Giant Double Zinnias

2431. FORREST'S SURPRISE MIXTURE OF ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS FOR WILD GARDENS

Will give you new surprises every day. Over five hundred different kinds are included in this mixture. You will derive a great deal of pleasure from a big bed or border of our Mixed Annuals. Sow them broadcast in meadows, on embankments, on the edges of woodlands where they can flourish undisturbed, seed again and perpetuate themselves from year to year. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.25.




KNOW WHAT YOU SOW




Poor Seed


For
Whatever
a Man
Soweth




That
Shall he Also
Reap



Good Seed

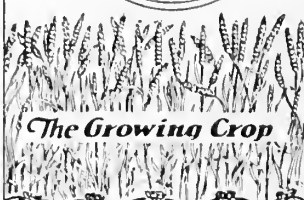


The Growing Crop




The Harvest

Worth per Acre	\$25.00
Cost " "	\$18.00
Profit " "	\$ 7.00



The Growing Crop



The Harvest

Worth per Acre	\$37.00
Cost " "	\$20.00
Profit " "	\$17.00

Good Seed Pays

*In Dollars and Cents ~ In Freedom from Weeds
In Fine Appearance of Crops - In the Joy of Better Farming*

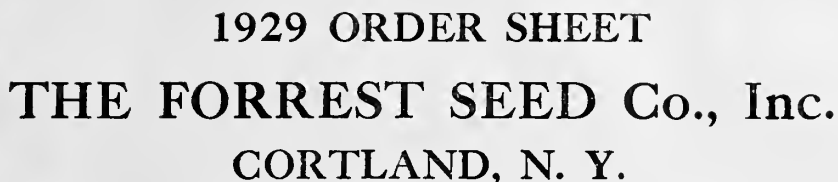
Ontario Department of Agriculture
Hon John S MARTIN, Minister



THE RESULTS OBTAINED BY THE

Gold Standard Farmer

Are Shown in the Right Hand Column Above.



Please forward the following by { State on this line whether wanted } by Mail, Express, or Freight }		AMOUNT ENCLOSED
Name _____	Date _____	P. O. Order ... \$ _____
(Mr., Mrs., or Miss: Write name and address very plainly.)		
Street & No. _____	P. O. Box No. _____	Express Order .. \$ _____
Post Office _____	R. F. D. No. _____ R. F. D. Box No. _____	Draft \$ _____
County _____	State _____	\$ _____
Express or Freight Office { If different } _____	Is there an agent ? { Yes or No } _____	Total \$ _____
Do you grow for market or home use ? _____		
If to be sent by Parcel Post be sure to include Postage on goods not quoted postpaid. For Parcel Post Charges see catalog. Page 2.		Filled by _____
		Checked by _____
		Shipped via _____
		Date _____

How to Send Remittance

The safest form of remittance is by Draft, Cashier's Check, Post Office or Express Money Order. Send Cash only by registered mail

Read the comment by the New York State College of Agriculture on page 2 in regard to the non-warranty clause.

[illegible]

IF WE ARE OUT OF ANY OF THE VARIETIES ORDERED, MAY WE SUBSTITUTE OTHERS EQUALLY GOOD? ANS.....
OR SHALL WE RETURN THE MONEY SENT FOR THEM?
(OVER)

[illegible]

Here is the Proof that You Will Profit From the Use of **FORREST'S GOLD STANDARD SEEDS**

HOW FORREST'S CORN INCREASES MILK

Last season I planted two acres using Forrest Sweet Field Corn. The results were most gratifying. I sowed \$60.00 worth of green corn. The fodder from this corn is a great milk producer. When I discontinued feeding the corn to my cows, they fell off about a can of milk per day. Every farmer should sow at least a couple of acres of Forrest Sweet Field Corn.

L. J. FANNING,
Dryden, N. Y.

BEST CELERY ON THE MARKET

The growers in this section plant Forrest Special Golden Plume Celery almost entirely. My personal inspection and examination of this strain as it is grown around here convinces me that it is about the best on the market. I grow from 30 to 50 acres of celery every year and ship from 75 to 160 cars. Enclosed please find check for \$70.00 for which please send me two pounds of Forrest Special Golden Plume Celery Seed.

C. S. LEE,
Oviedo, Florida.

FORREST'S CARROTS WIN

Replying to your inquiry concerning the results obtained with the two samples of Forrest Chantenay Carrot Seed which you mailed us. No exact figures are available of the yield obtained from these two varieties, and as far as we could observe there was little difference. However it was apparent that your two strains were superior to two other lots planted.

OTOE FOOD PRODUCTS CO.,
Hamburg, Iowa.

SATISFIED WITH ALFALFA

Just a line to let you know that we have been well satisfied with the results obtained from the use of Forrest No. 96 Alfalfa.

MR. L. E. SHELDON,
Freeville, N. Y.

BEST IN 25 YEARS

Your seeds are the best I ever bought and I have been buying seeds for twenty-five years.

G. S. TUTTLE,
W. Winfield, N. Y.

FROM PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE

The sample of Gold Standard Danish Roundhead Cabbage Seed which you sent us a year and a half ago was planted in the trials of a year ago. This strain matured evenly with a good degree of uniformity. The heads were of medium size.

PA. STATE COLLEGE,
State College, Pa.

A TEST THAT TALKS READ IT

In answer to yours of recent date in regard to the two samples of Cauliflower seed you sent me would say that I planted them on May 5th along side of seed from ----- and ----- I set about 55,000 plants of the three strains on June 24th. From ----- and ----- I have only cut from 6% to 7% to date. From your Gold Standard strain I have cut 65% and from your Special strain about 55% so both strains beat ----- and ----- badly in earliness and uniformity and the quality of yours is somewhat better.

H. W. TAYLOR,
Waterford, Pa.

READ THIS ONE AND THINK

This is the fourth year I have used your seeds. They are simply **splendid**. Spinach planted April 10th was on the table three days ago, May 16th, necessitating thorough thinning out process. Carrots sown on April 11th came through luxuriantly April 27th. Beets—in a couple of weeks we will have "taps" through thinning. Beans—two kinds—sown 21st of April, 98-99% germination—now several inches above ground, all with beautifully expanded leaves. "Oh boy" Who has such beans around here today?

G. D. H. MITCHELL,
Montclair, N. J.

MUCH PLEASED WITH RESULTS

I received the order of two bags of grass seed which you mailed us on May 21 and am very much pleased with the results.

WILL SIMEK,
Gloversville, N. Y.

FROM A GOOD CUSTOMER

I order nearly all my seeds from you and think them very fine.

ARTHUR G. GELO,
South Fairlee, Vt.

100% WINNER OVER ALL OTHERS

I wish to say that the Cortland Tomato that we got of you in the last two years is a wonder. We had about $\frac{1}{2}$ acre of them last year and picked 185 bushels, about 15 bushels went to waste in the field because of too much rain. They paid very well, had 50 bushels sold before they got below \$5.00 per bushel. We picked the first on the 4th of July. On Labor Day we still picked a few bushel out of them. Had three other varieties aside from these, but none of them paid half as well as the Cortland. Everyone that saw them in the field thought they were sure wonderful, more tomatoes than leaves, and smooth and early.

J. REMLE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

12 FOOT CORN ON UNFERTILIZED LAND

I wish to state that I planted 10 acres of your Gold Standard Corn Ensilage Corn which yielded fine. The ears were large and developed good. Some of the ears matured. The stalks stood up from 10 to 12 feet on land that had not been manured, but I used phosphate. I certainly am going to plant the same kind of Corn this coming year.

M. Z. HAGGERTY,
Otego, N. Y.

VERY SATISFACTORY

Enclosed please find check for \$37.00 for which please send me the following seeds. Crops grown from Forrest Seeds have been very satisfactory. Your Gold Standard Cabbage does particularly well in this locality.

MILES CHRISTIAN,
So. New Berlin, N. Y.

MANY YEARS WITHOUT A FAILURE

Have used your special brand of Clover Seed for many years and it has given us the best of satisfaction. Have yet to experience the first failure from the use of your variety of Clover. We understand that this variety of clover was the only kind of clover that withstood the severe open winter of 1927, in Central New York.

MOUSER & STEIN,
Homer, N. Y.



ESTABLISHED IN 1898

REFERENCES

YOUR OWN BANK

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CORTLAND

SECOND NATIONAL BANK & TRUST CO.
CORTLAND

BRADSTREET'S COMMERCIAL AGENCY

DUNN'S COMMERCIAL AGENCY

OR ANY OF OUR
THOUSANDS OF SATISFIED
CUSTOMERS